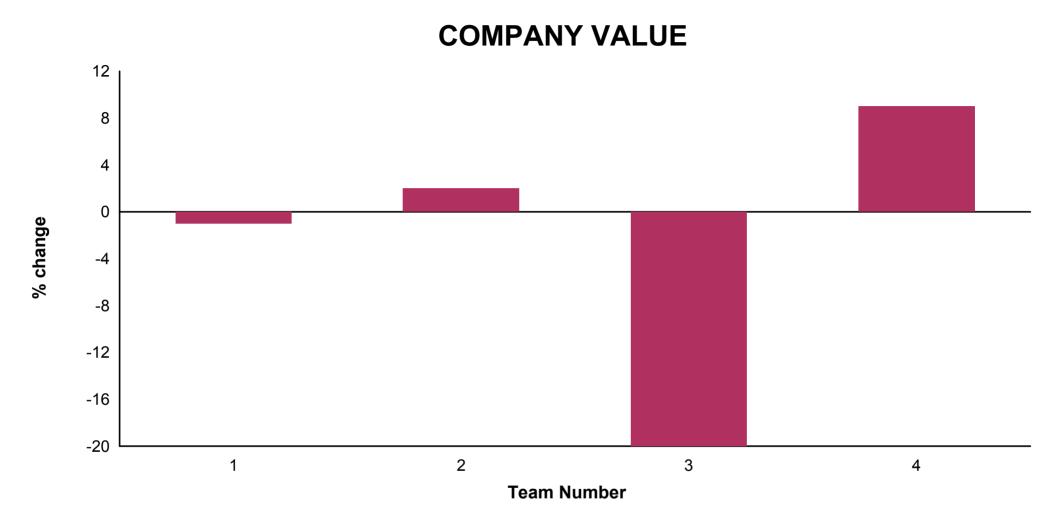


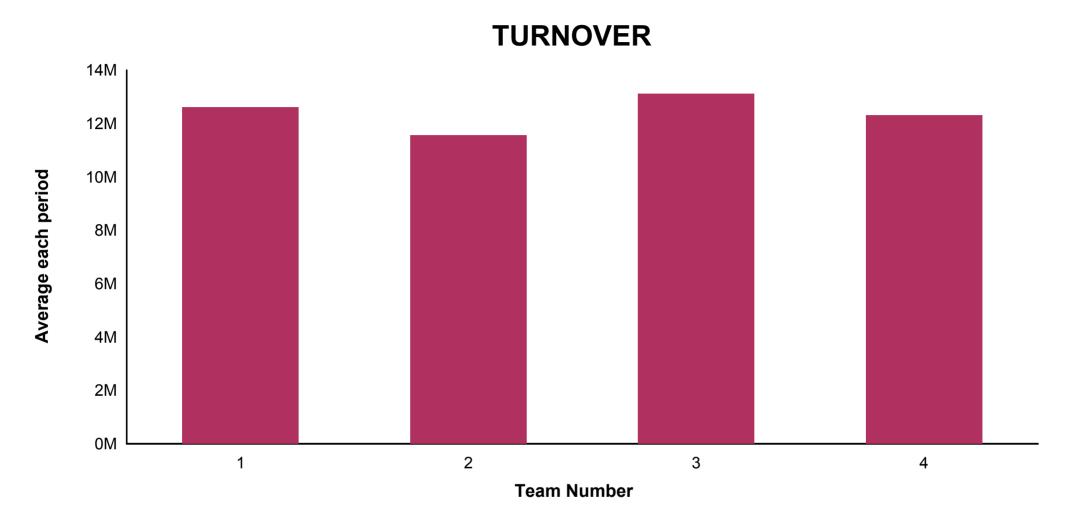
University of Limerick DG1 Competition 2022

COMPARATIVE ASSESSMENT OF TEAMS REPORT

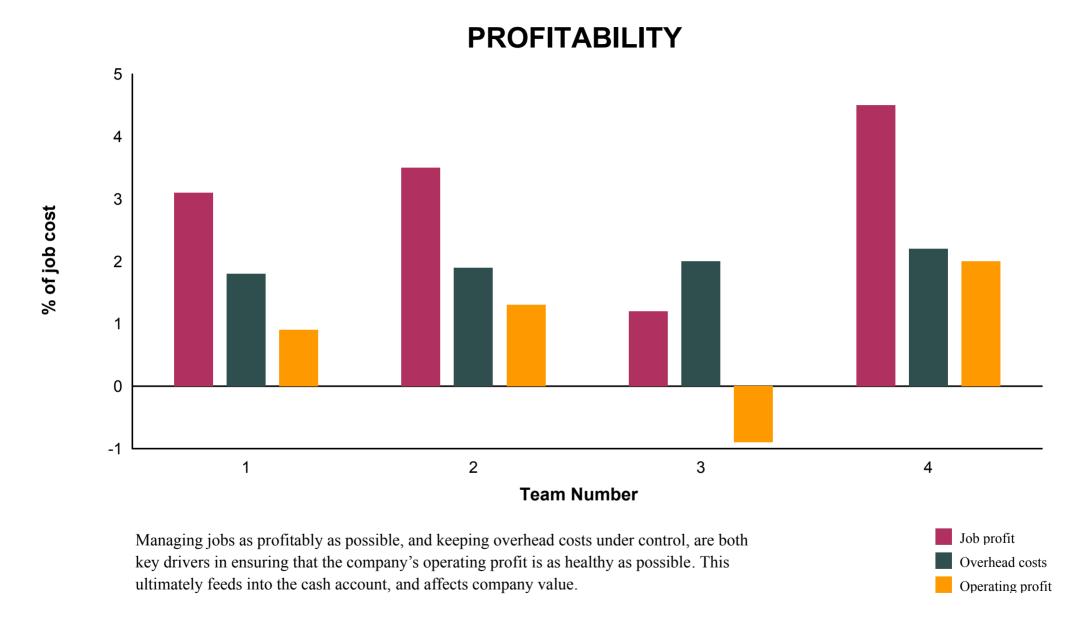
		FINAN	NCE	OVERHEADS						PROCUREMENT				JOB PROGRESSION			THE FUTURE	
	No. of periods	% chg in	% chg in	%	Marketing Department % Market Share (By Sector)				No. Jobs	No.	No. % Bid		Profitability (% of Job Costs)					
	in	Comp	Share	Market					Bid	Jobs	Jobs	Sucess	Job	O/Head	Oper	F/wd	F/wd	
No. Name	charge	Value	Price	Share	IND	B&C	TRA	ENE	W&S	For	Won	Lost	Rate	Profit	Costs	Profit	W/load	Margin
1 TEAM 1	4	-1	3	20	1	54	31	13	2	20	11	9	55	3.1	1.8	0.9	31.1m	3.5%
2 TEAM 2	4	2	9	23	7	50	20	6	17	21	8	13	38	3.5	1.9	1.3	25.9m	3.5%
3 TEAM 3	4	-20	-43	25	11	42	23	15	10	24	11	13	46	1.2	2.0	-0.9	26.0m	2.7%
4 TEAM 4	4	9	43	17	1	55	31	11	2	25	10	15	40	4.5	2.2	2.0	27.2m	3.6%

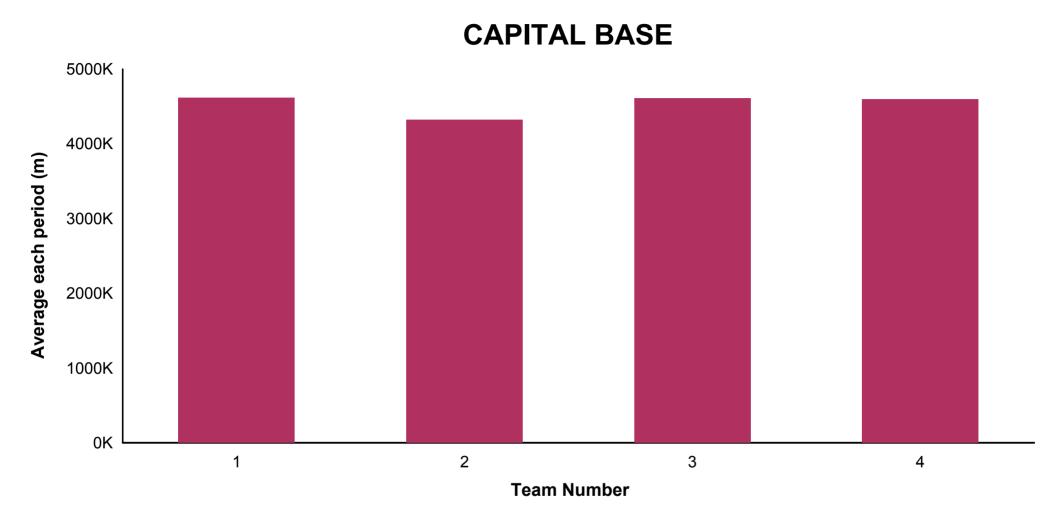


Increasing the value of the business is the prime objective of the management team.

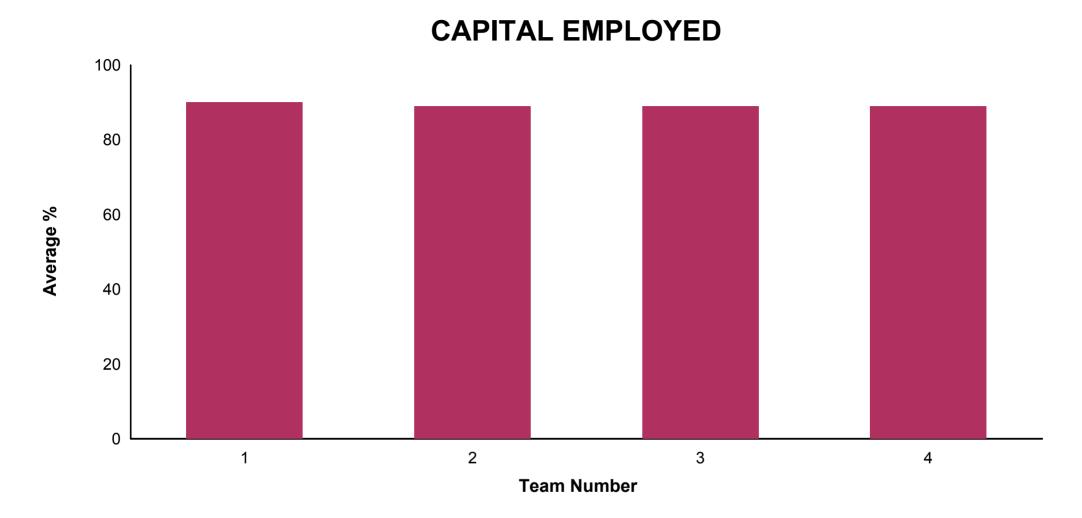


Identifying and securing new work ensures that the turnover (monies earned) across all jobs progressed is healthy.

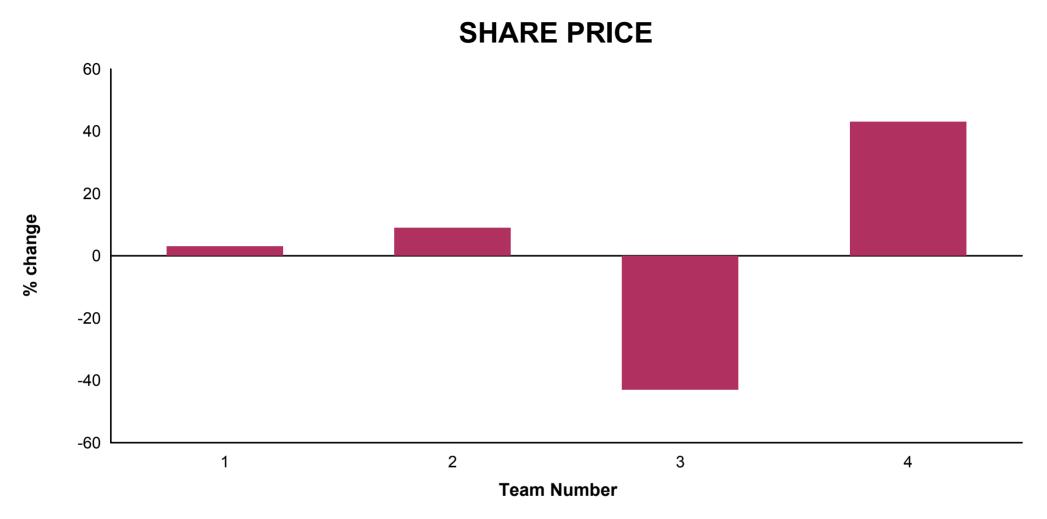




Expanding the company's capital base (infrastructure) enables more work to be underaken, and potentially more growth.

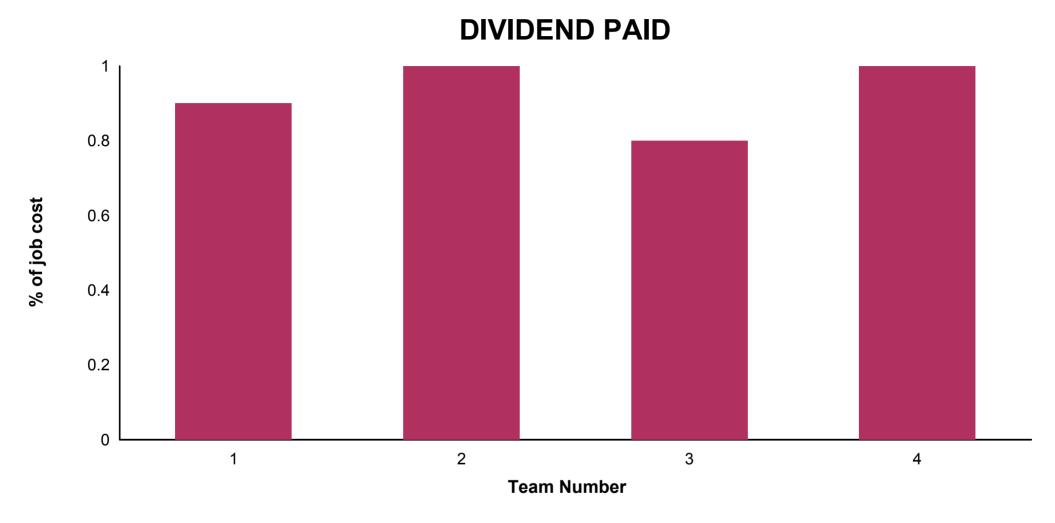


The Capital Employed measures how much of the company's capital base (infrastructure) is being utilised through winning and progressing work.

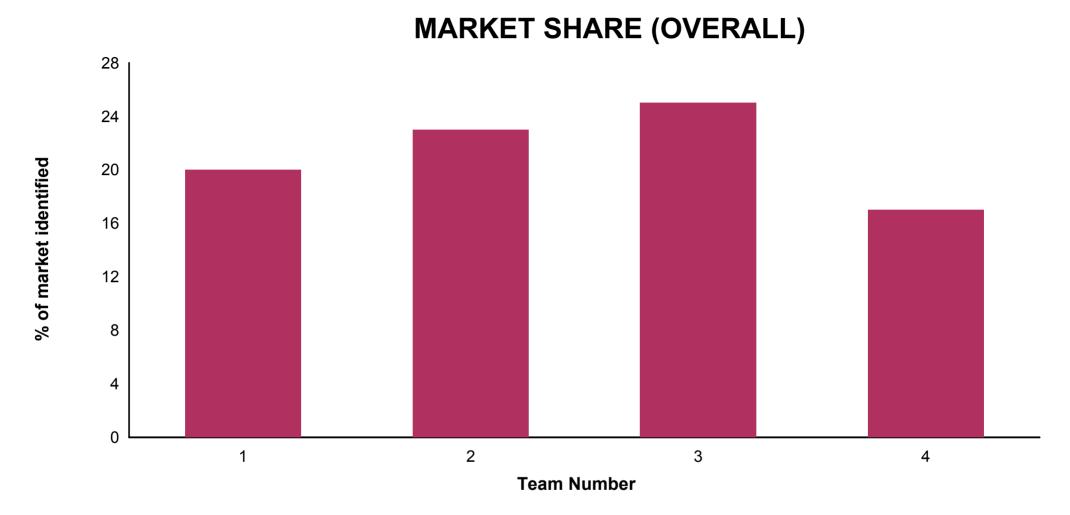


The company's share price is one of the key performance indicators in measuring the success or failure of the company, with a rising share price signifying increasing industry confidence in the fortunes of the company.

The share price is influenced by the level of dividend paid to the shareholders, the value of the company, the future profitability of the company and the debt burden (gearing ratio) of the company.

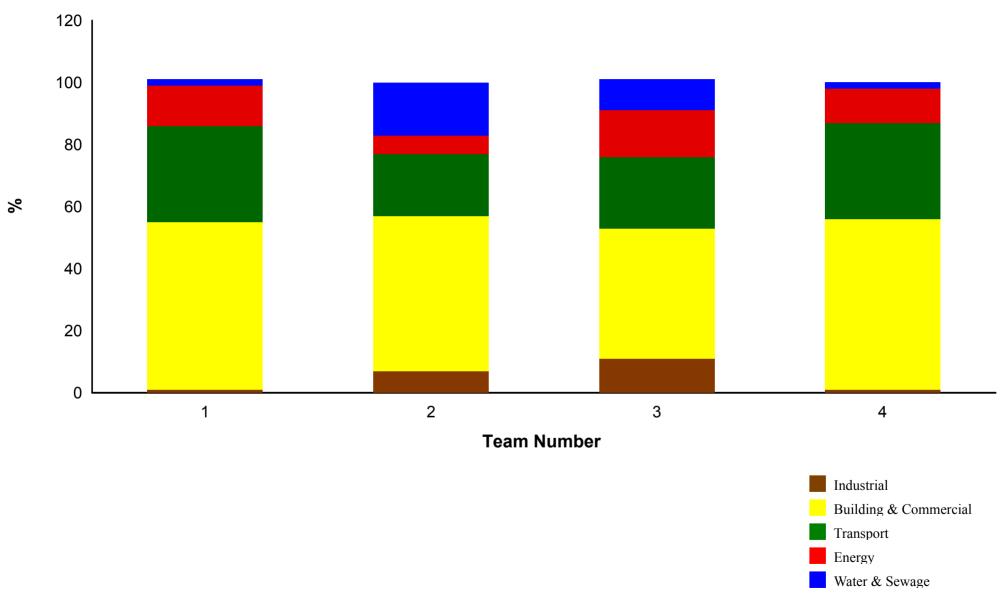


The level of dividend paid to shareholders should be in line with what the company can afford, and not exceed the operating profits of the business.

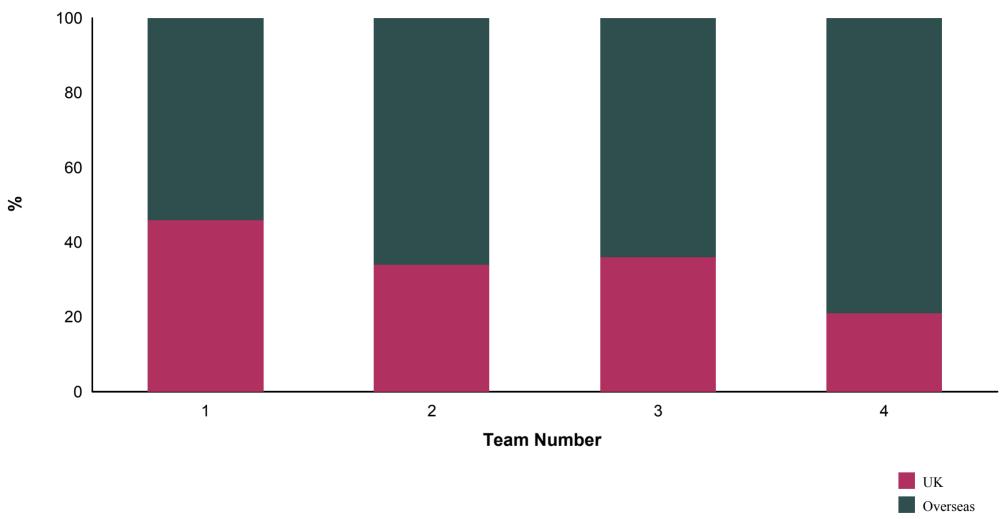


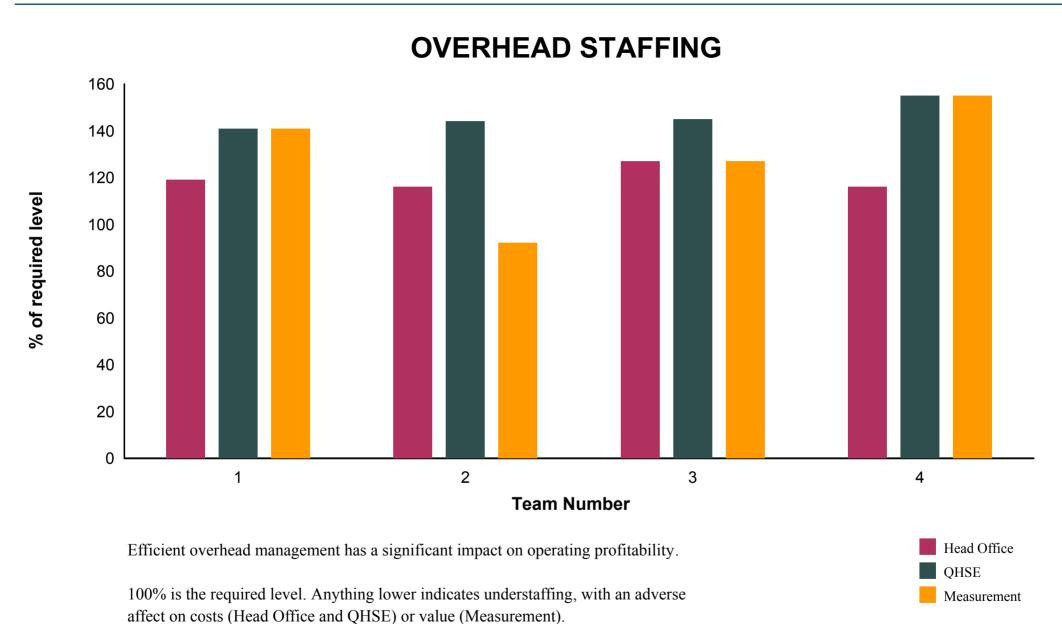
Developing an effective marketing strategy, and identifying new work in different sectors and locations (UK/Overseas) is critical to enable the business to grow by securing jobs through competitive bidding.



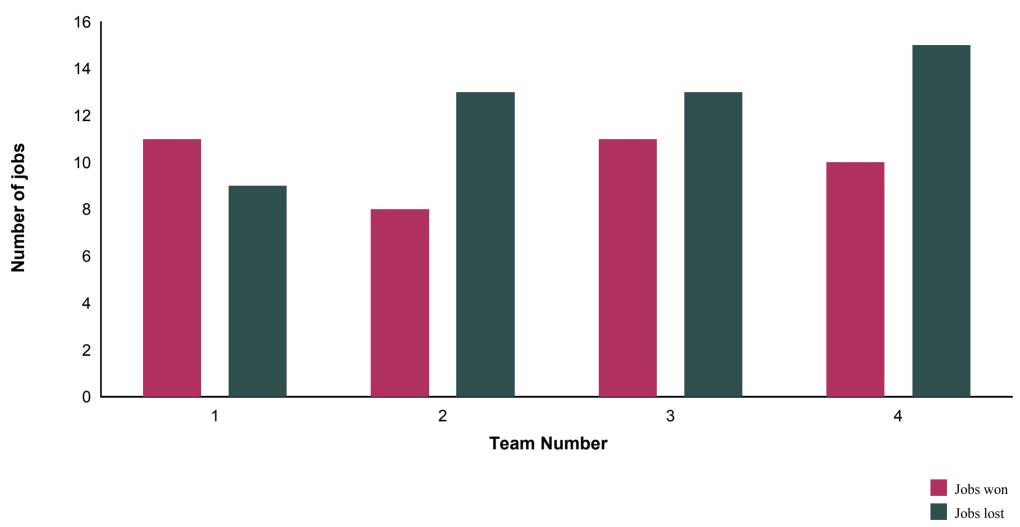


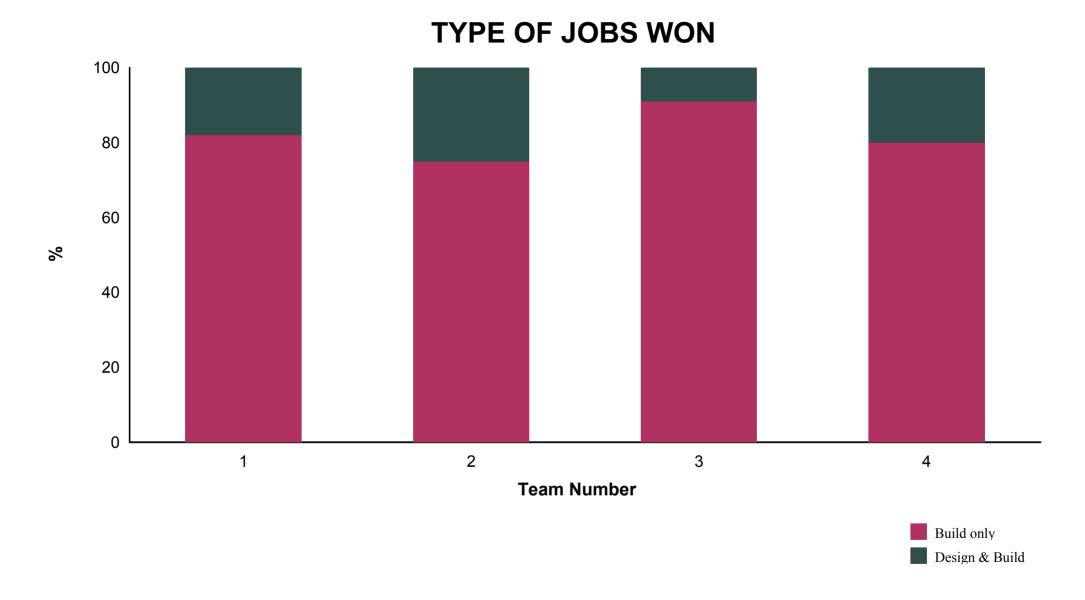


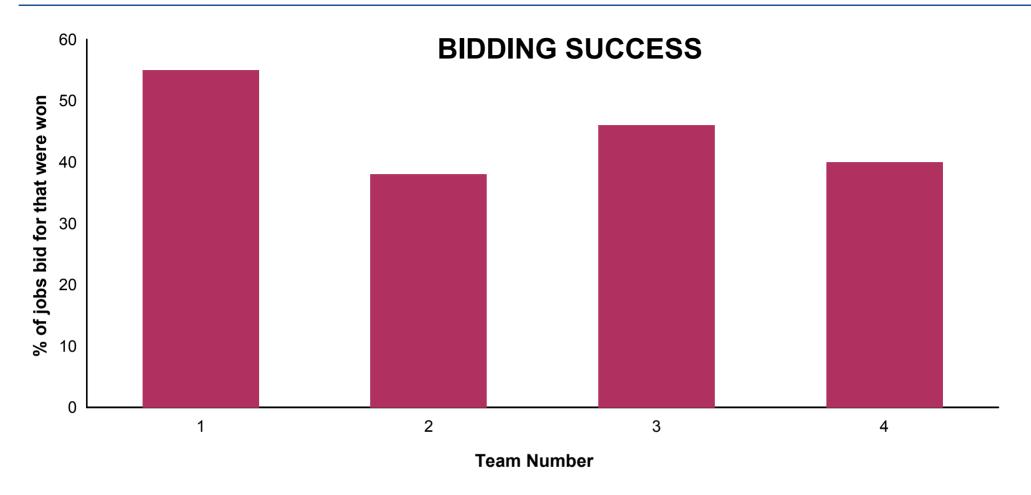




JOBS WON AND LOST

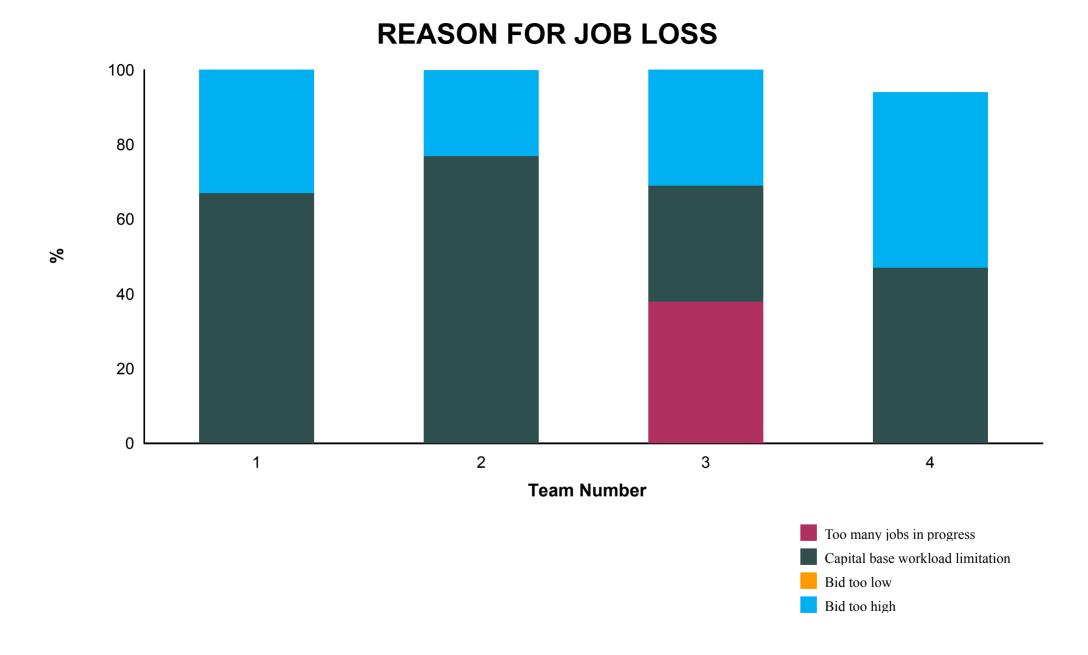


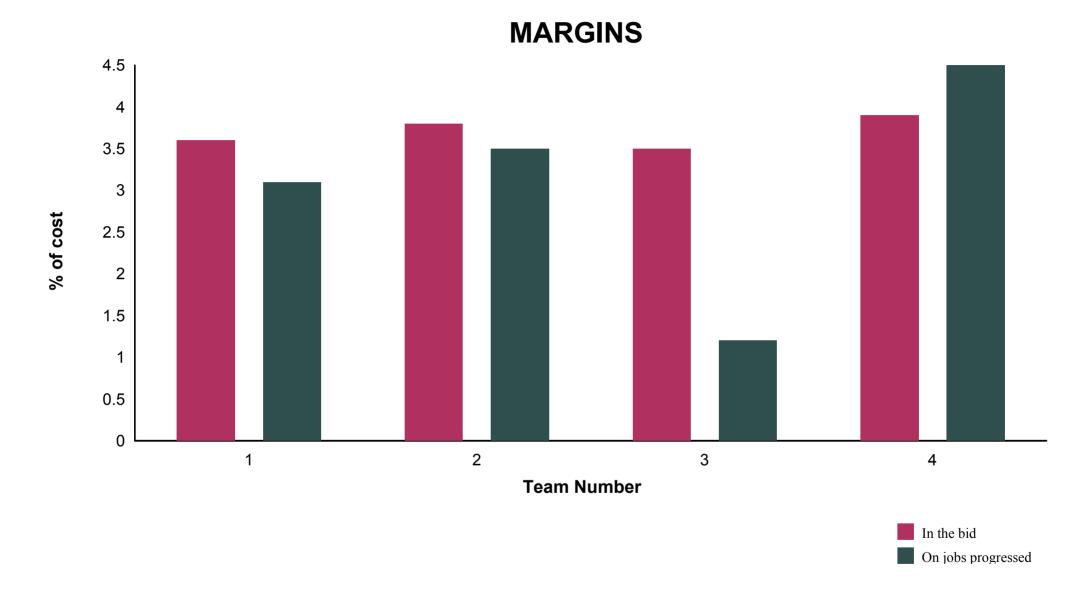


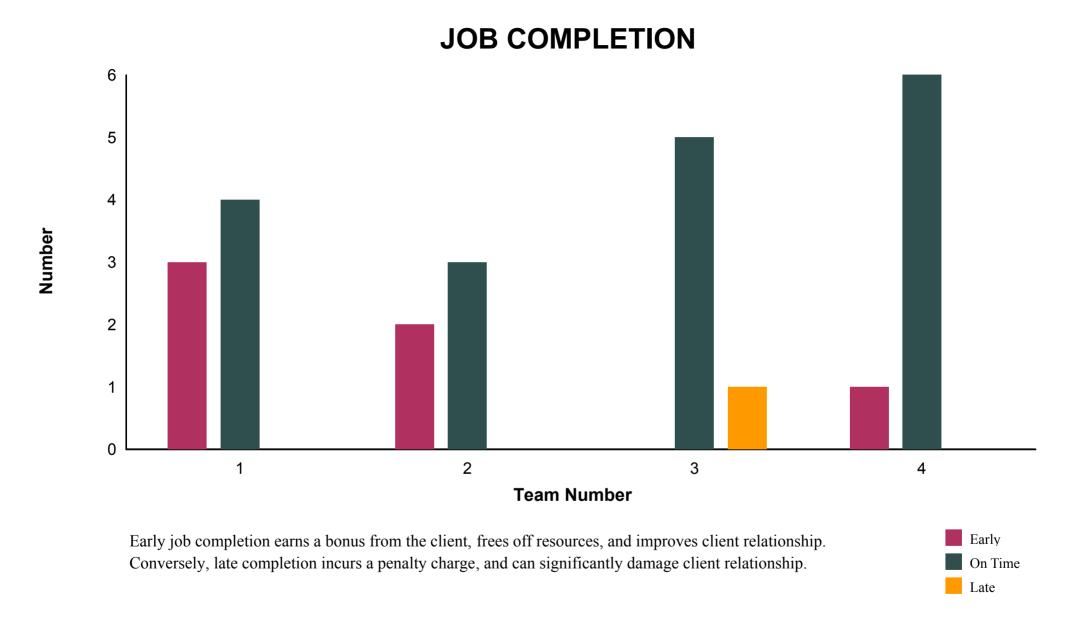


Every job that is bid for incurs a bidding cost putting the tender together, which increases overhead costs.

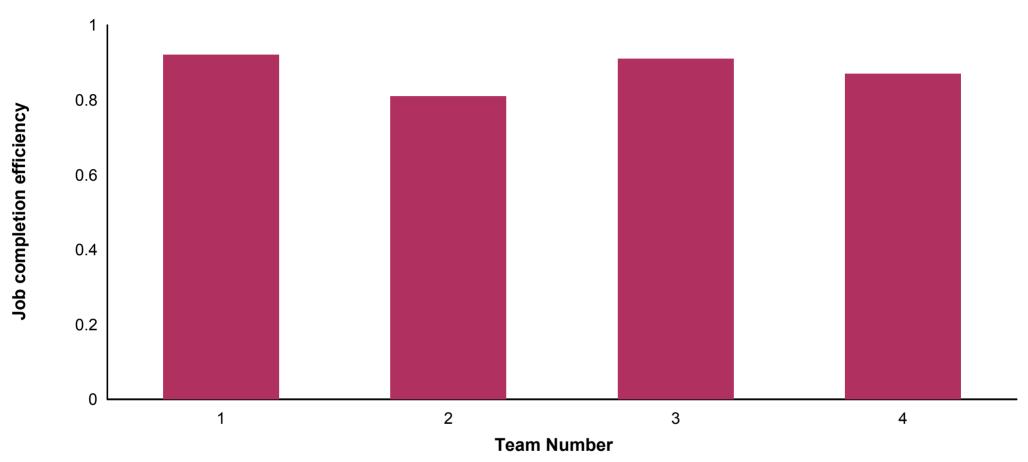
High bidding success keeps bidding costs to a minimum.





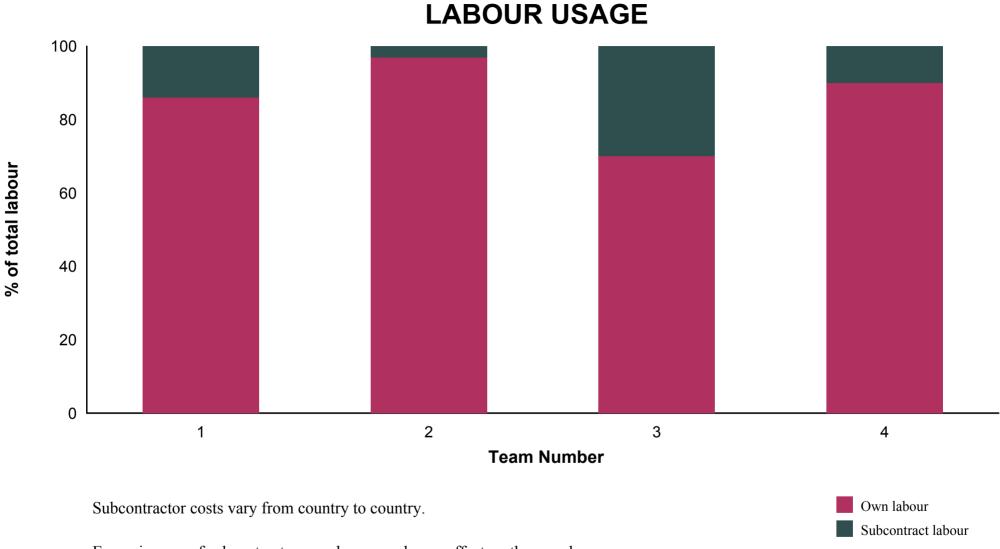


LABOUR MANAGEMENT



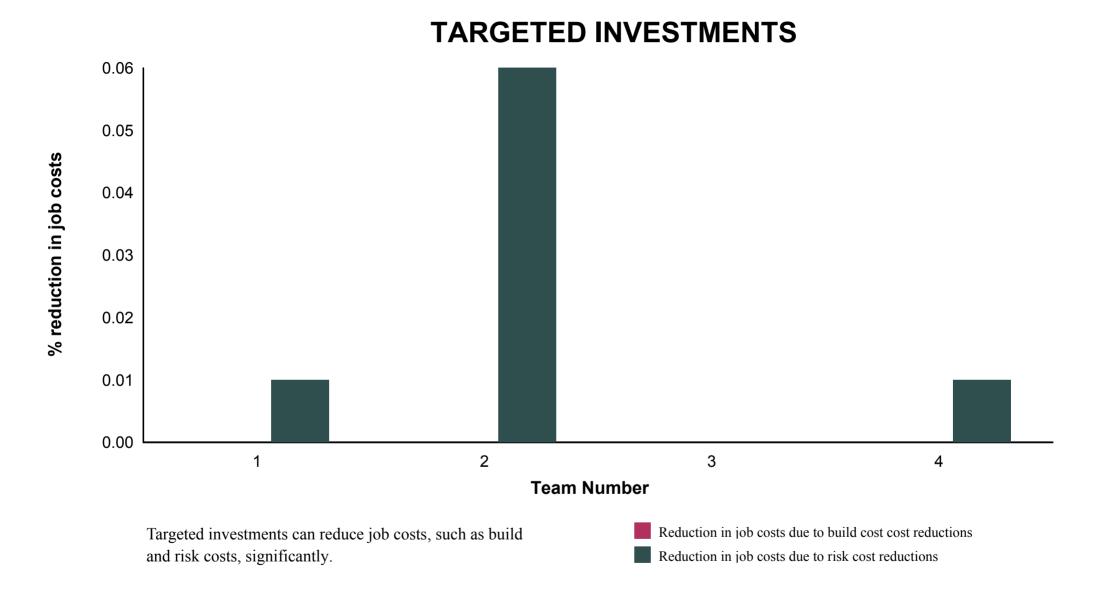
Completing jobs as efficiently as possible in terms of labour resourcing is key to maximising job profits.

The efficiency rating is from 0 to 1, where 1 is the optimum level.

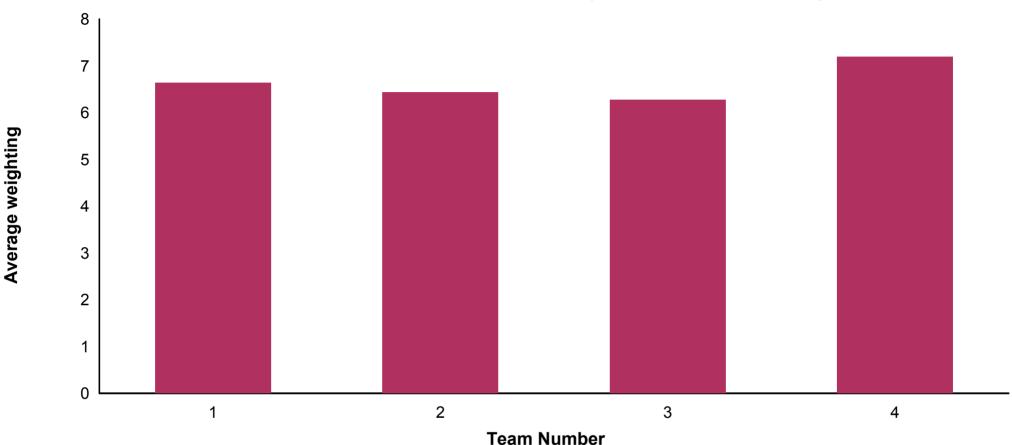


Excessive use of subcontractors can have an adverse affect on the morale of the company's own labour.





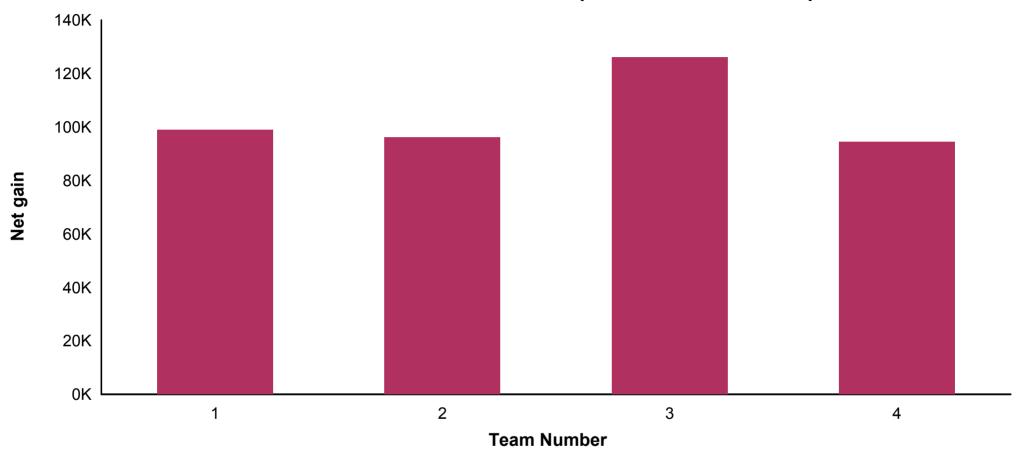
PROJECT MANAGER (PERFORMANCE)



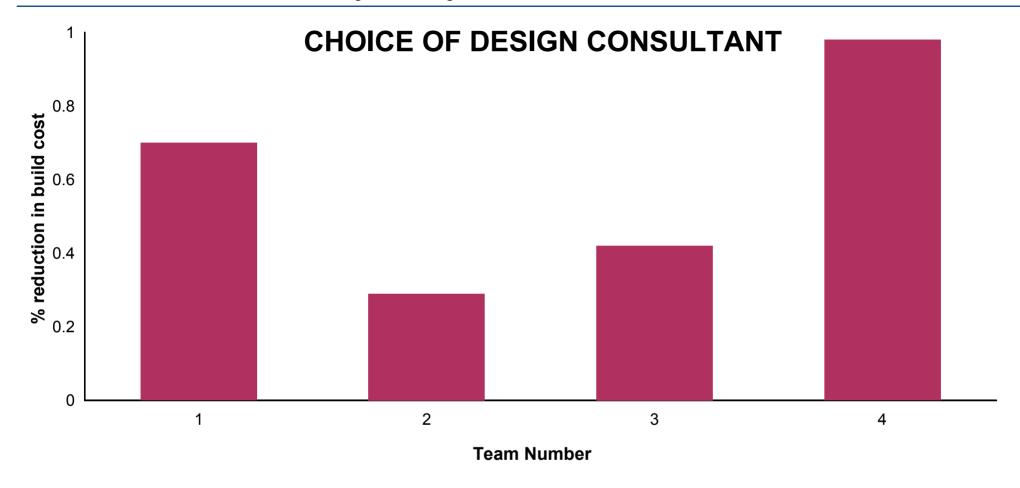
A project manager with well-matched experience for a particular type of job will handle available resources more efficiently, whilst a project manager with inappropriate experience will impair contract efficiency.

Project managers are weighted from 1 (Poor) to 10 (The best possble).

PROJECT MANAGER (BONUS AFFECT)



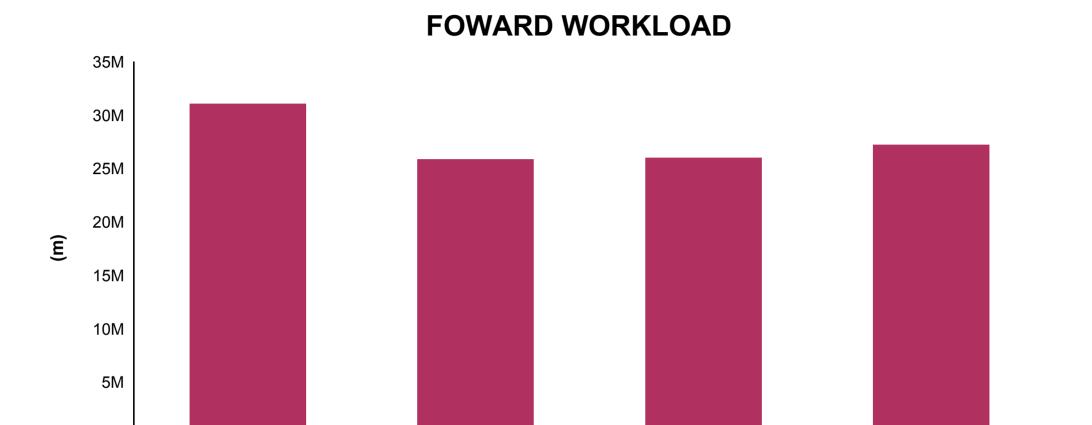
Paying a bonus to project managers not only prevents them from resigning, but can improve their productivity, with a potential net monetary gain (job profit).



The choice of design consultant for Design and Build jobs can have a significant impact on the build costs.

Consultants with appropriate expertise and BIM experience produce designs that reduce the expected build cost when a job is progressed, which improves the profit margin on the job.

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As well as past performance, the future outlook in terms of forward workload is key to the future prosperity of the business.

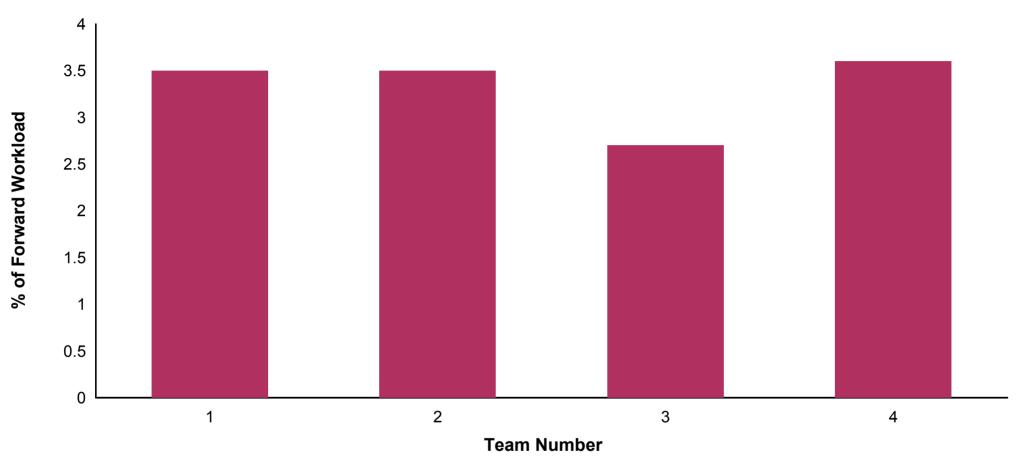
Team Number

3

2

4

FOWARD MARGIN



Forward workload needs to be profitable, and the forward margin measures this.

