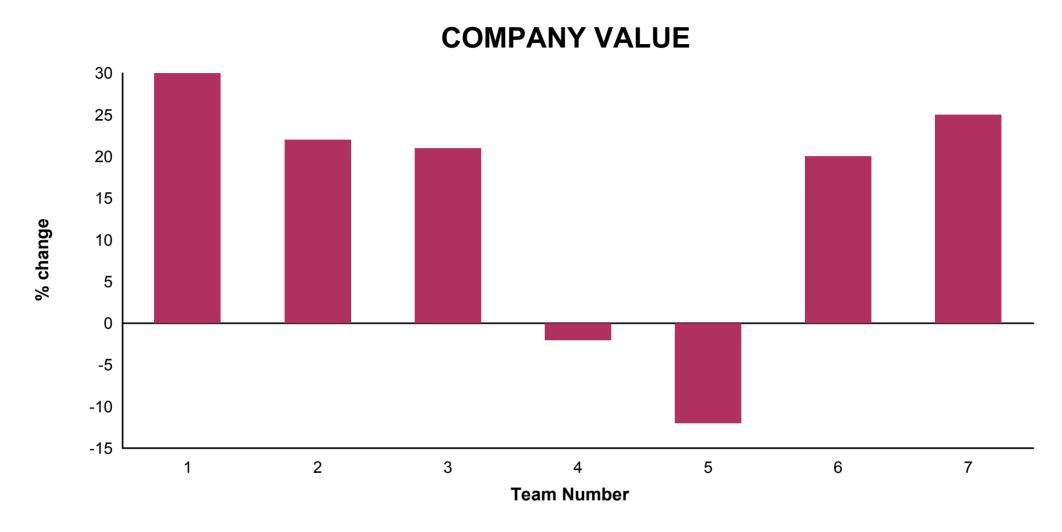


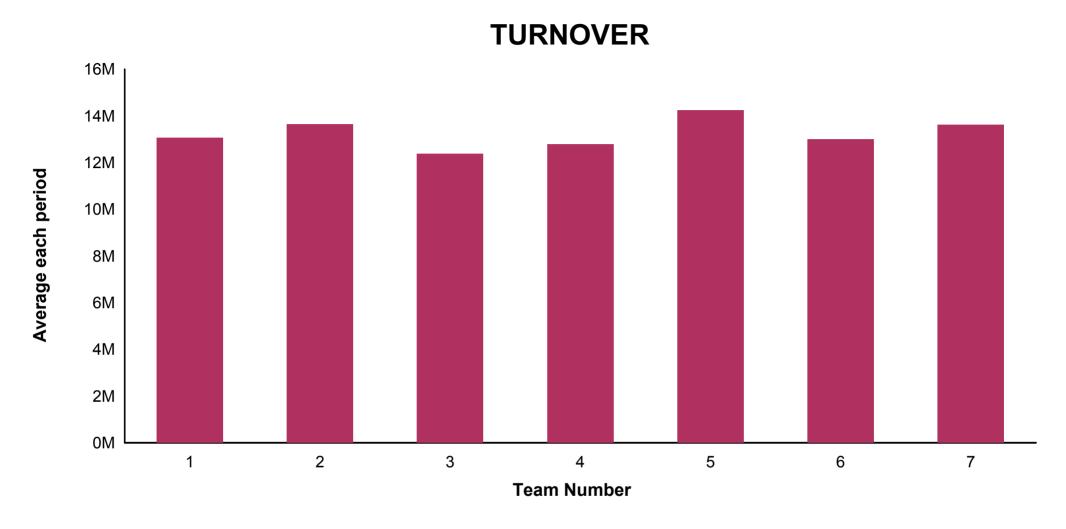
Birmingham City University Competition 2016

COMPARATIVE ASSESSMENT OF TEAMS REPORT

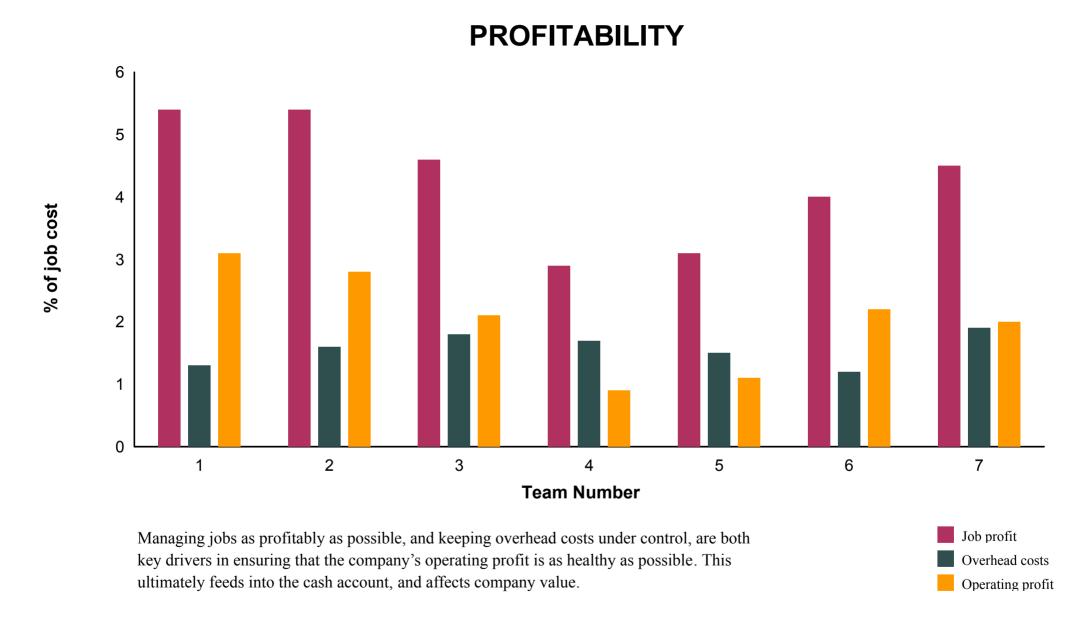
		FINANCE			OVERHEADS					PROCUREMENT				JOB PROGRESSION			THE FUTURE	
	No. of periods	% chg in	% chg	%	Marketing Department % Market Share (By Sector)			No. Jobs	No.	No.	% Bid	Profitability (% of Job Costs)						
N. N.	in	Comp	Share	Market	, •				Bid For	Jobs Won	Jobs	Sucess	Job	O/Head	Oper	F/wd	F/wd	
No. Name	charge	Value	Price	Share	IND	B&C	TRA	ENE	W&S	гог	won	Lost	Rate	Profit	Costs	Profit	W/load	Margin
1 Future PLC	7	30	42	28	0	50	35	2	13	24	13	11	54	5.4	1.3	3.1	39.5m	2.9%
2 Quality Surveyors	7	22	41	31	10	52	19	13	7	39	16	23	41	5.4	1.6	2.8	22.8m	3.8%
3 Curzon-Construction Ltd	7	21	-9	22	7	50	19	12	11	38	15	23	39	4.6	1.8	2.1	26.4m	4.0%
4 Thomas Shelby Ltd	7	-2	-29	29	0	53	36	6	5	30	12	18	40	2.9	1.7	0.9	16.2m	3.6%
5 Ultra Trump Corporation	7	-12	-13	25	13	49	10	17	11	30	17	13	57	3.1	1.5	1.1	31.0m	2.8%
6 Urban Stance Construction	7	20	6	18	9	57	13	10	10	17	13	4	76	4.0	1.2	2.2	35.2m	2.8%
7 One More Construction Co	7	25	-10	20	8	60	23	4	5	38	15	23	39	4.5	1.9	2.0	19.9m	3.6%

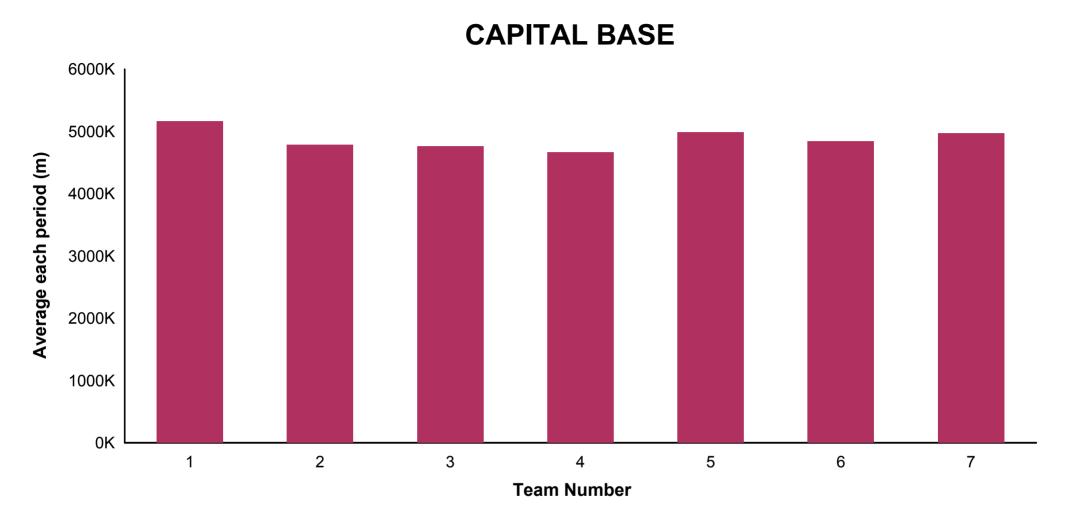


Increasing the value of the business is the prime objective of the management team.

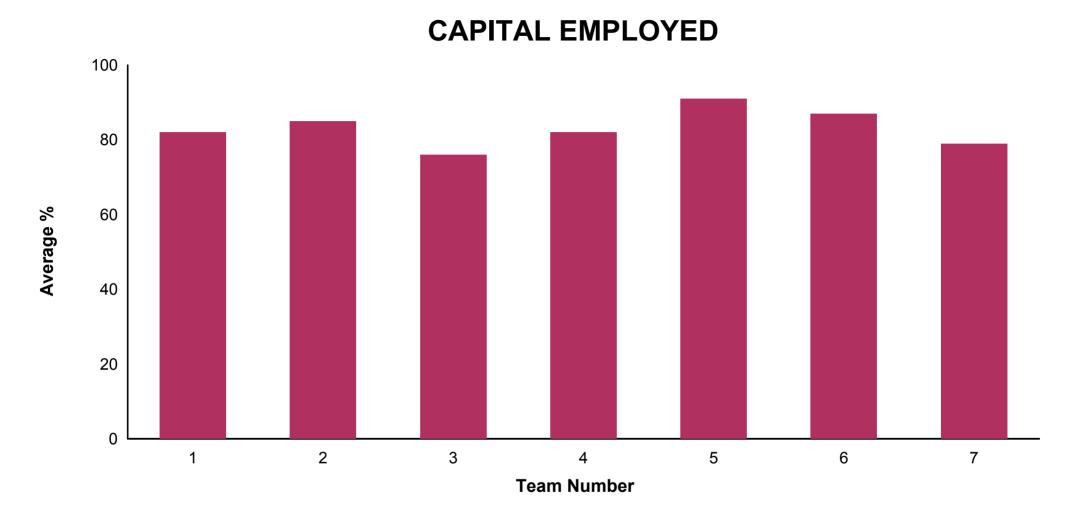


Identifying and securing new work ensures that the turnover (monies earned) across all jobs progressed is healthy.

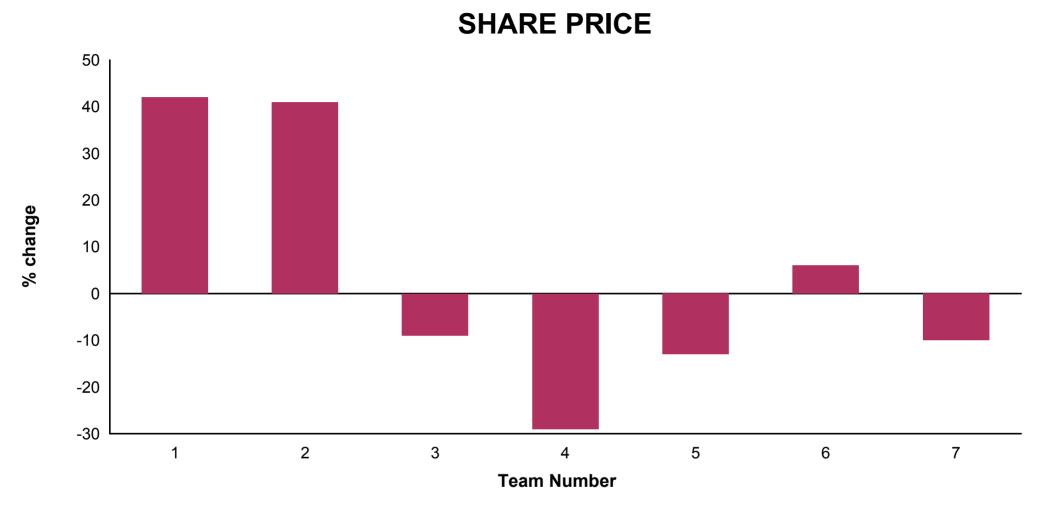




Expanding the company's capital base (infrastructure) enables more work to be underaken, and potentially more growth.

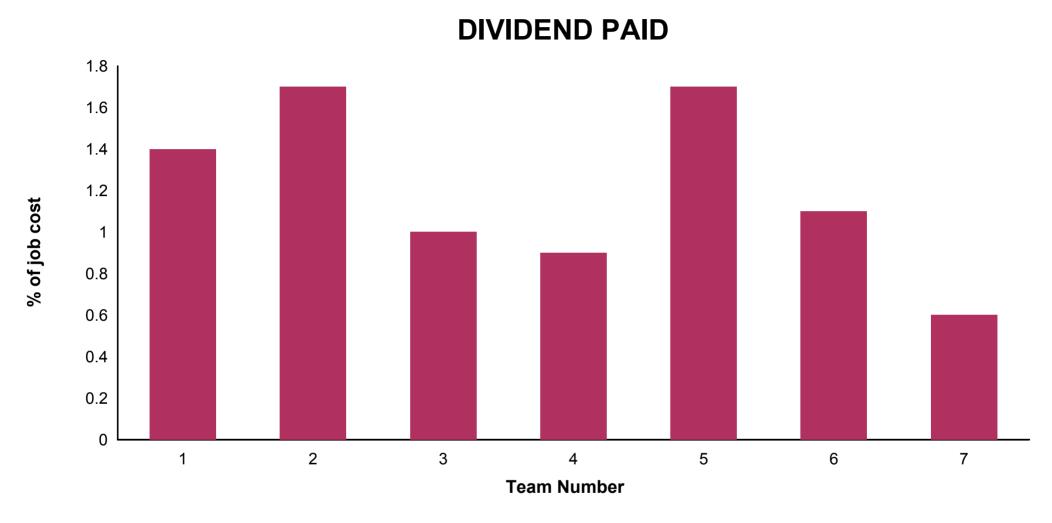


The Capital Employed measures how much of the company's capital base (infrastructure) is being utilised through winning and progressing work.

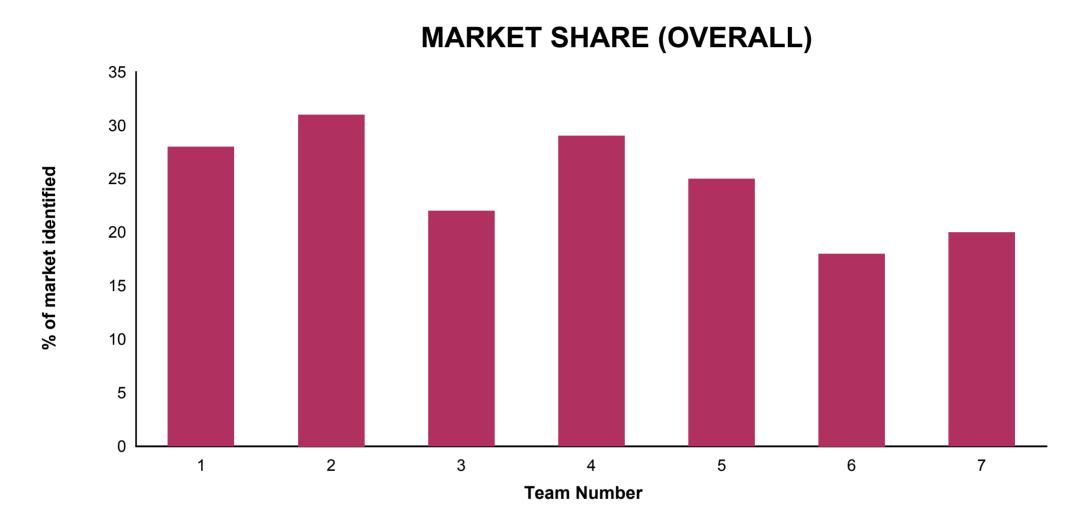


The company's share price is one of the key performance indicators in measuring the success or failure of the company, with a rising share price signifying increasing industry confidence in the fortunes of the company.

The share price is influenced by the level of dividend paid to the shareholders, the value of the company, the future profitability of the company and the debt burden (gearing ratio) of the company.

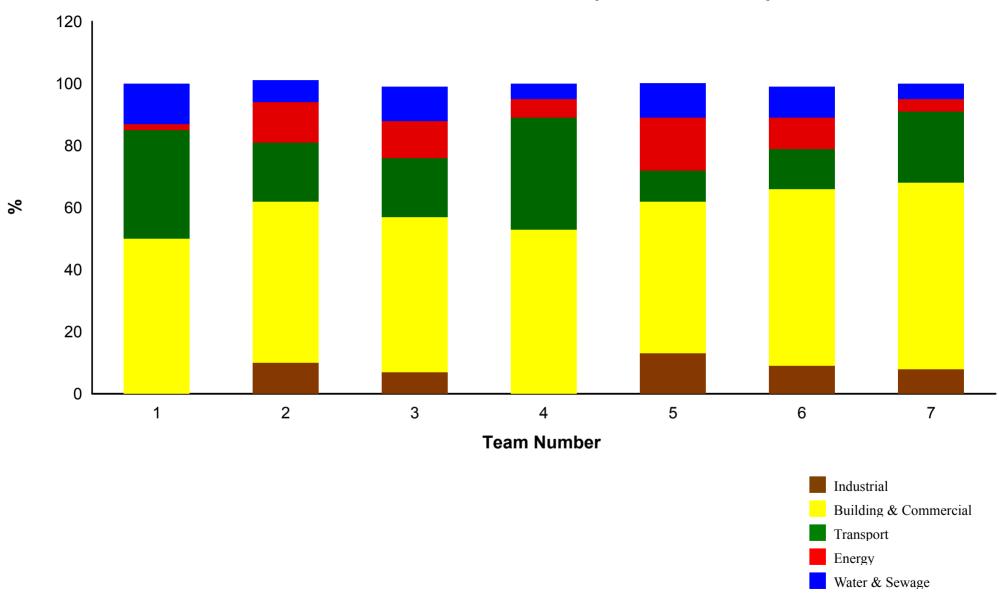


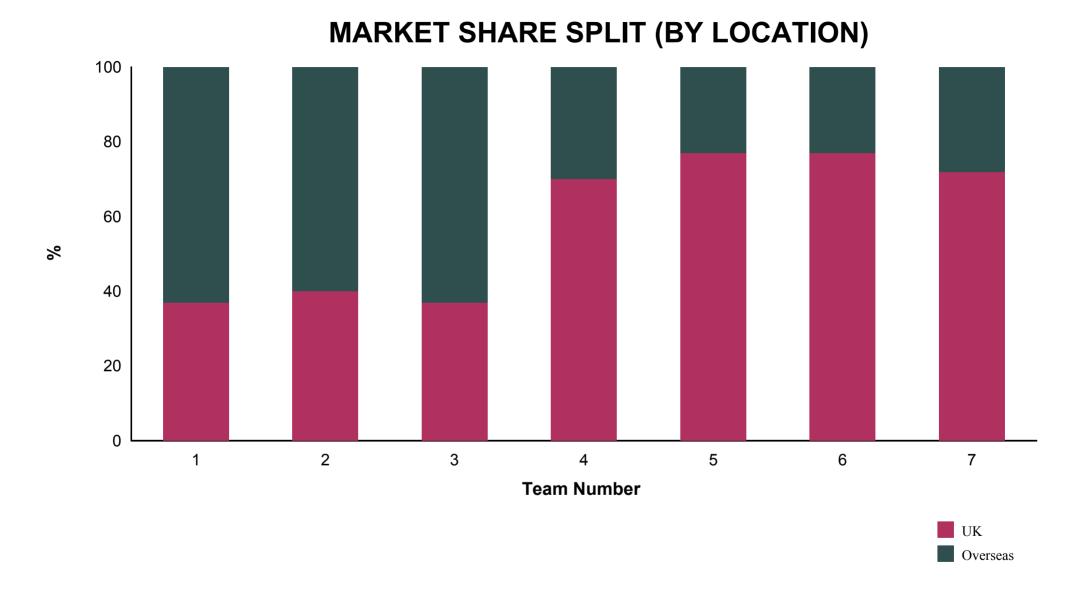
The level of dividend paid to shareholders should be in line with what the company can afford, and not exceed the operating profits of the business.



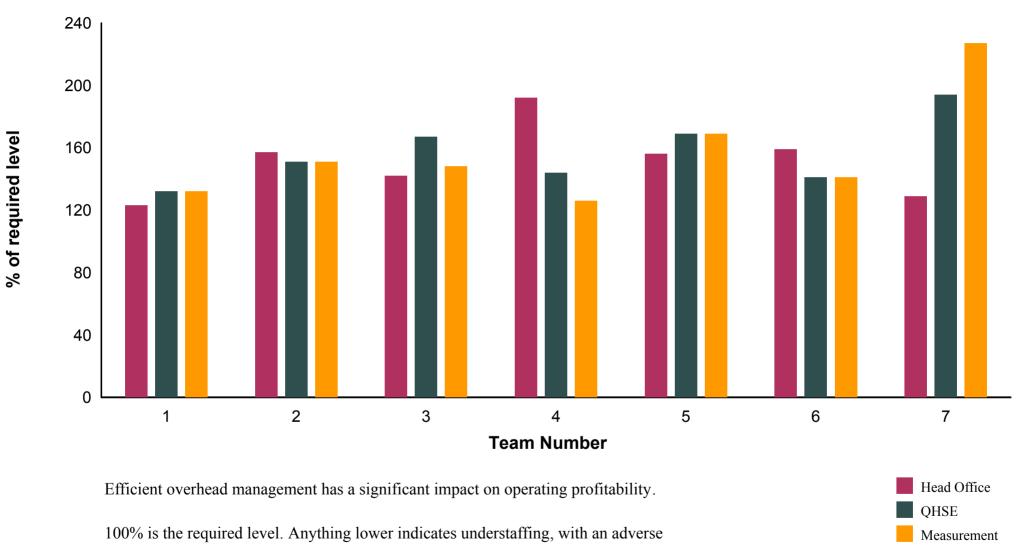
Developing an effective marketing strategy, and identifying new work in different sectors and locations (UK/Overseas) is critical to enable the business to grow by securing jobs through competitive bidding.

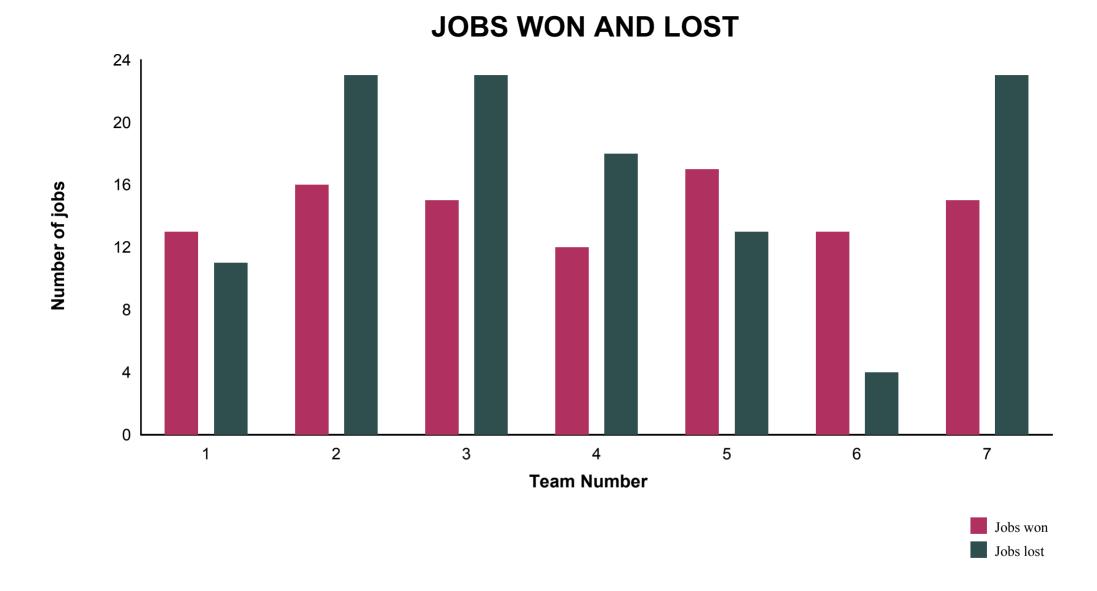
MARKET SHARE SPLIT (BY SECTOR)

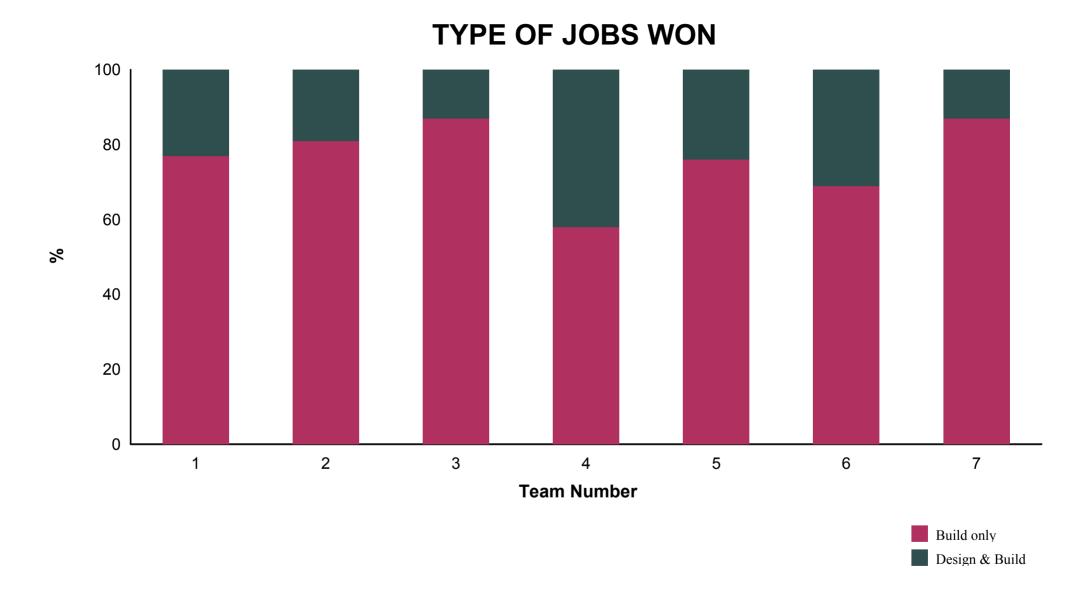


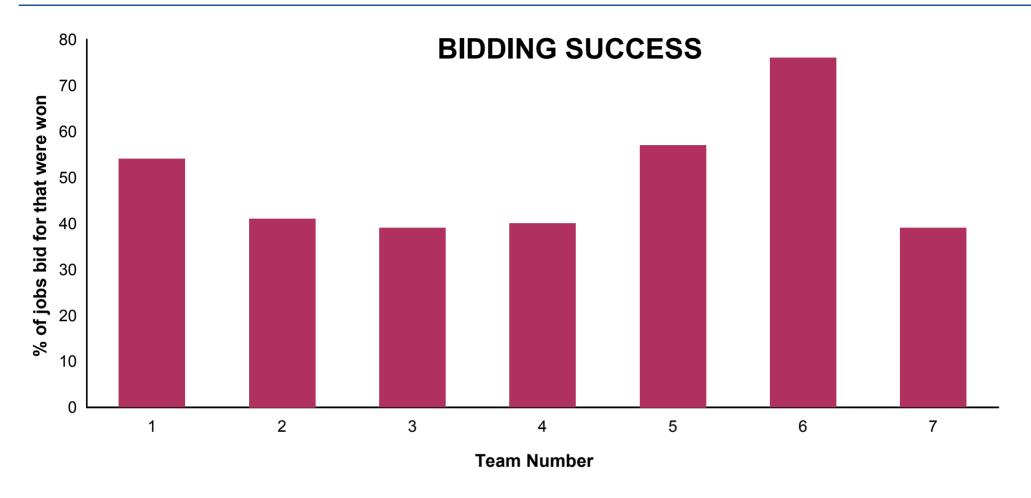


OVERHEAD STAFFING



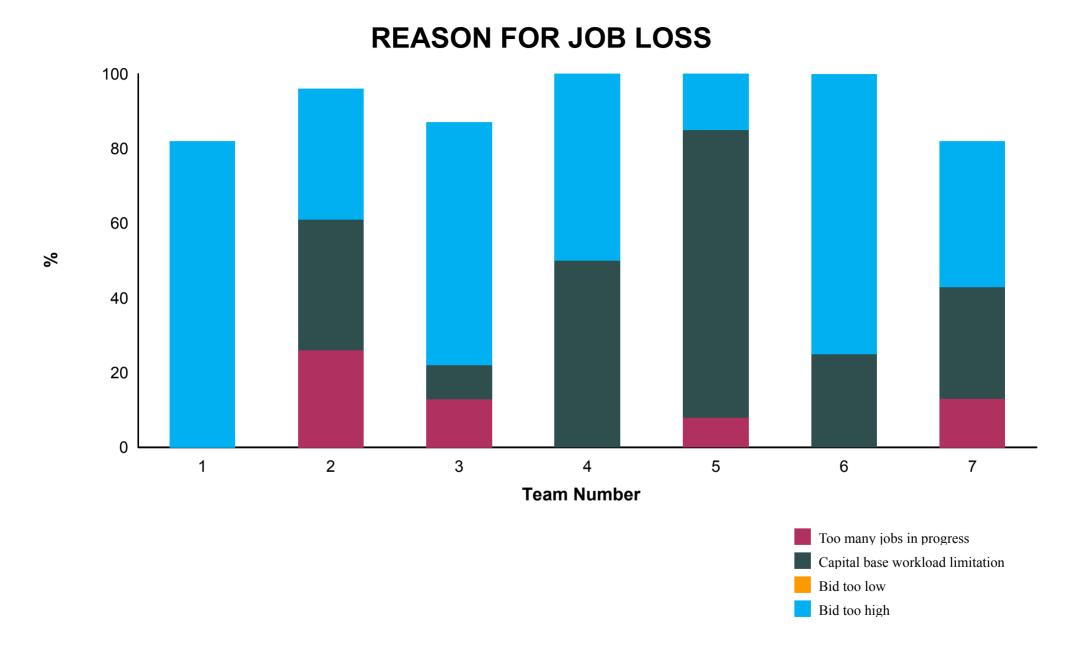


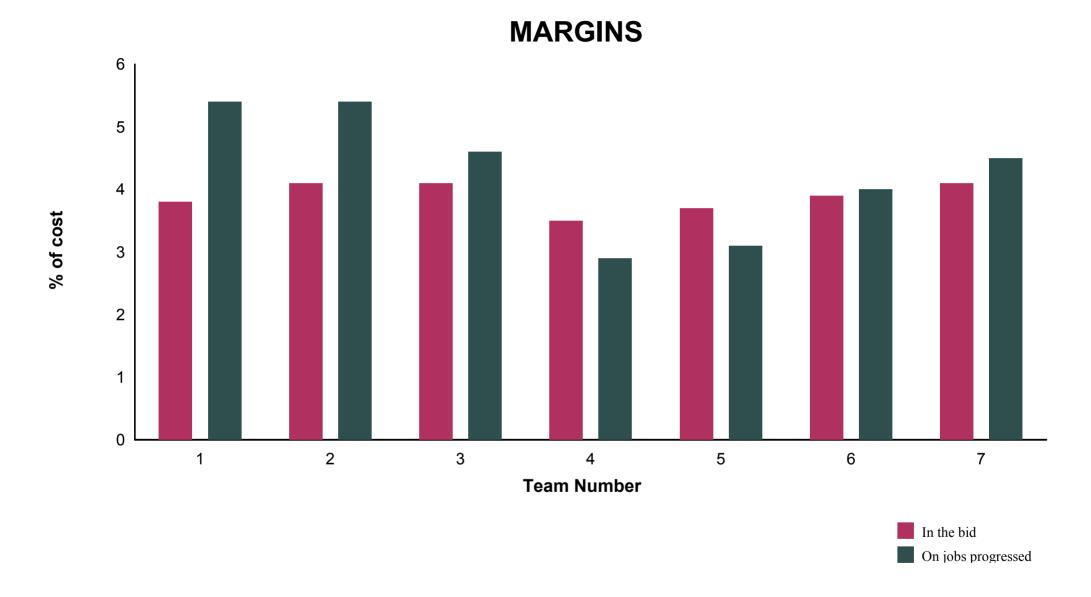


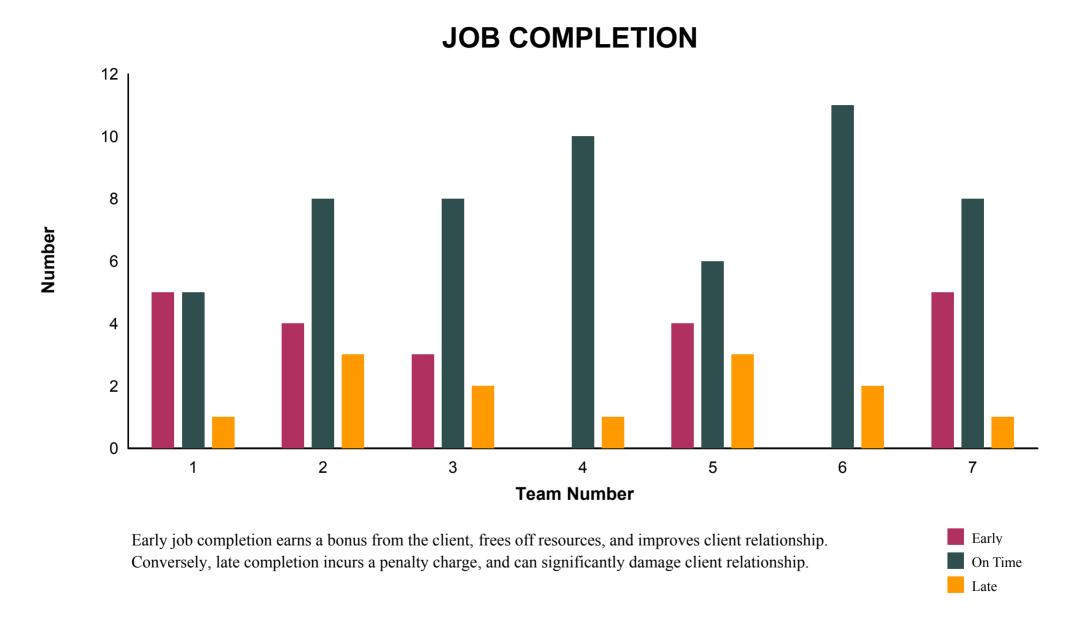


Every job that is bid for incurs a bidding cost putting the tender together, which increases overhead costs.

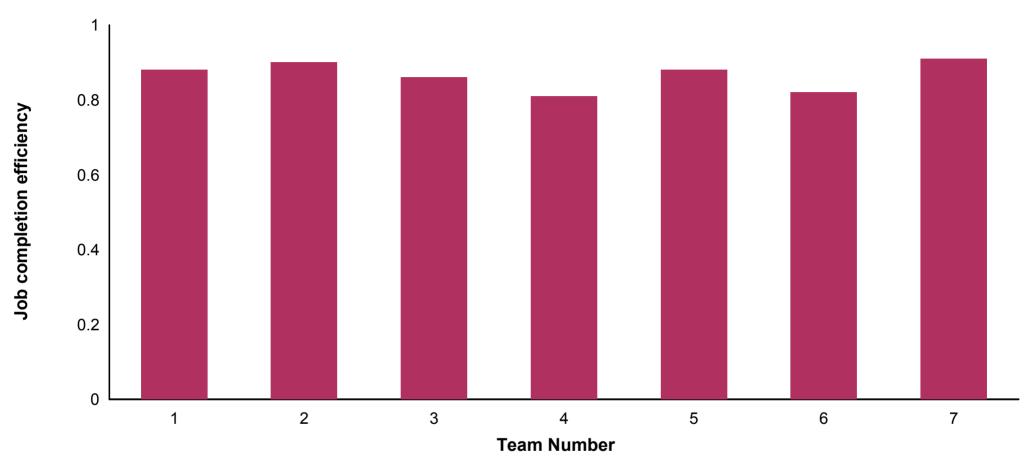
High bidding success keeps bidding costs to a minimum.







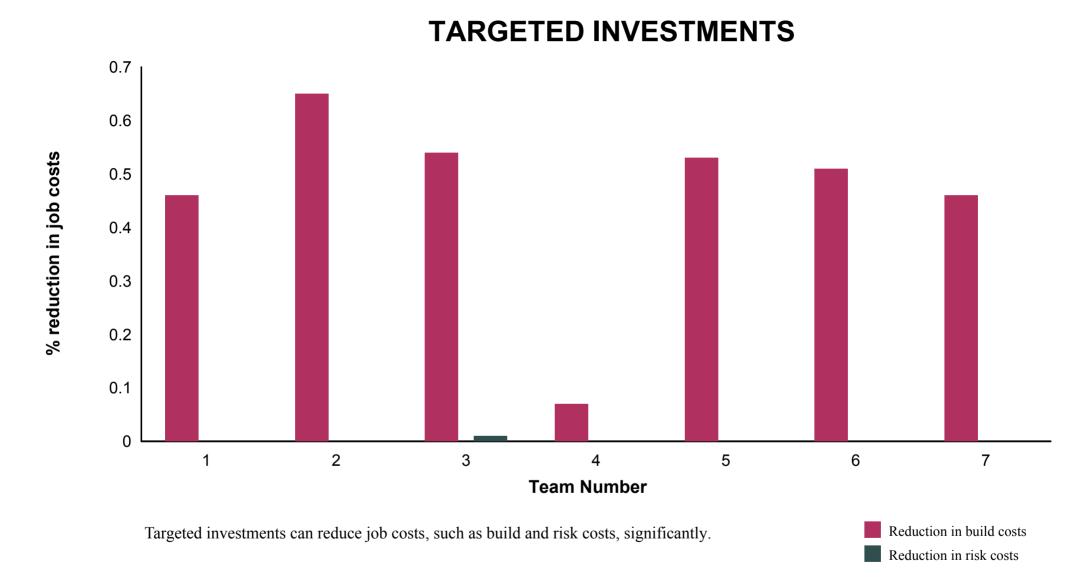
LABOUR MANAGEMENT



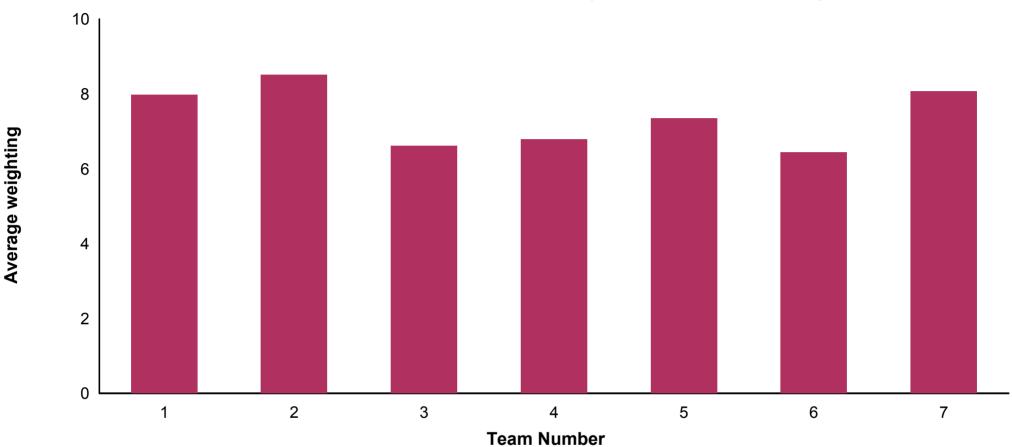
Completing jobs as efficiently as possible in terms of labour resourcing is key to maximising job profits.

The efficiency rating is from 0 to 1, where 1 is the optimum level.





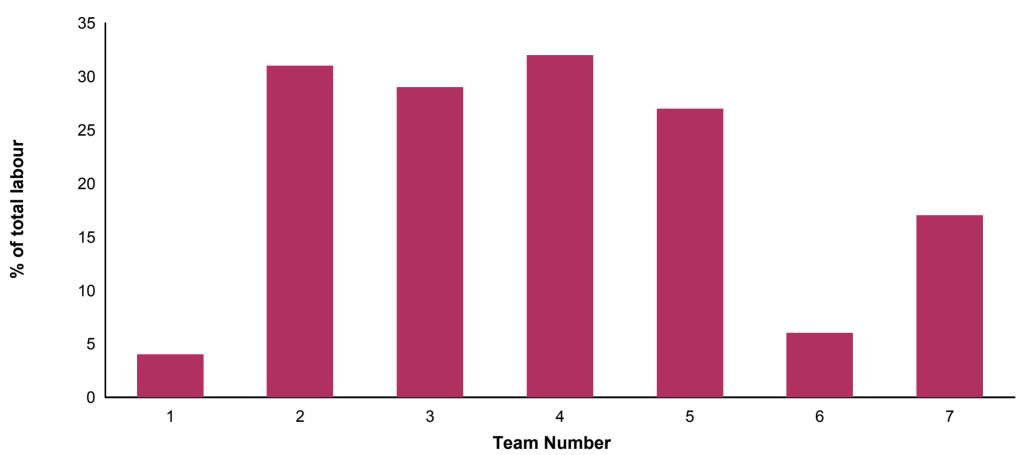
PROJECT MANAGER (PERFORMANCE)



A project manager with well-matched experience for a particular type of job will handle available resources more efficiently, whilst a project manager with inappropriate experience will impair contract efficiency.

Project managers are weighted from 1 (Poor) to 10 (The best possble).

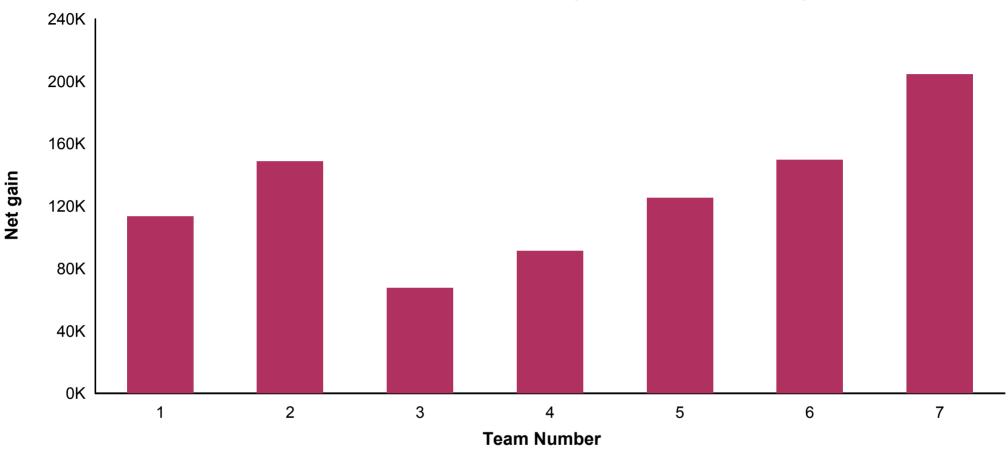
SUBCONTRACTOR USAGE



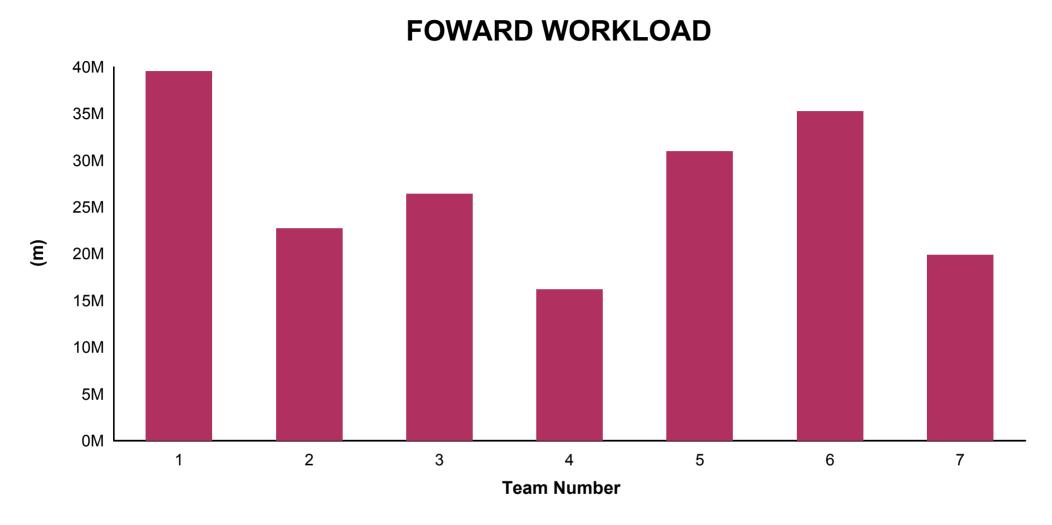
Subcontractor costs vary from country to country.

Excessive use of subcontractors can have an adverse affect on the morale of the company's own labour.

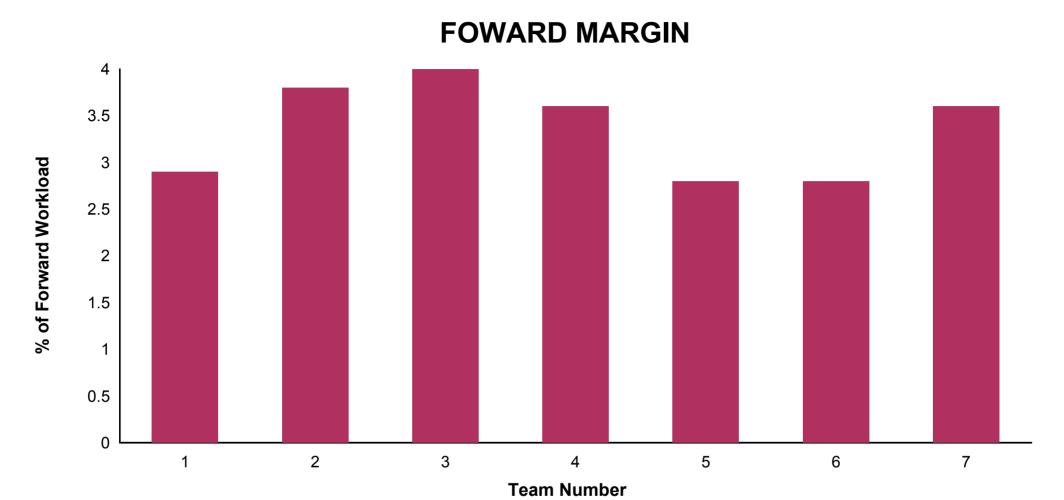




Paying a bonus to project managers not only prevents them from resigning, but can improve their productivity, with a potential net monetary gain (job profit).



As well as past performance, the future outlook in terms of forward workload is key to the future prosperity of the business.



Forward workload needs to be profitable, and the forward margin measures this.

