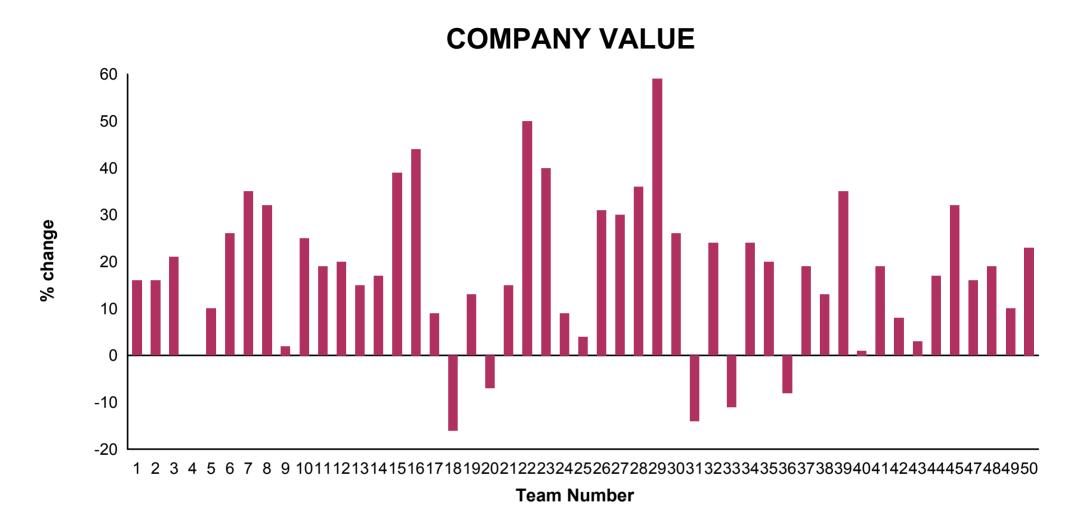


Melbourne University Competition 2019

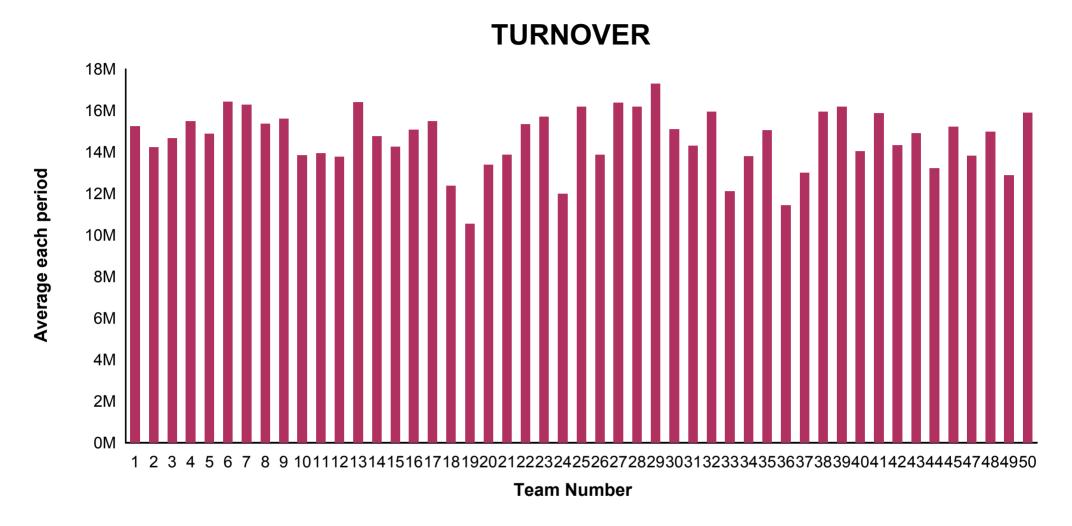
COMPARATIVE ASSESSMENT OF TEAMS REPORT

| | | FINANCE | | | OVERHEADS | | | | | | | REMEN | Т | JOB PROGRESSION | | | THE FUTURE | | |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------|----|------------|-------------|---------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|------|------------|------|--|
| | No. of periods | % chg in | % chg | 0/2 | | | | No. Jobs | | | % Bid | Profitability (% of Job Costs) | | | | | | | |
| No. Name | in charge | Comp Value | Share Price | Market Share (By Sector) | | | Bid For | Jobs Won | No. Jobs Lost | Sucess Rate | Job Profit | O/Head Costs | Oper Profit | F/wd W/load | F/wd Margin | | | | |
| 1 #youngandbroke | 8 | 16 | 15 | 29 | 20 | 49 | 25 | 1 | 5 | 29 | 13 | 16 | 45 | 3.9 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 31.1m | 2.8% | |
| 2 Ingenium | 8 | 16 | 1 | 27 | 17 | 37 | 14 | 29 | 3 | 35 | 13 | 22 | 37 | 4.3 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 36.6m | 3.2% | |
| 3 thank u, next Contracting Ltd. P | 8 | 21 | 50 | 30 | 10 | 47 | 20 | 16 | 7 | 32 | 16 | 16 | 50 | 4.0 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 41.5m | 2.5% | |
| 4 MUONS | 8 | 0 | 19 | 28 | 1 | 44 | 31 | 0 | 24 | 29 | 16 | 13 | 55 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 24.3m | 2.9% | |
| 5 VenturX | 8 | 10 | 5 | 22 | 6 | 50 | 24 | 1 | 19 | 36 | 16 | 20 | 44 | 2.9 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 21.8m | 2.7% | |
| 6 I see it, I like it, I want it, I got i | 8 | 26 | 99 | 20 | 17 | 45 | 37 | 0 | 1 | 22 | 15 | 7 | 68 | 4.3 | 1.1 | 2.7 | 34.8m | 2.4% | |
| 7 CLASS | 8 | 35 | 35 | 31 | 25 | 48 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 12 | 10 | 55 | 4.5 | 1.3 | 2.6 | 14.9m | 3.0% | |
| 8 MAGJK Co | 8 | 32 | 33 | 18 | 11 | 46 | 25 | 14 | 4 | 31 | 13 | 18 | 42 | 4.1 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 40.8m | 2.9% | |
| 9 T&J | 8 | 2 | 11 | 25 | 1 | 53 | 44 | 0 | 1 | 29 | 17 | 12 | 59 | 3.5 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 45.4m | 2.6% | |
| 10 Pentagon | 8 | 25 | -8 | 26 | 15 | 41 | 19 | 16 | 10 | 19 | 13 | 6 | 68 | 3.6 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 32.8m | 2.6% | |
| 11 Contracts your way | 8 | 19 | 35 | 21 | 14 | 46 | 11 | 19 | 10 | 22 | 16 | 6 | 73 | 4.0 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 10.4m | 2.9% | |
| 12 BAWAH Business | 8 | 20 | 12 | 20 | 21 | 47 | 15 | 6 | 11 | 49 | 17 | 32 | 35 | 4.0 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 31.9m | 2.7% | |
| 13 Team Uncivil | 8 | 15 | 20 | 28 | 16 | 30 | 24 | 13 | 16 | 51 | 20 | 31 | 39 | 3.3 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 27.5m | 2.6% | |
| 14 CAANS | 8 | 17 | 9 | 31 | 0 | 53 | 38 | 4 | 4 | 27 | 16 | 11 | 59 | 4.1 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 21.2m | 2.9% | |
| 15 Willginuity | 8 | 39 | -12 | 24 | 1 | 52 | 39 | 0 | 9 | 40 | 19 | 21 | 48 | 4.7 | 1.6 | 2.5 | 45.4m | 2.7% | |
| 16 The Trump Organisation | 8 | 44 | 89 | 27 | 3 | 50 | 23 | 2 | 21 | 26 | 15 | 11 | 58 | 5.8 | 1.8 | 3.3 | 43.4m | 2.6% | |
| 17 CEES Solutions | 8 | 9 | 7 | 22 | 1 | 48 | 32 | 19 | 0 | 40 | 19 | 21 | 48 | 3.1 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 21.0m | 3.0% | |
| 18 GO Group | 8 | -16 | -67 | 19 | 13 | 49 | 19 | 16 | 2 | 27 | 14 | 13 | 52 | 1.5 | 1.4 | -0.2 | 5.9m | 2.5% | |
| 19 Biomech Corp | 8 | 13 | -9 | 17 | 15 | 63 | 9 | 0 | 13 | 34 | 8 | 26 | 24 | 4.7 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 11.5m | 2.9% | |
| 20 Group 42 | 8 | -7 | -48 | 22 | 15 | 40 | 20 | 15 | 9 | 45 | 12 | 33 | 27 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 0.8 | 5.5m | 3.0% | |
| 21 Protractural | 8 | 15 | -2 | 30 | 8 | 36 | 11 | 36 | 9 | 20 | 13 | 7 | 65 | 4.0 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 11.3m | 3.0% | |
| 22 No Problem | 8 | 50 | 83 | 27 | 8 | 60 | 8 | 9 | 14 | 20 | 17 | 3 | 85 | 5.4 | 1.2 | 3.5 | 25.4m | 3.2% | |

| 23 Ermmm Consulting | 8 | 40 | 63 | 31 | 7 | 35 | 28 | 16 | 15 | 22 | 15 | 7 | 68 | 4.7 | 1.3 | 2.8 | 36.5m | 2.9% |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-------|------|
| 24 ECAP | 8 | 9 | -48 | 14 | 20 | 40 | 24 | 2 | 14 | 36 | 17 | 19 | 47 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 29.9m | 2.7% |
| 25 HARVI Inc | 8 | 4 | -11 | 32 | 11 | 45 | 19 | 15 | 10 | 82 | 20 | 62 | 24 | 4.1 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 28.1m | 2.6% |
| 26 The Golden Sharks | 8 | 31 | -2 | 27 | 22 | 47 | 9 | 0 | 21 | 24 | 18 | 6 | 75 | 4.1 | 1.4 | 2.3 | 41.4m | 2.8% |
| 27 Engineeruity | 8 | 30 | 43 | 21 | 2 | 6 | 54 | 0 | 38 | 29 | 16 | 13 | 55 | 4.2 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 33.2m | 2.9% |
| 28 Bob the Builder (BOB) | 8 | 36 | 10 | 22 | 1 | 45 | 23 | 2 | 29 | 48 | 20 | 28 | 42 | 4.0 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 33.3m | 3.1% |
| 29 Goldmoon Corporation | 8 | 59 | 160 | 26 | 10 | 56 | 15 | 9 | 10 | 33 | 25 | 8 | 76 | 6.2 | 1.5 | 3.9 | 43.9m | 2.6% |
| 30 Group 13 | 8 | 26 | 41 | 29 | 8 | 56 | 23 | 8 | 5 | 29 | 14 | 15 | 48 | 4.5 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 38.0m | 2.8% |
| 31 Ingenuity Engineers of Parkville | 8 | -14 | -25 | 28 | 6 | 55 | 25 | 0 | 14 | 31 | 17 | 14 | 55 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 0.4 | 21.9m | 2.6% |
| 32 The Contractors | 8 | 24 | 31 | 31 | 10 | 50 | 21 | 13 | 7 | 32 | 16 | 16 | 50 | 4.4 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 28.7m | 2.7% |
| 33 Supreme | 8 | -11 | -40 | 30 | 14 | 46 | 32 | 7 | 2 | 37 | 15 | 22 | 41 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 0.5 | 31.0m | 2.6% |
| 34 Michael Jordan | 8 | 24 | 2 | 24 | 18 | 54 | 15 | 9 | 5 | 29 | 16 | 13 | 55 | 4.2 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 34.3m | 2.9% |
| 35 Gryphon Industries | 8 | 20 | 33 | 17 | 15 | 45 | 21 | 11 | 7 | 22 | 16 | 6 | 73 | 3.4 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 35.5m | 2.6% |
| 36 HYVE Engineering | 8 | -8 | -19 | 27 | 6 | 37 | 35 | 19 | 3 | 38 | 14 | 24 | 37 | 3.3 | 2.2 | 0.7 | 30.2m | 2.9% |
| 37 Kochinea | 8 | 19 | -50 | 16 | 19 | 52 | 6 | 4 | 19 | 20 | 12 | 8 | 60 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 20.1m | 3.1% |
| 38 Starcon | 8 | 13 | 34 | 25 | 11 | 44 | 30 | 7 | 8 | 50 | 17 | 33 | 34 | 3.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 27.2m | 2.7% |
| 39 Avengers | 8 | 35 | 86 | 29 | 11 | 45 | 20 | 16 | 7 | 17 | 15 | 2 | 88 | 4.5 | 1.2 | 2.8 | 38.0m | 2.7% |
| 40 Alpha Team | 8 | 1 | -18 | 21 | 15 | 57 | 11 | 12 | 5 | 32 | 20 | 12 | 62 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 30.1m | 2.8% |
| 41 Wakanda | 8 | 19 | -4 | 27 | 14 | 47 | 20 | 5 | 14 | 36 | 12 | 24 | 33 | 3.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 14.8m | 2.9% |
| 42 Team ECP | 8 | 8 | -8 | 17 | 21 | 23 | 26 | 1 | 30 | 56 | 17 | 39 | 30 | 3.3 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 26.2m | 2.9% |
| 43 Duffield's Dream Team | 8 | 3 | 13 | 31 | 13 | 41 | 29 | 0 | 18 | 30 | 17 | 13 | 57 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 20.2m | 3.1% |
| 44 Drizzle Co | 8 | 17 | -8 | 21 | 18 | 24 | 27 | 5 | 26 | 28 | 16 | 12 | 57 | 3.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 30.9m | 2.6% |
| 45 BAYRJ | 8 | 32 | 40 | 27 | 12 | 44 | 22 | 11 | 11 | 25 | 20 | 5 | 80 | 4.1 | 1.3 | 2.4 | 38.8m | 2.9% |
| 47 Mon9amGr6 | 8 | 16 | -27 | 25 | 33 | 47 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 15 | 5 | 75 | 3.3 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 18.7m | 2.5% |
| 48 NEGH | 8 | 19 | -8 | 24 | 9 | 49 | 18 | 14 | 10 | 20 | 16 | 4 | 80 | 3.3 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 13.1m | 3.0% |
| 49 SGA | 8 | 10 | -14 | 28 | 16 | 49 | 22 | 8 | 6 | 22 | 14 | 8 | 64 | 3.3 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 29.9m | 2.7% |
| 50 KTJ | 8 | 23 | -10 | 25 | 25 | 31 | 26 | 6 | 12 | 36 | 21 | 15 | 58 | 3.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 37.4m | 2.6% |

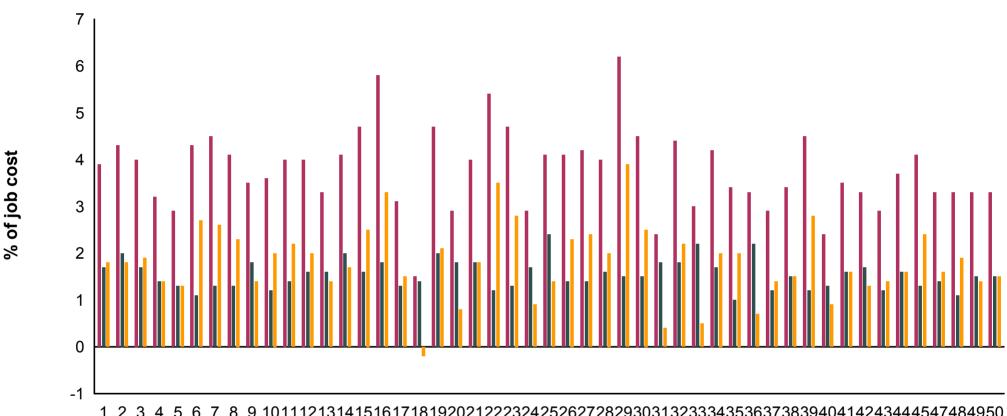


Increasing the value of the business is the prime objective of the management team.



Identifying and securing new work ensures that the turnover (monies earned) across all jobs progressed is healthy.

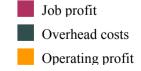
PROFITABILITY

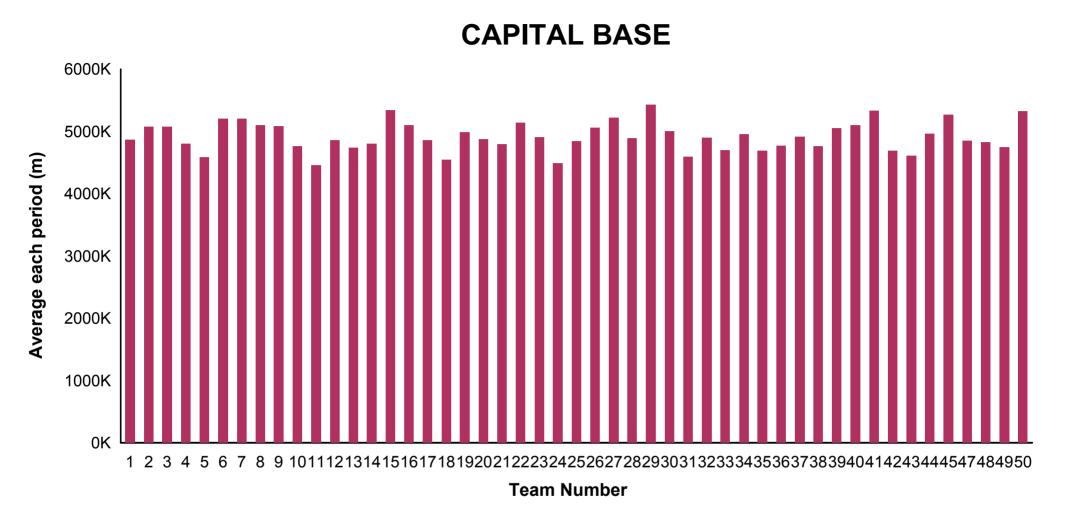


1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10111213141516171819202122232425262728293031323334353637383940414243444547484950

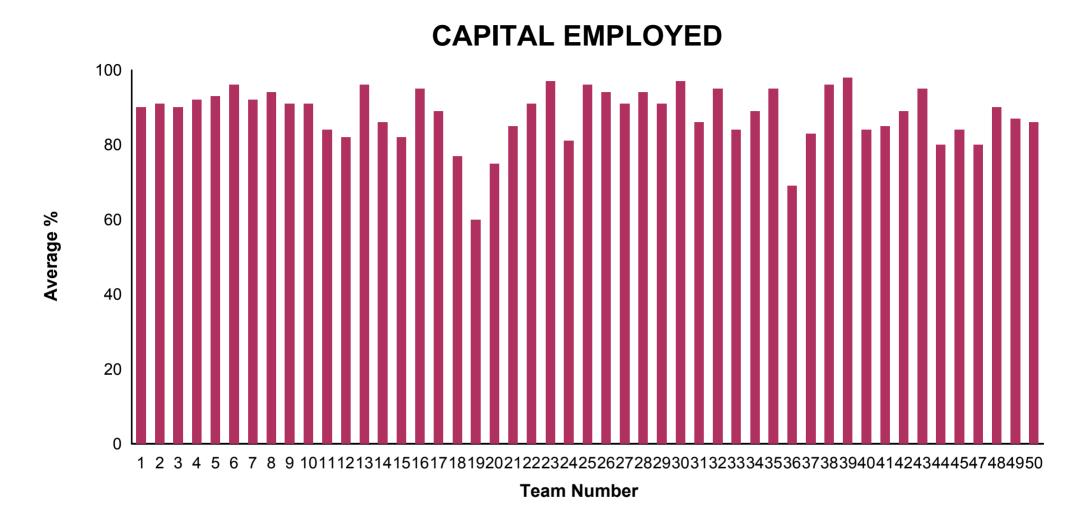
Team Number

Managing jobs as profitably as possible, and keeping overhead costs under control, are both key drivers in ensuring that the company's operating profit is as healthy as possible. This ultimately feeds into the cash account, and affects company value.

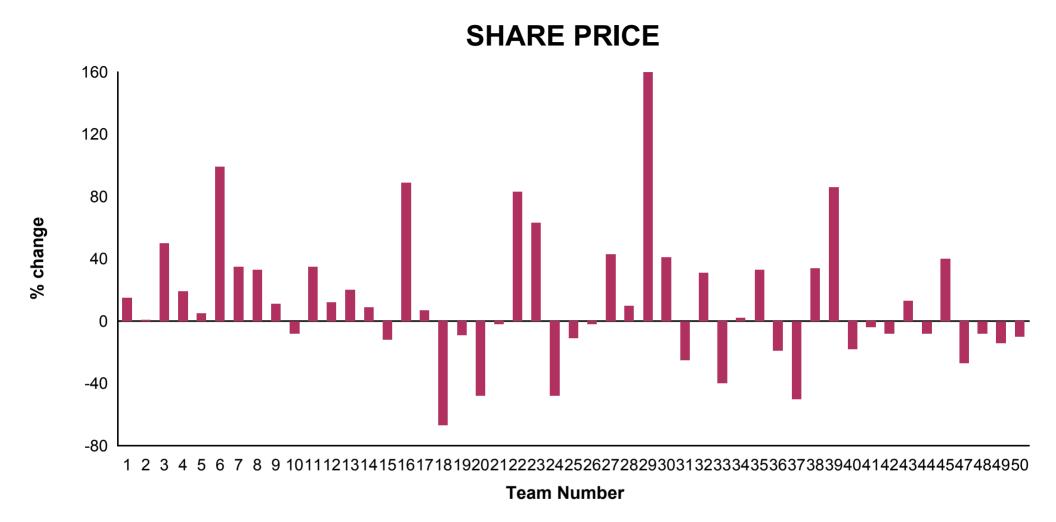




Expanding the company's capital base (infrastructure) enables more work to be underaken, and potentially more growth.

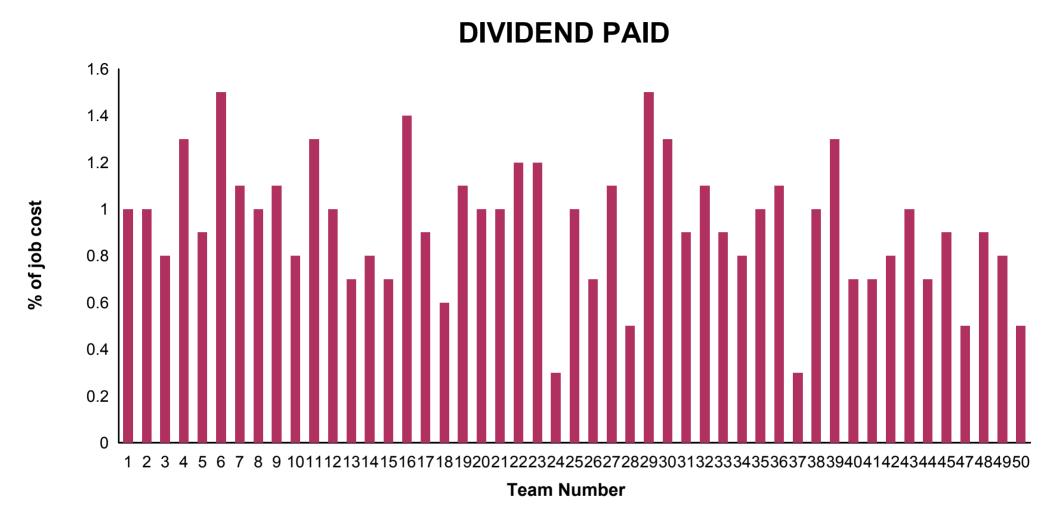


The Capital Employed measures how much of the company's capital base (infrastructure) is being utilised through winning and progressing work.

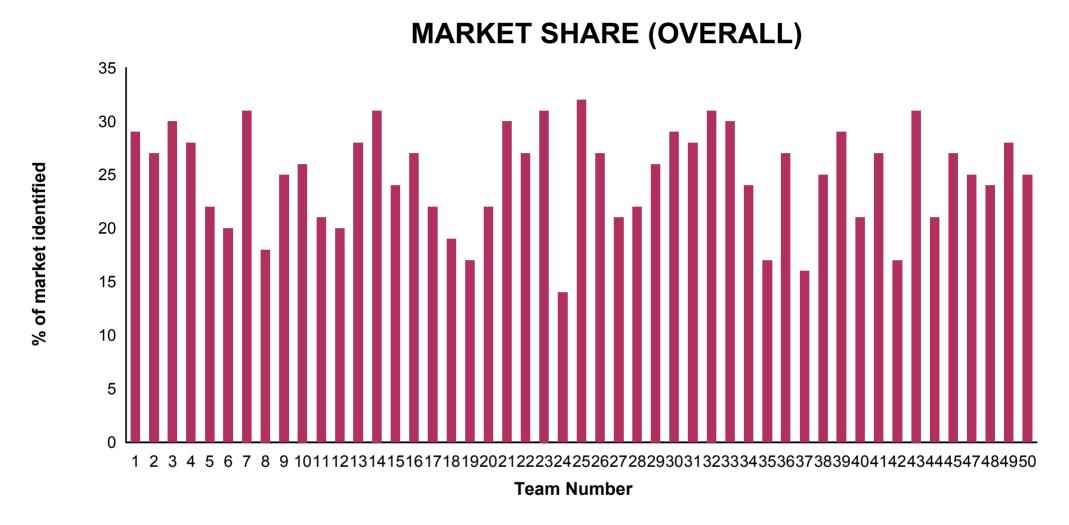


The company's share price is one of the key performance indicators in measuring the success or failure of the company, with a rising share price signifying increasing industry confidence in the fortunes of the company.

The share price is influenced by the level of dividend paid to the shareholders, the value of the company, the future profitability of the company and the debt burden (gearing ratio) of the company.

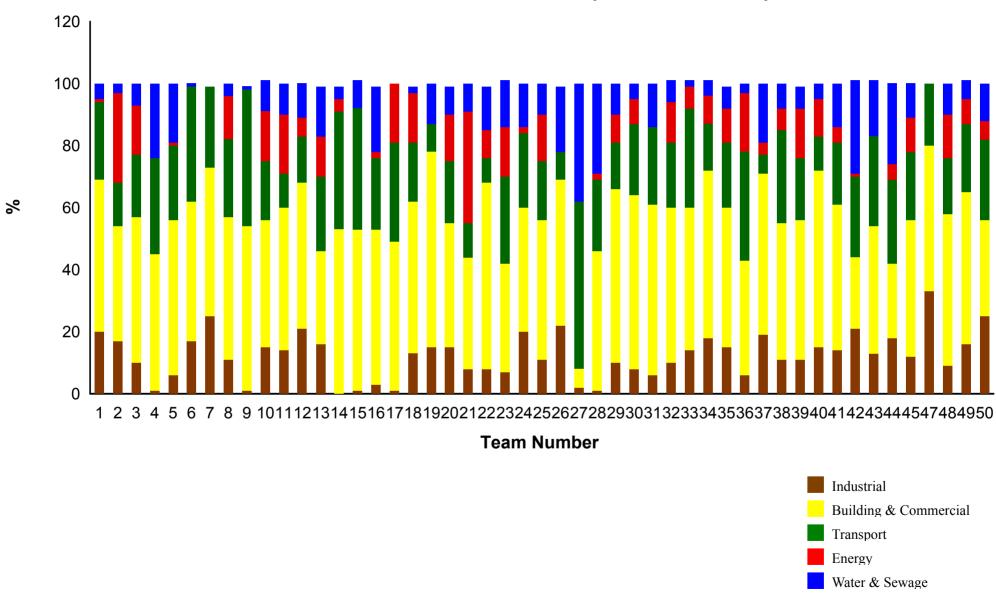


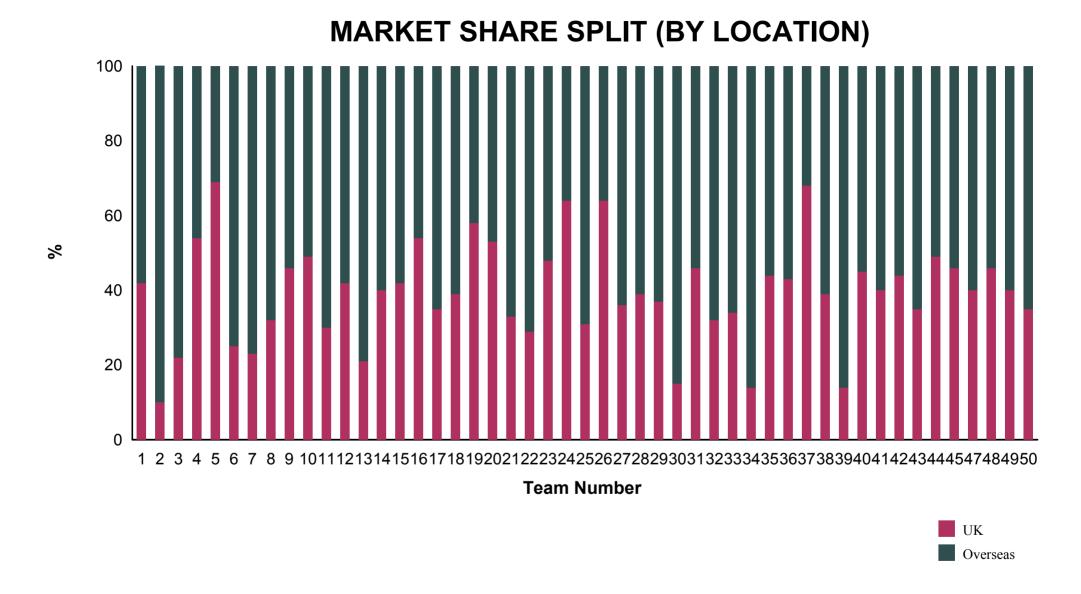
The level of dividend paid to shareholders should be in line with what the company can afford, and not exceed the operating profits of the business.



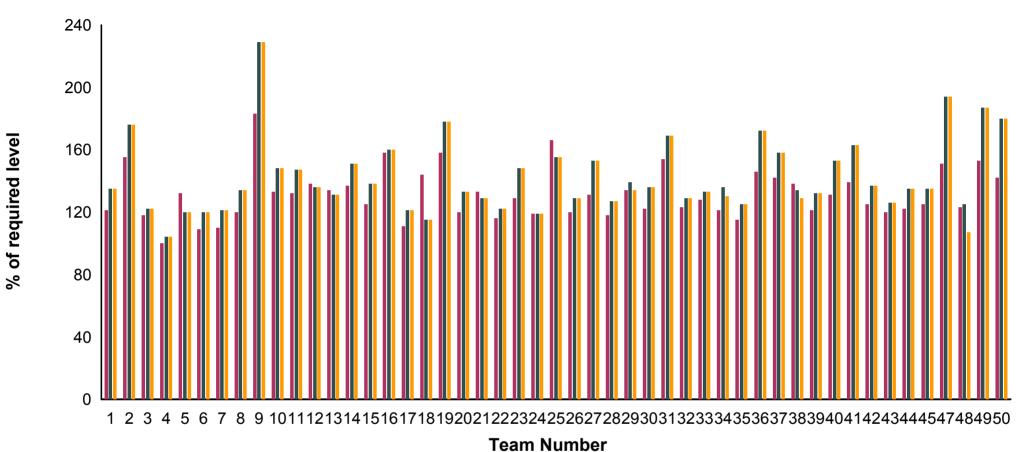
Developing an effective marketing strategy, and identifying new work in different sectors and locations (UK/Overseas) is critical to enable the business to grow by securing jobs through competitive bidding.

MARKET SHARE SPLIT (BY SECTOR)





OVERHEAD STAFFING

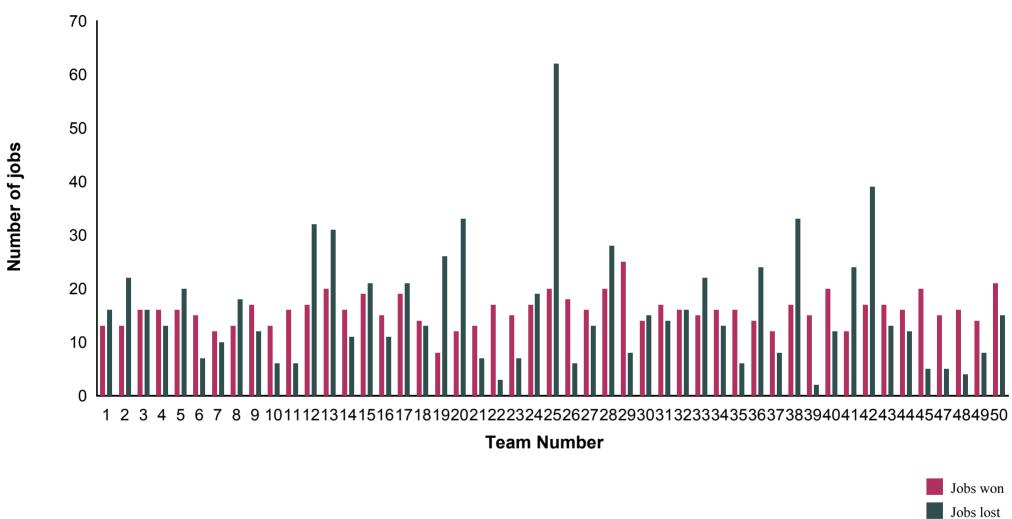


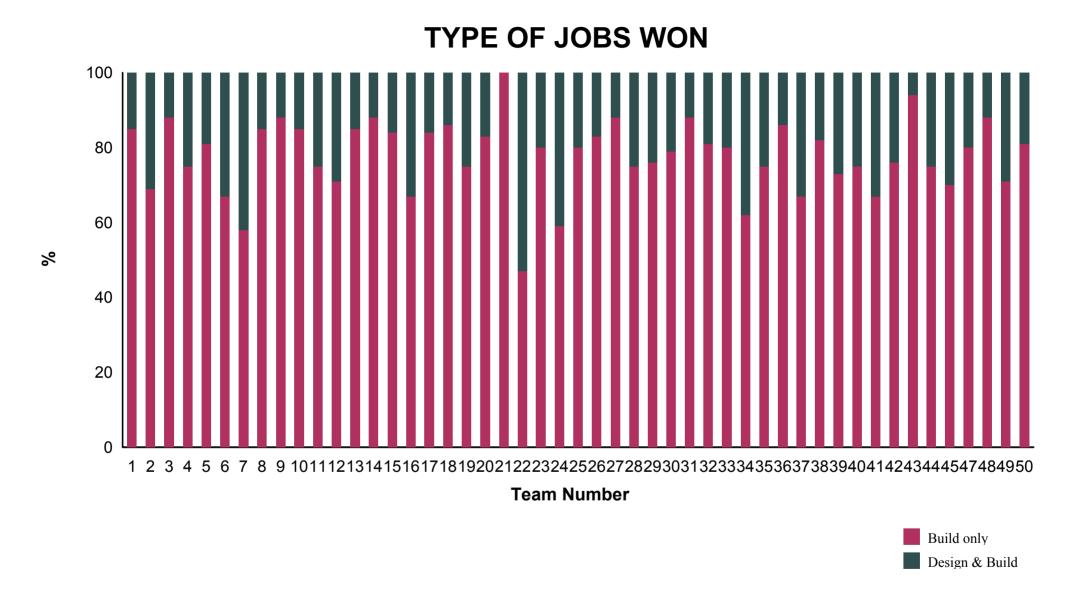
Efficient overhead management has a significant impact on operating profitability.

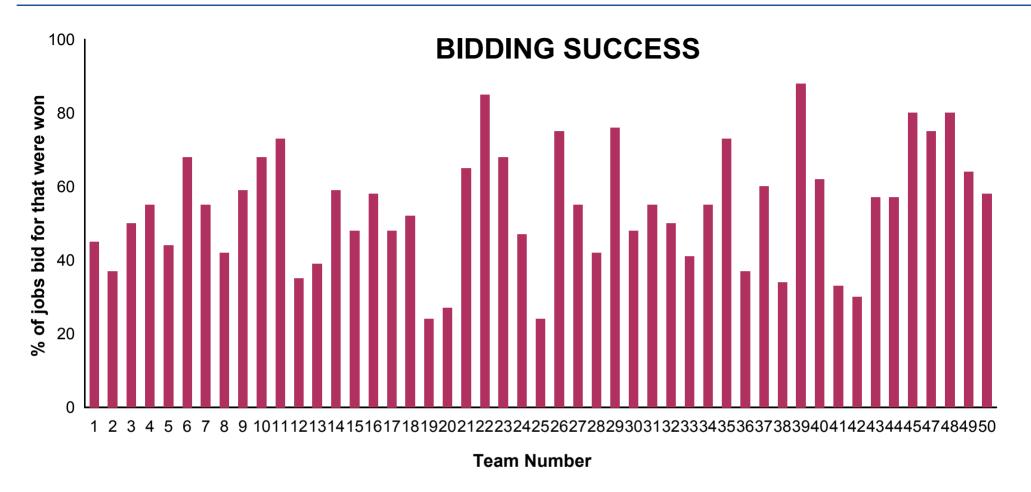
100% is the required level. Anything lower indicates understaffing, with an adverse affect on costs (Head Office and QHSE) or value (Measurement).







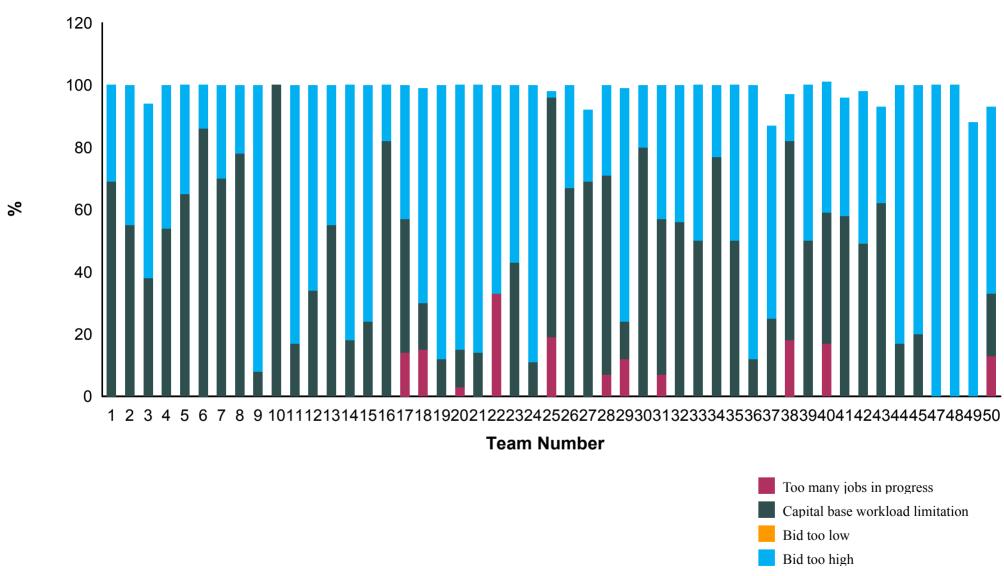


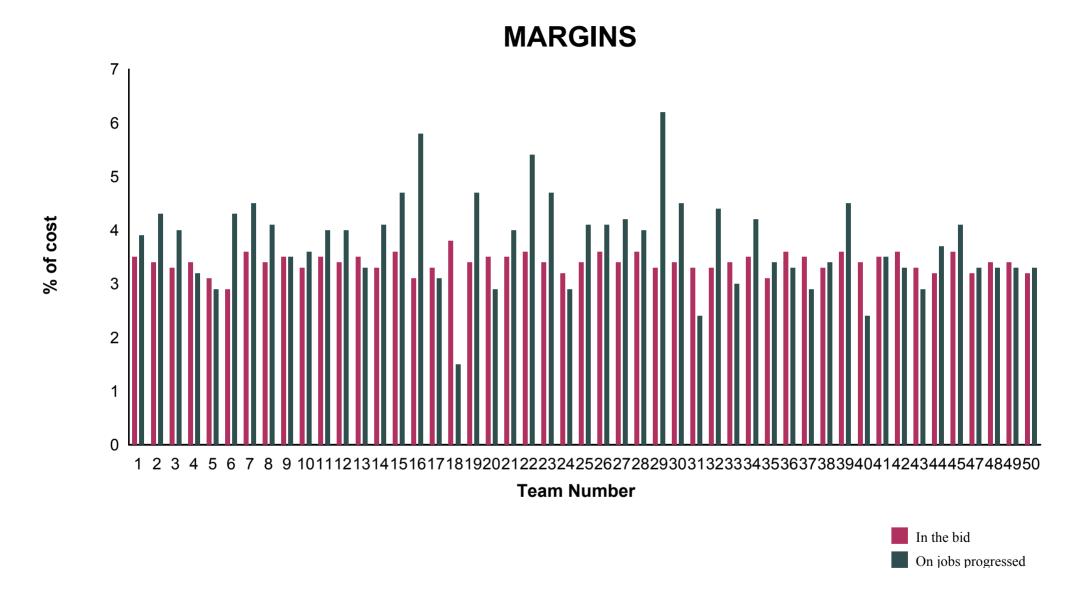


Every job that is bid for incurs a bidding cost putting the tender together, which increases overhead costs.

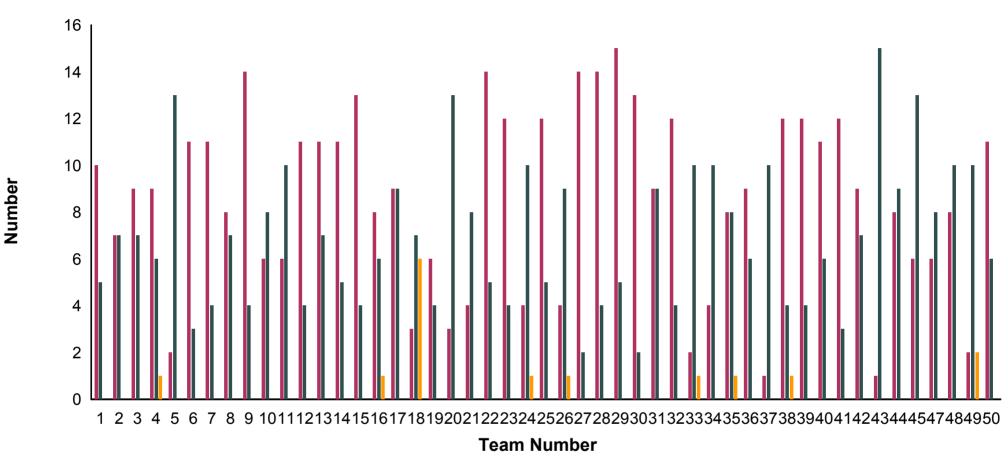
High bidding success keeps bidding costs to a minimum.







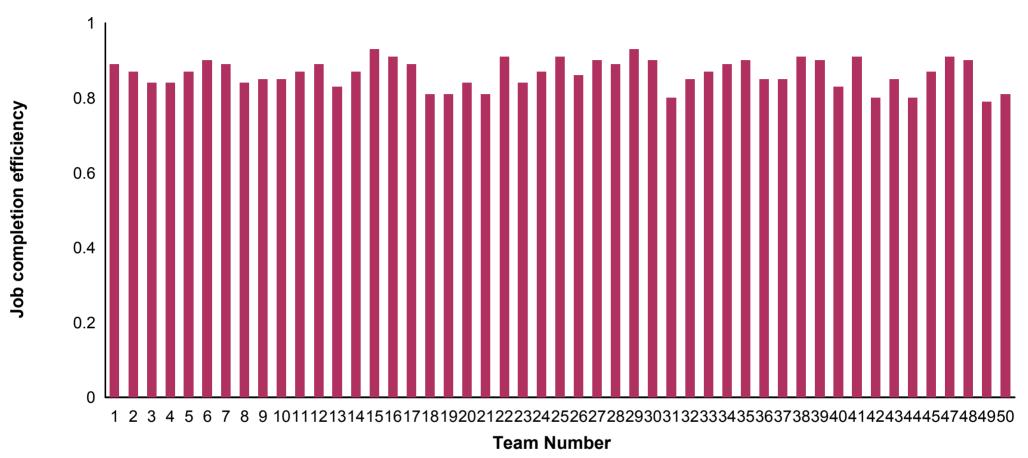
JOB COMPLETION



Early job completion earns a bonus from the client, frees off resources, and improves client relationship. Conversely, late completion incurs a penalty charge, and can significantly damage client relationship.

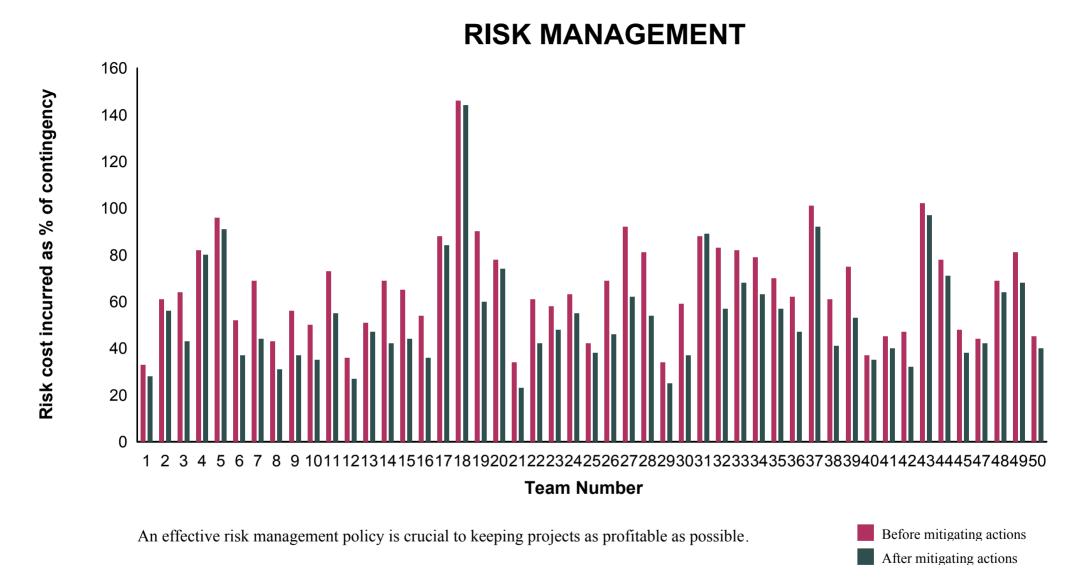


LABOUR MANAGEMENT

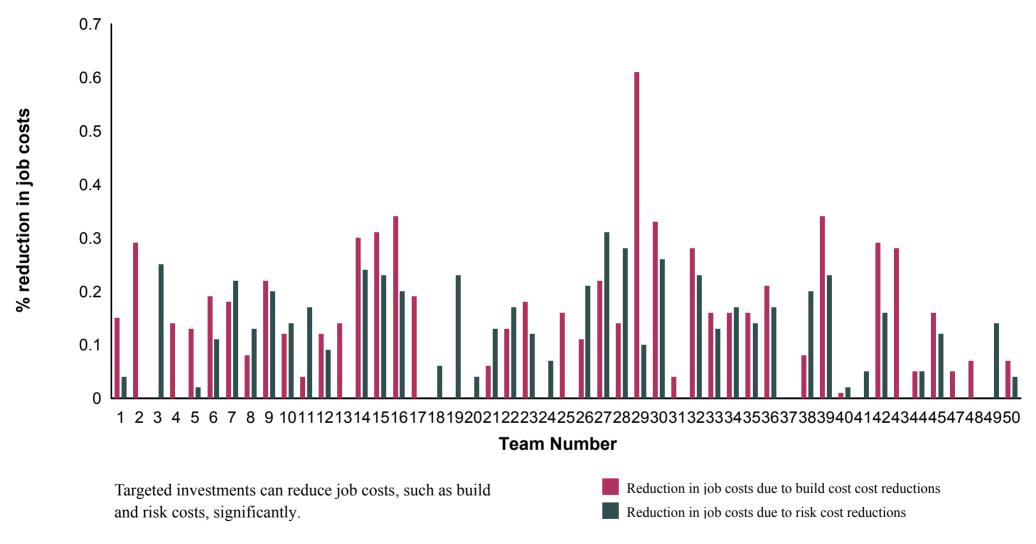


Completing jobs as efficiently as possible in terms of labour resourcing is key to maximising job profits.

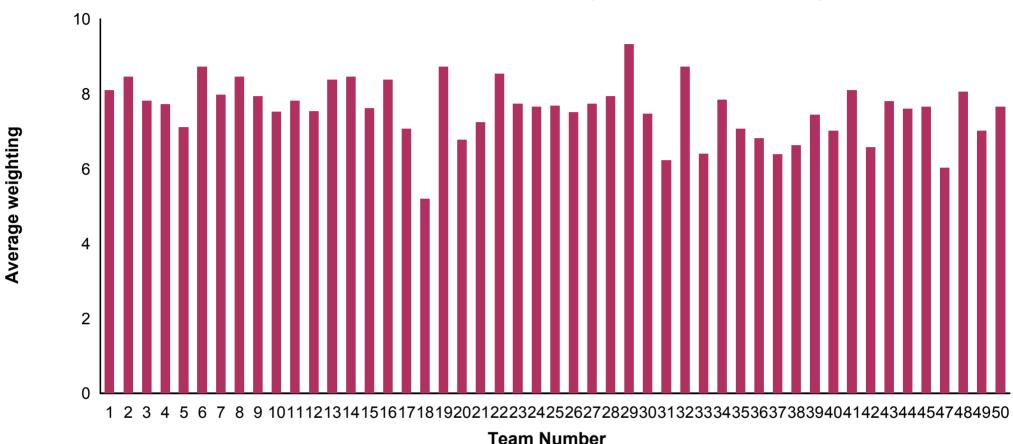
The efficiency rating is from 0 to 1, where 1 is the optimum level.



TARGETED INVESTMENTS



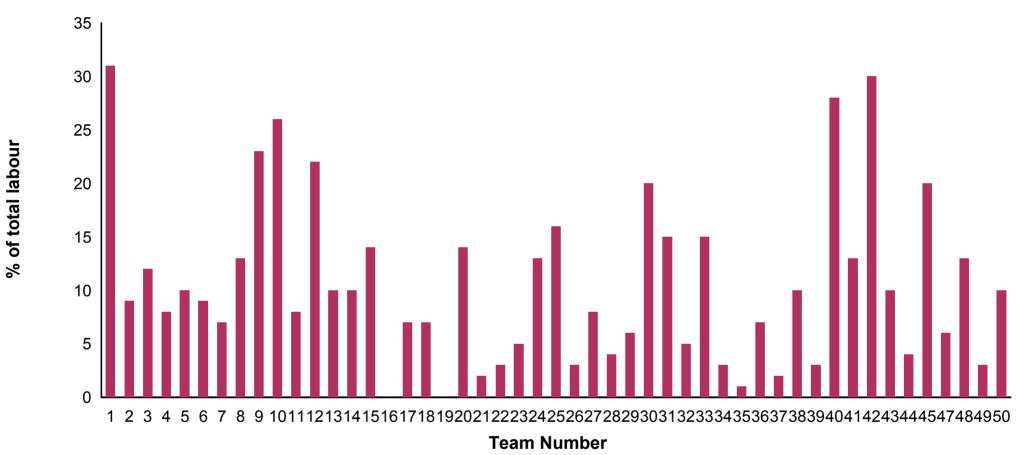
PROJECT MANAGER (PERFORMANCE)



A project manager with well-matched experience for a particular type of job will handle available resources more efficiently, whilst a project manager with inappropriate experience will impair contract efficiency.

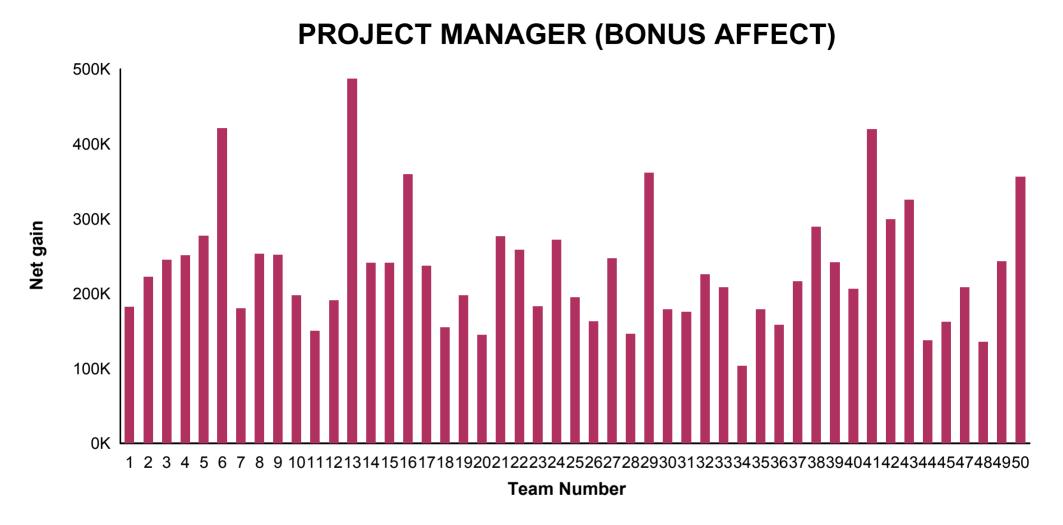
Project managers are weighted from 1 (Poor) to 10 (The best possble).

SUBCONTRACTOR USAGE

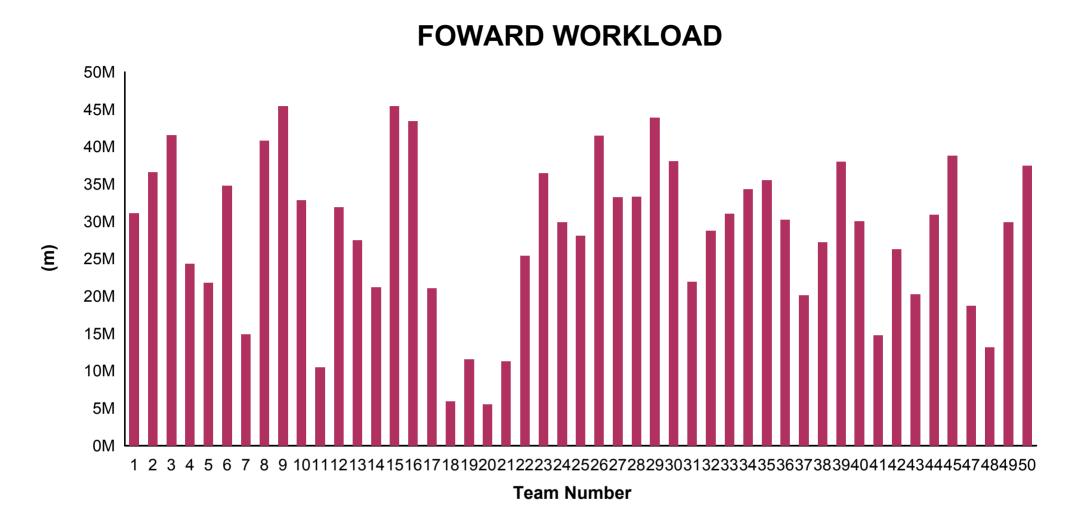


Subcontractor costs vary from country to country.

Excessive use of subcontractors can have an adverse affect on the morale of the company's own labour.

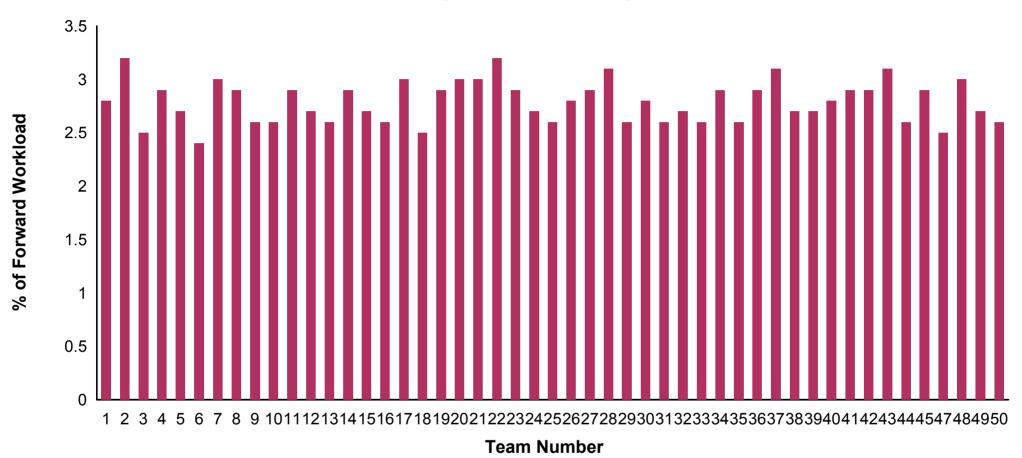


Paying a bonus to project managers not only prevents them from resigning, but can improve their productivity, with a potential net monetary gain (job profit).



As well as past performance, the future outlook in terms of forward workload is key to the future prosperity of the business.

FOWARD MARGIN



Forward workload needs to be profitable, and the forward margin measures this.

CLIENT RELATIONSHIPS

