

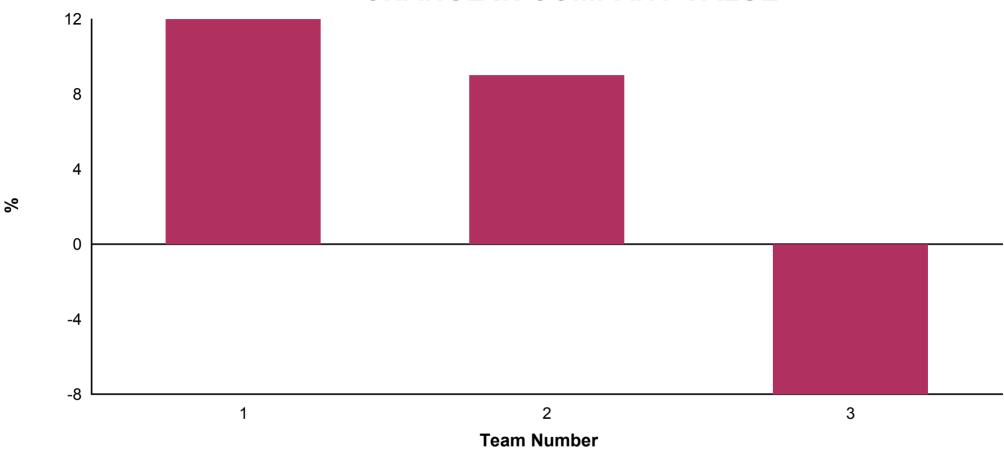
Birmingham City University / CPE Competition 2024

COMPARATIVE ASSESSMENT OF TEAMS REPORT

			CURRENT POSITION				DURING TIME IN CHARGE											
								PROCUR	EMENT	JOB PROGRESSION			COMPANY PROFITABILITY			COMPANY VALUE		
				Ch = i				Average value of	A	A	Average amount		Average amount	Average	Average amount	A	Average change in	
		No.	Chg in	Chg in Share Price	F/ward	F/ward	Market	work won each period	Average margin in jobs	Average t/over each	job profit each	job	gross profit each	amount overhead cost each	operating profit each	Average dividend paid each	company value each	
No.	Name	pers	Value	Value	W/load	Margin	Share	P	won	period	period	profit	period	period	period	period	period	
1	Star	5	12 %	9 %	37.9 m	3.8 %	24 %	17.4 m	4.1 %	13.4 m	0.5 m	3.5 %	453,768	188,502	203,747	66,000	116,276	
2	Excellent Construction L	5	9 %	37 %	32.6 m	3.9 %	23 %	16.4 m	4.3 %	13.4 m	0.5 m	3.8 %	485,360	222,312	197,699	106,000	87,424	
3	VFP Company	5	-8 %	-10 %	43.3 m	3.3 %	26 %	19.2 m	3.9 %	14.1 m	0.4 m	2.6 %	338.885	245.406	52,998	110.280	-79.071	

CURRENT POSITION

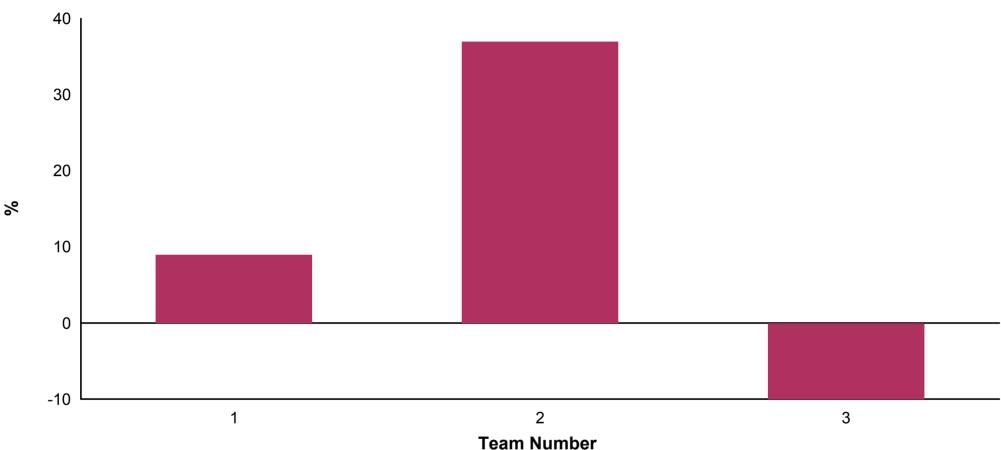




The key to growing the business successfully is in improving its value.

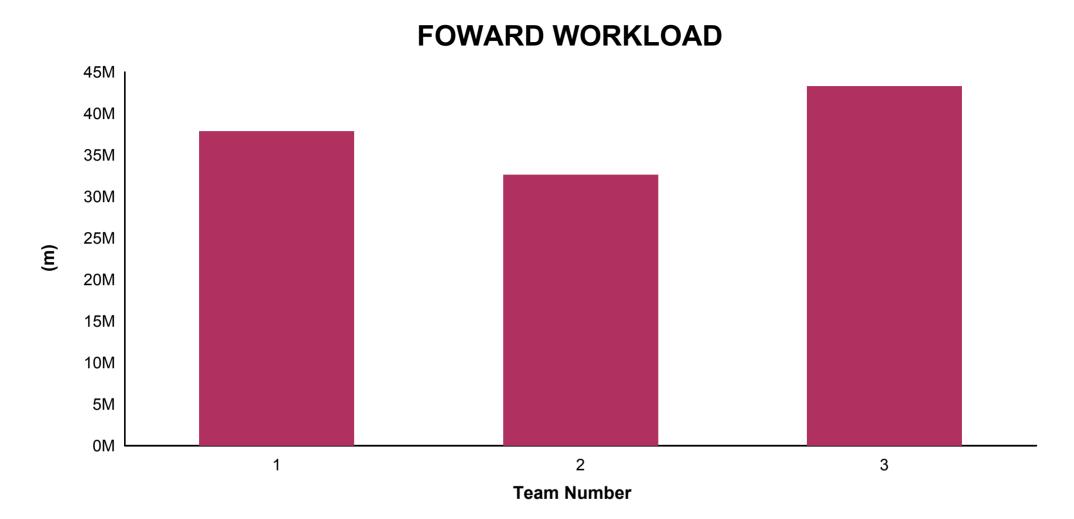
This is achieved by winning plenty of new work, progressing jobs profitably and keeping overhead costs under control.





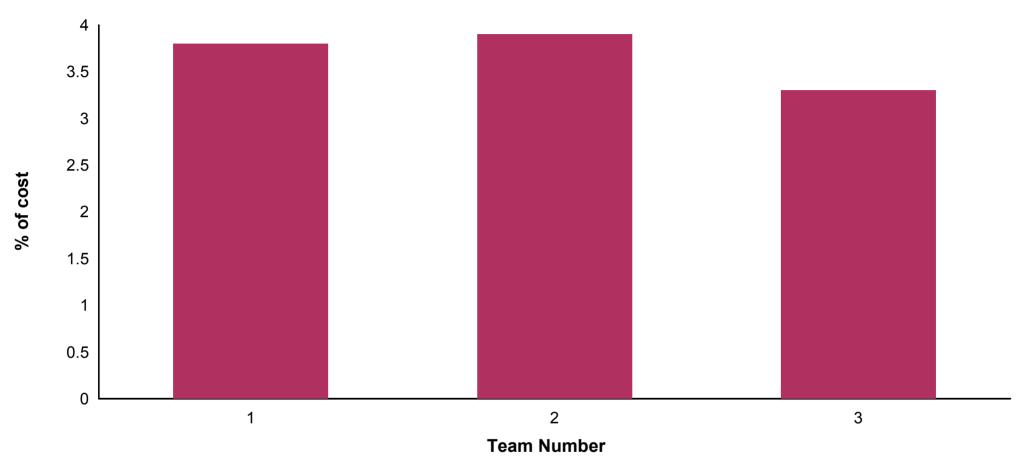
The company's share price is one of the key performance indicators in measuring the success or failure of the company, with a rising share price signifying increasing industry confidence in the fortunes of the company.

The share price is influenced by the level of dividend paid to the shareholders, the value of the company, the future profitability of the company and the debt burden (gearing ratio) of the company.



As well as past performance, the future outlook in terms of forward workload is key to the future prosperity of the business.

FOWARD MARGIN

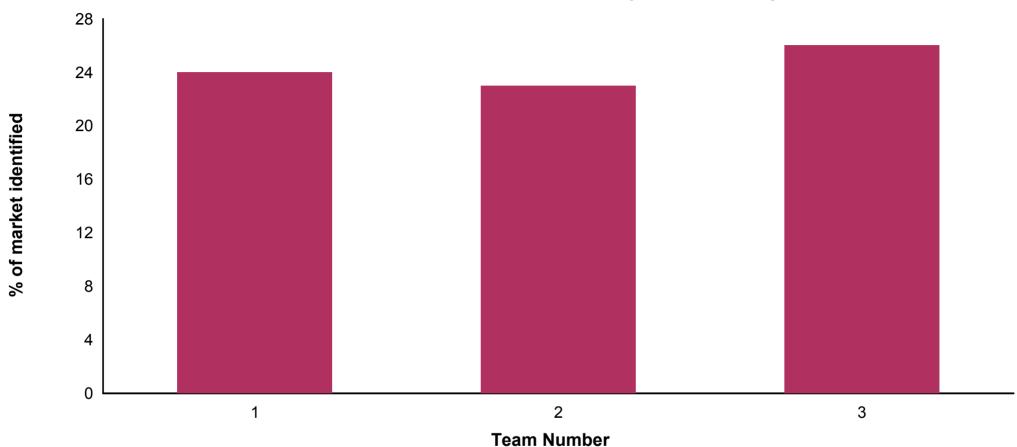


Forward workload needs to be profitable, and the forward margin measures this.

IDENTIFYING NEW WORK

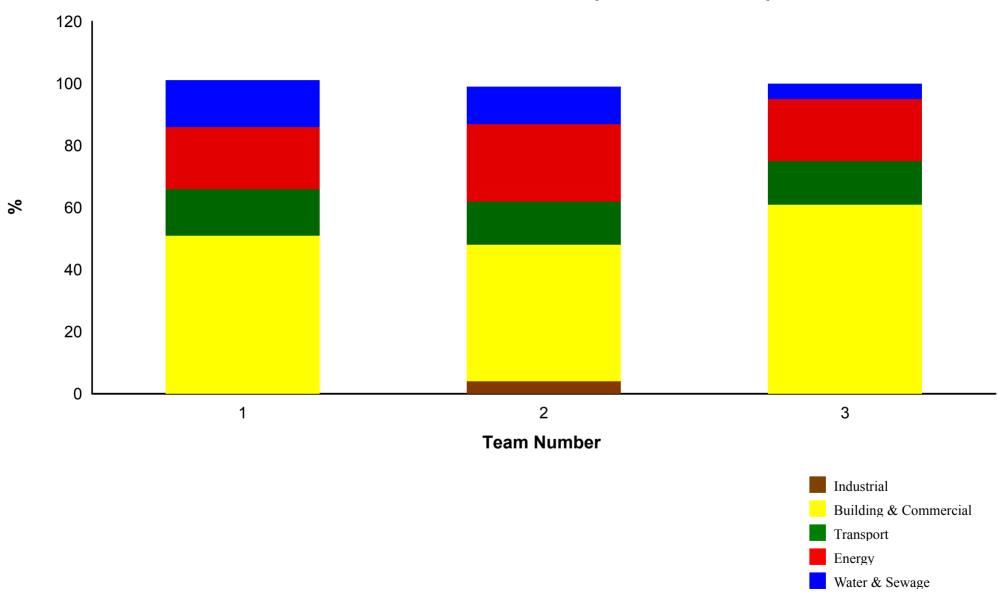
Market share is increased by identifying new work in different sectors and locations (UK/Overseas)



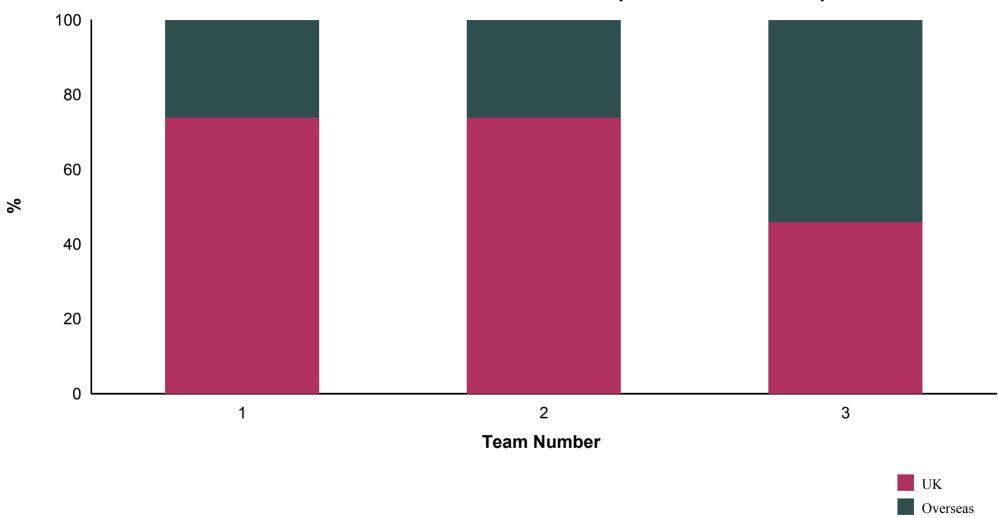


Developing an effective marketing strategy, and identifying new work in different sectors and locations (UK/Overseas) is critical to enable the business to grow by securing jobs through competitive bidding.

MARKET SHARE SPLIT (BY SECTOR)



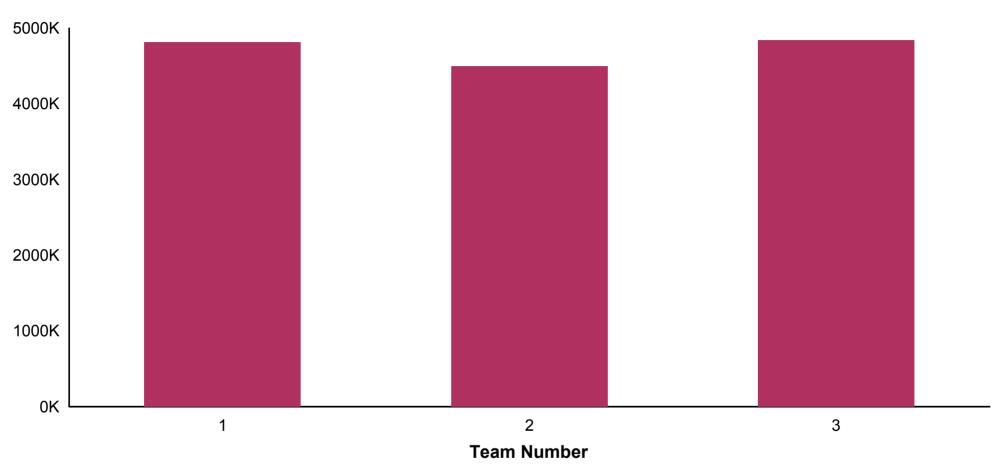




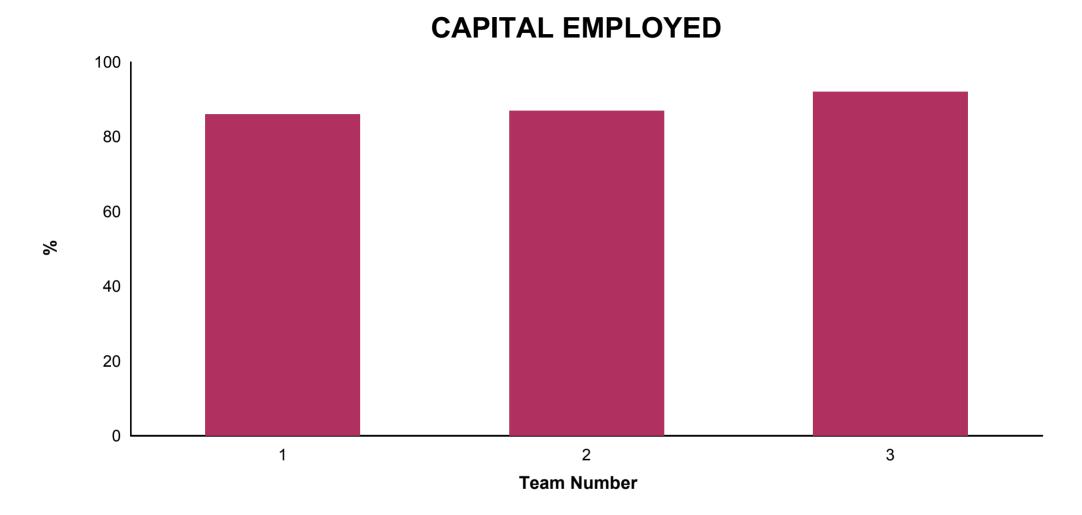
EXPANDING THE COMPANY INFRASTRUCTURE

Having identified new work through the marketing decisions, the amount of new work that could be potentially won depends upon the size of the company's infrastructure, or capital base.

AVERAGE CAPITAL BASE SIZE EACH PERIOD



Expanding the company's capital base (infrastructure) enables more work to be underaken, and potentially more growth.

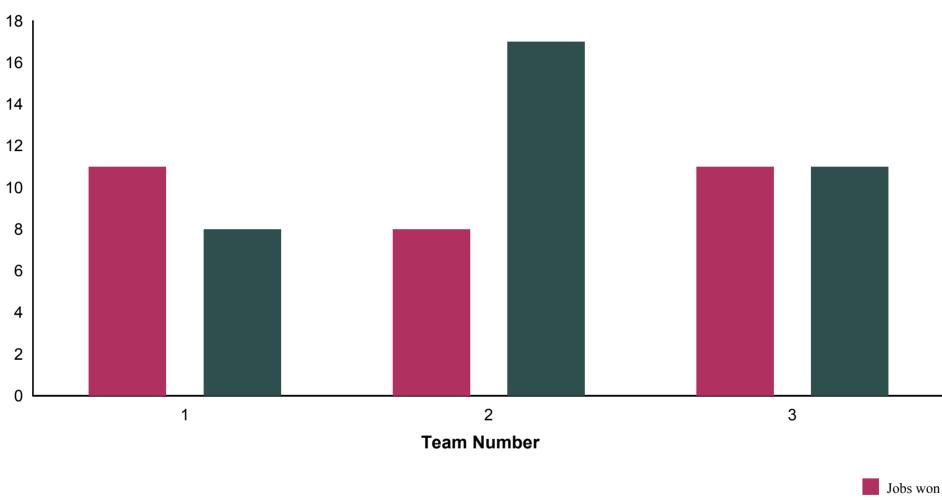


The Capital Employed measures how much of the company's capital base (infrastructure) is being utilised through winning new work.

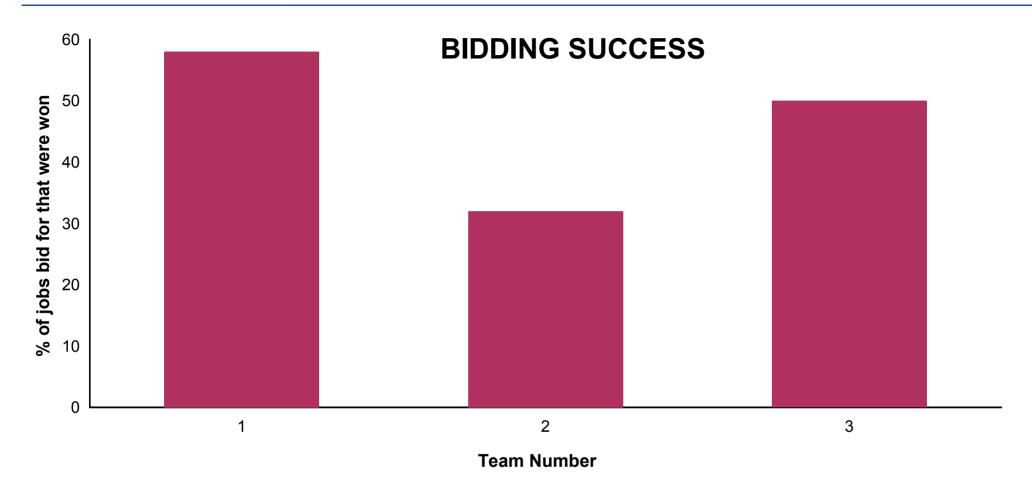
WINNING NEW WORK

To grow the business it is essential that the company is able to win new work in a competitive bidding environment





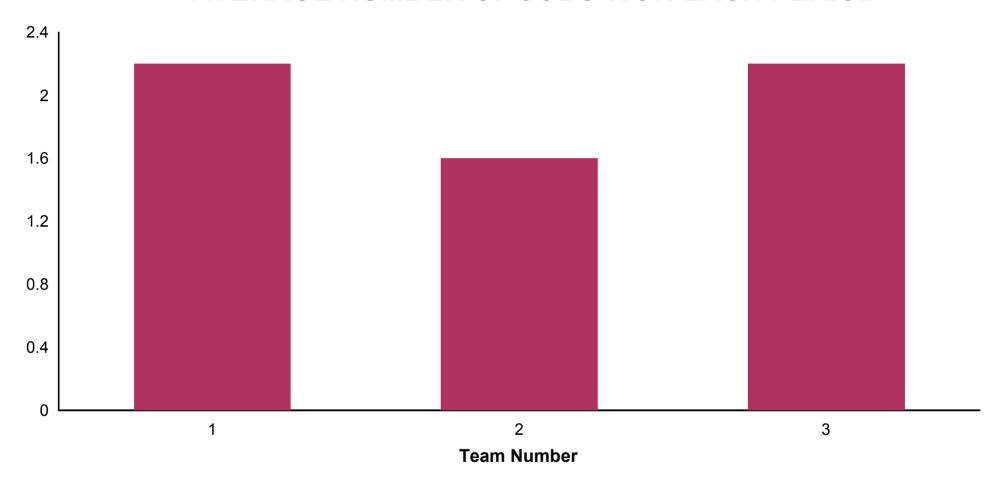
Jobs lost

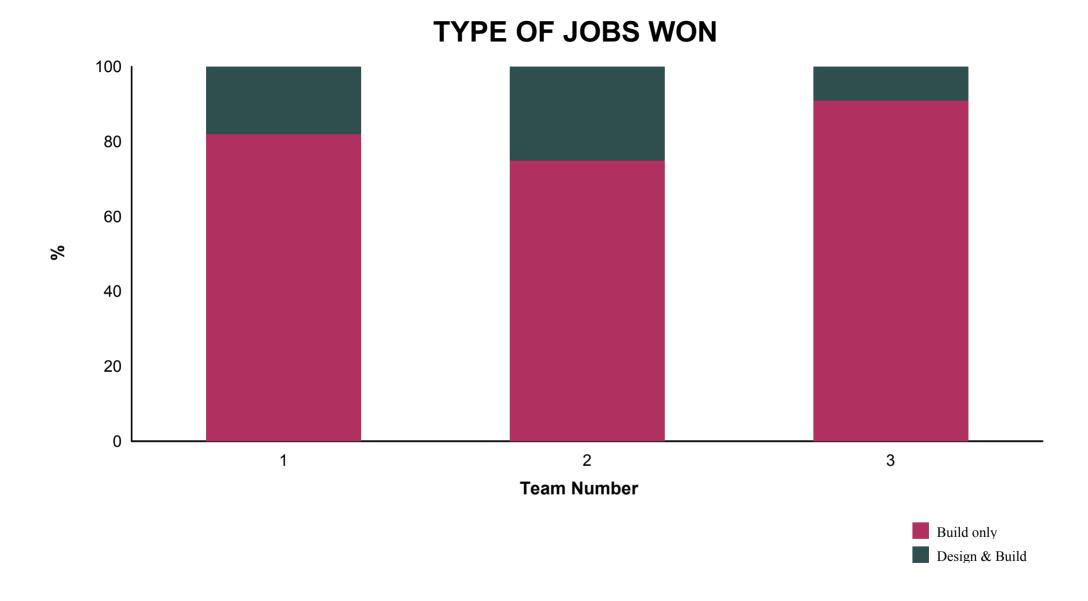


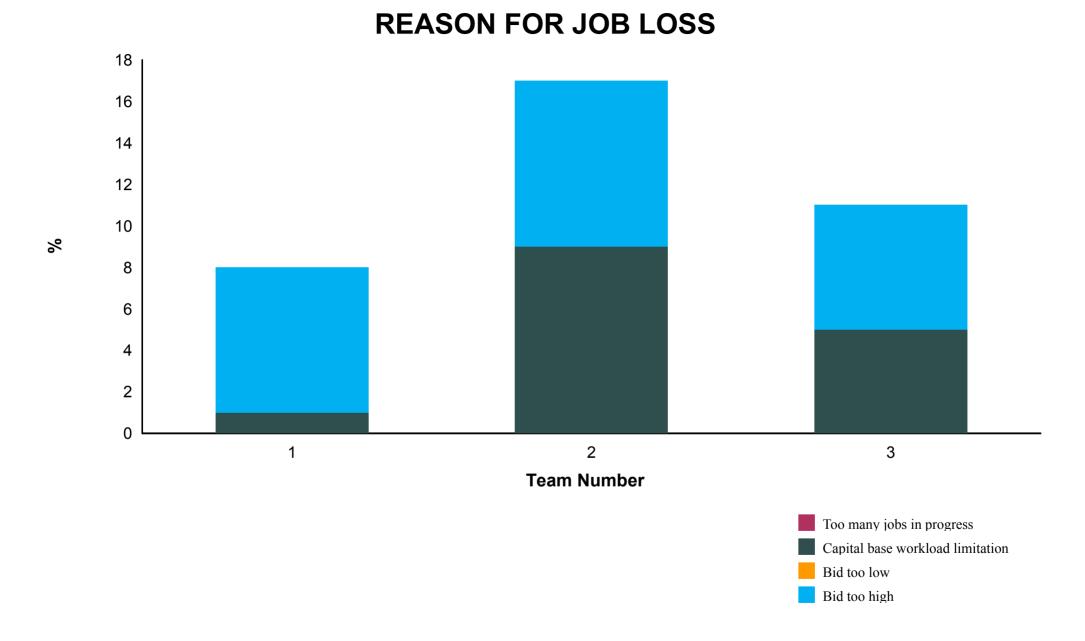
Every job that is bid for incurs a bidding cost putting the tender together, which increases overhead costs.

High bidding success keeps bidding costs to a minimum.

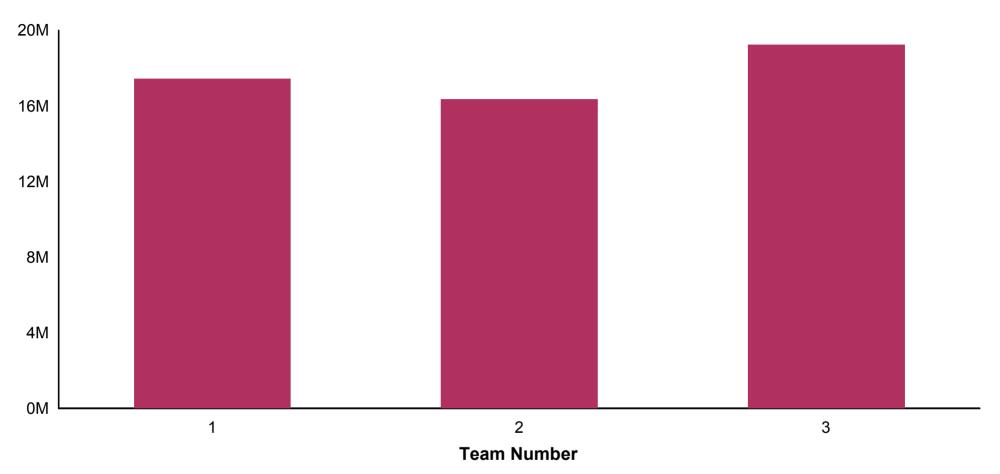
AVERAGE NUMBER OF JOBS WON EACH PERIOD



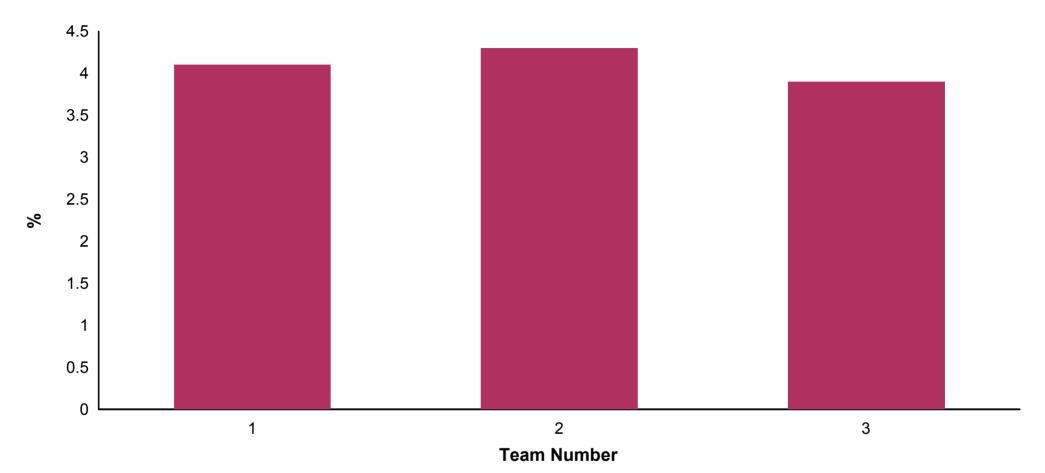




AVERAGE VALUE OF WORK WON EACH PERIOD



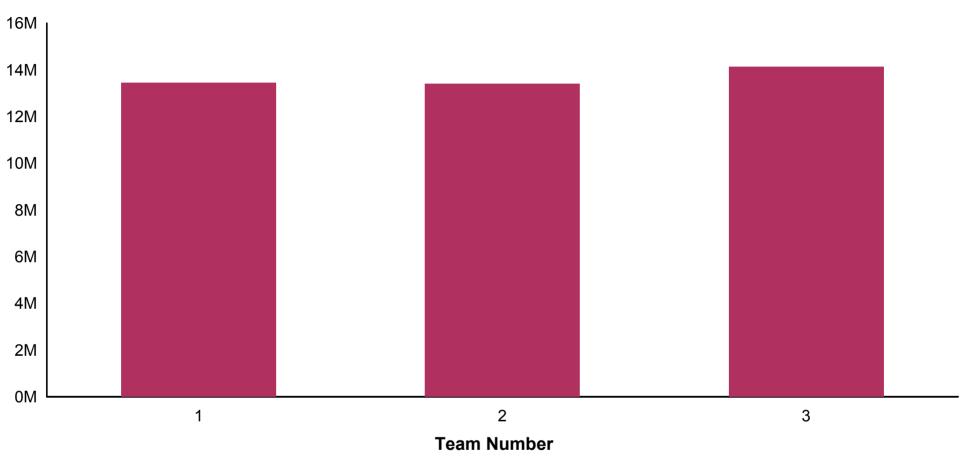
MARGIN IN WORK WON



TURNOVER

If the company is able to win more new work, this should be reflected in an increase in the turnover, or the amount of work progressed.

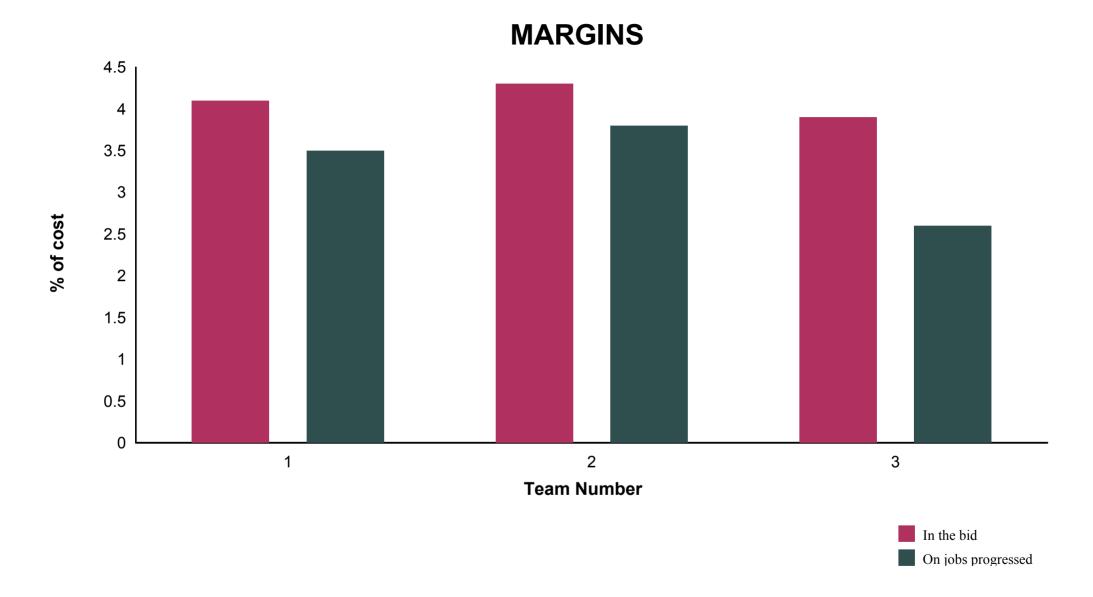
AVERAGE TURNOVER EACH PERIOD



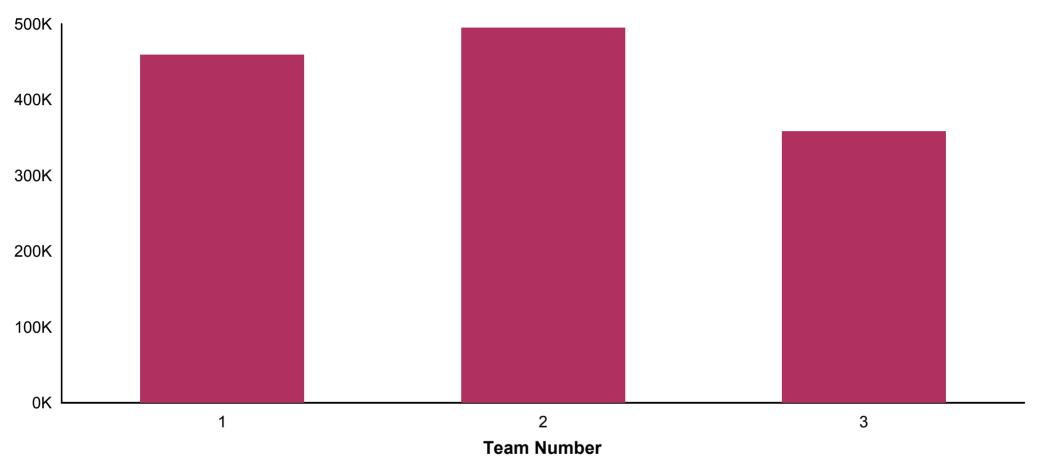
Identifying and securing new work ensures that the turnover (monies earned) across all jobs progressed is healthy.

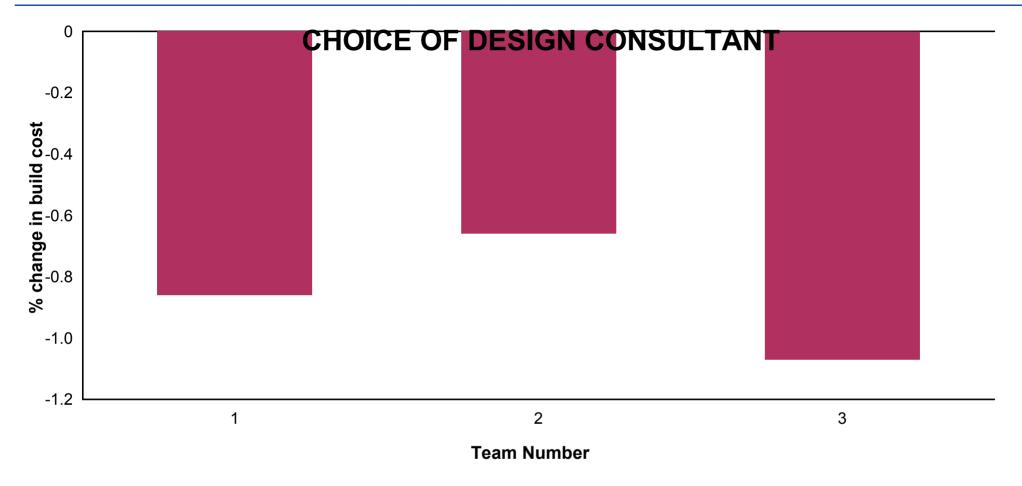
JOB PROFIT

Turnover is required to grow the business, but managing jobs in progress as profitably as possible is the key to improving the value of the business.



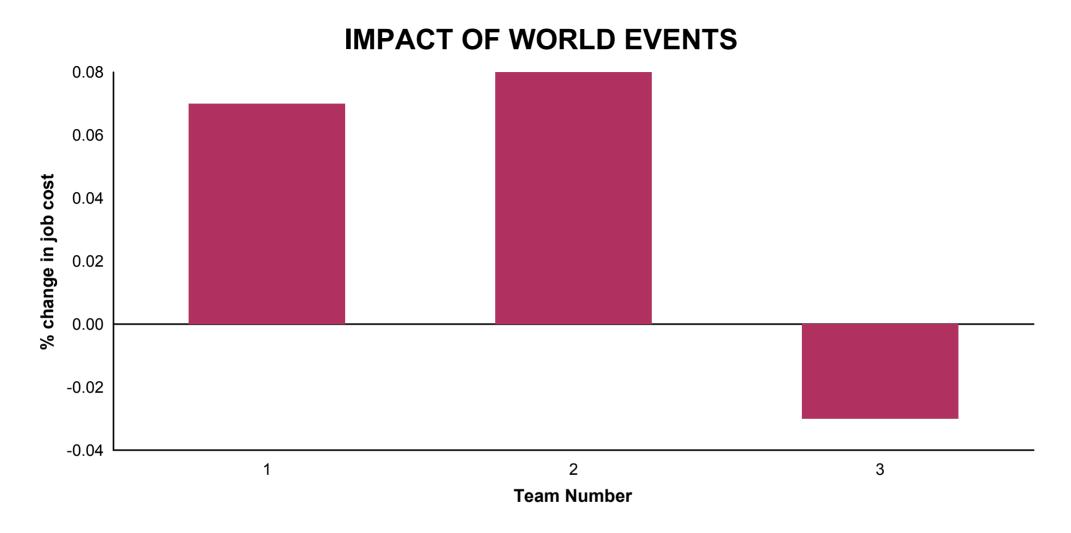
AVERAGE AMOUNT OF JOB PROFIT EACH PERIOD

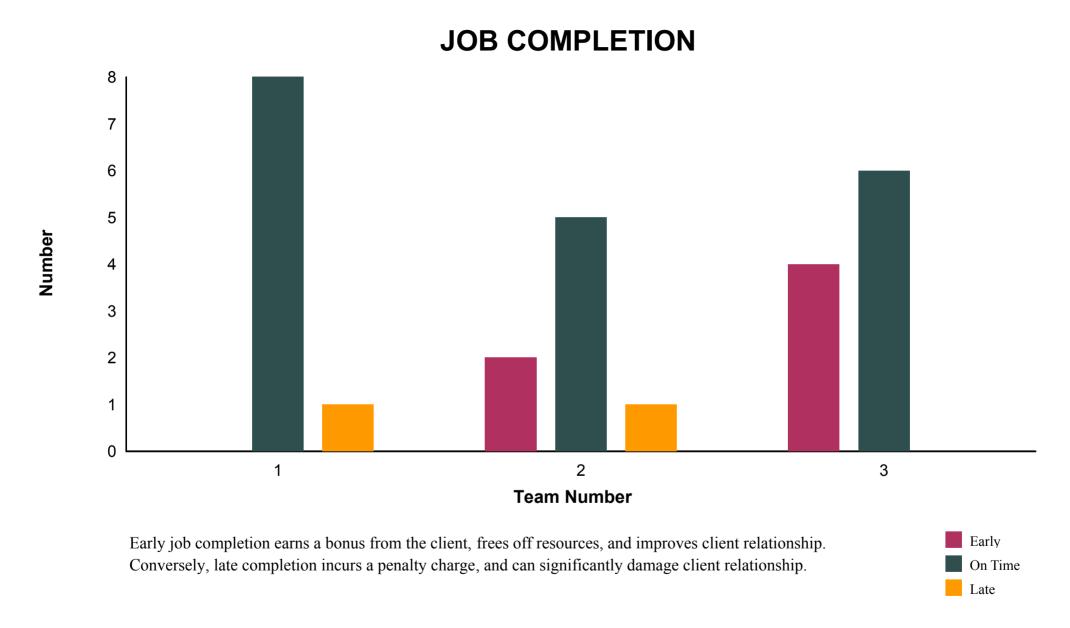




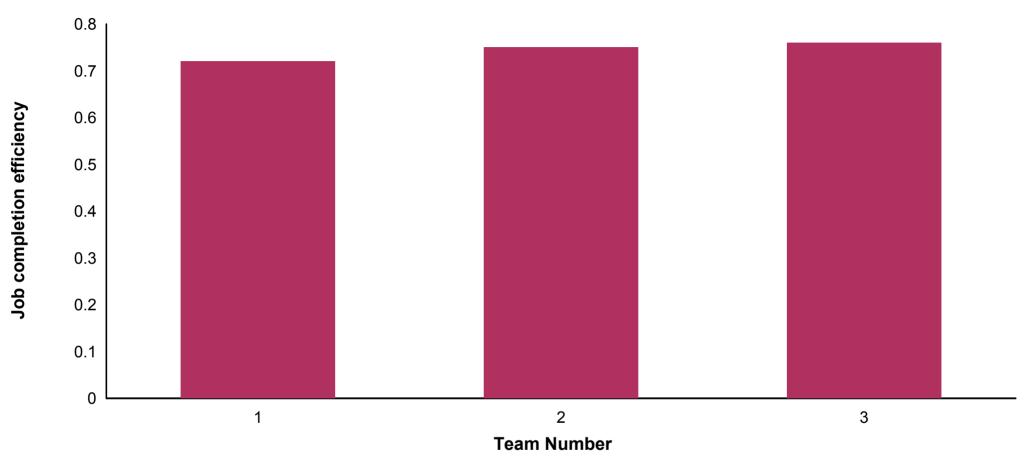
The choice of design consultant for Design and Build jobs can have a significant impact on the build costs.

Consultants with appropriate expertise and BIM experience produce designs that reduce the expected build cost when a job is progressed, which improves the profit margin on the job.



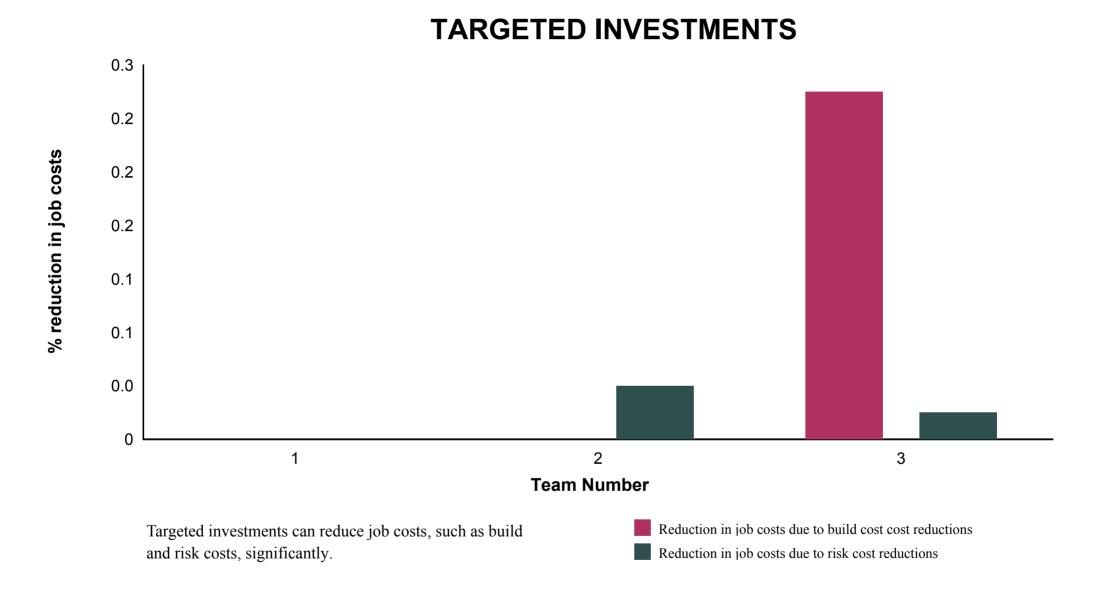


LABOUR MANAGEMENT



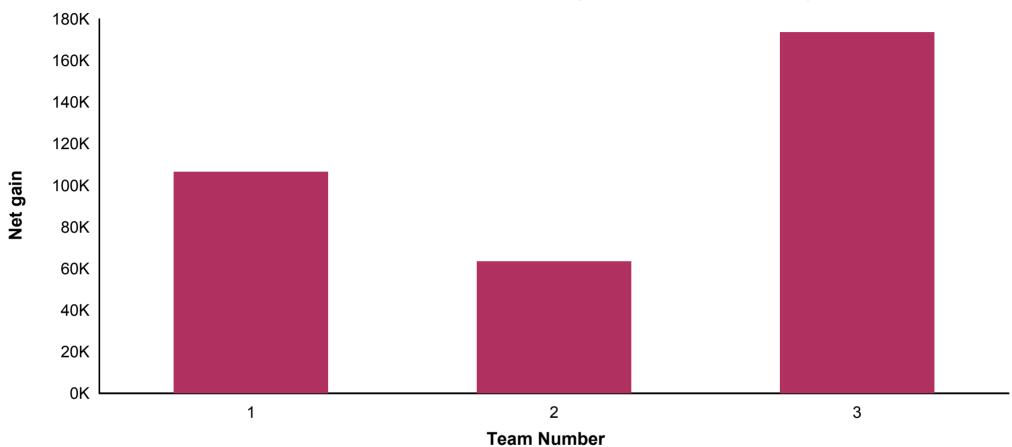
Completing jobs as efficiently as possible in terms of labour resourcing is key to maximising job profits.

The efficiency rating is from 0 to 1, where 1 is the optimum level.



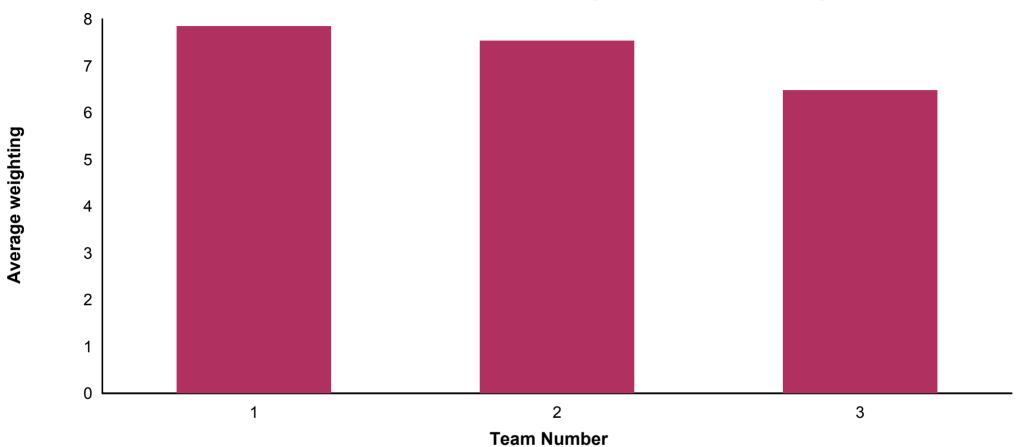






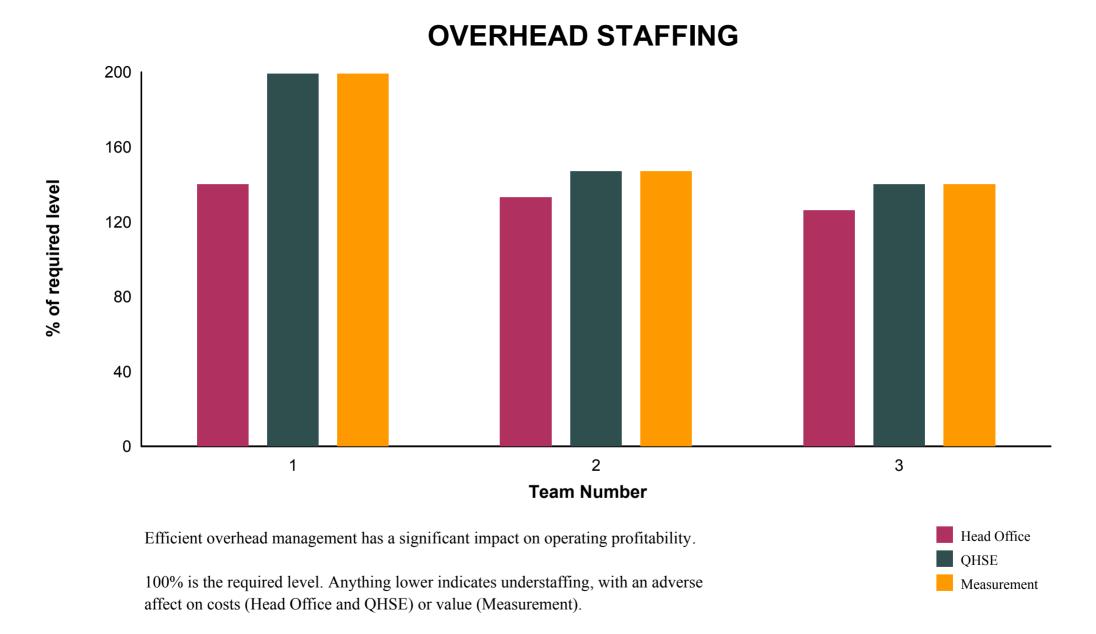
Paying a bonus to project managers not only prevents them from resigning, but can improve their productivity, with a potential net monetary gain (job profit).

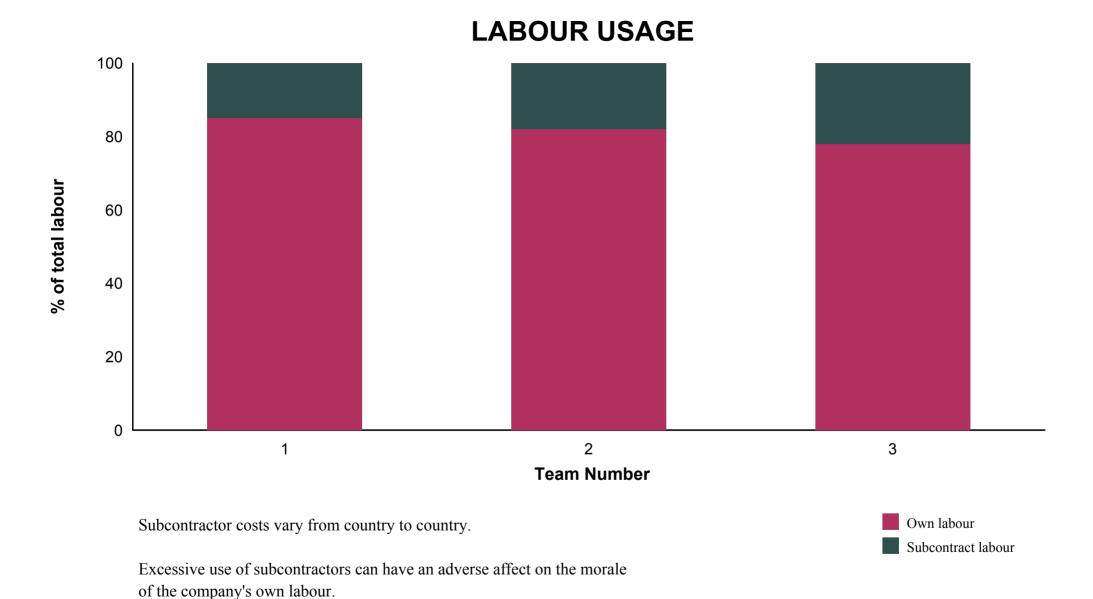
PROJECT MANAGER (PERFORMANCE)

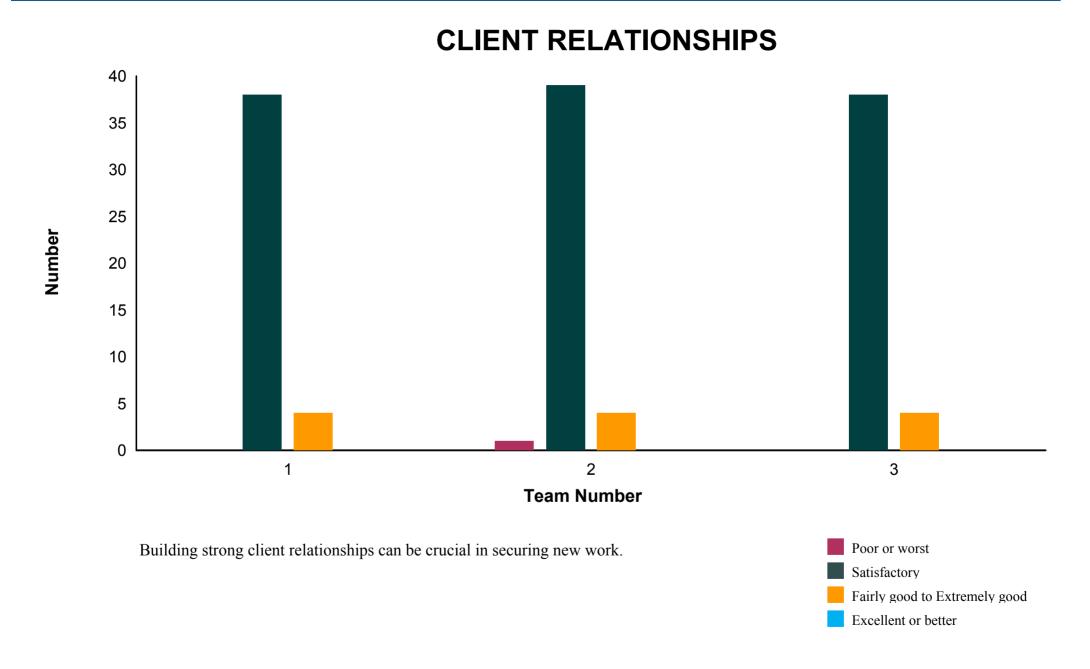


A project manager with well-matched experience for a particular type of job will handle available resources more efficiently, whilst a project manager with inappropriate experience will impair contract efficiency.

Project managers are weighted from 1 (Poor) to 10 (The best possble).

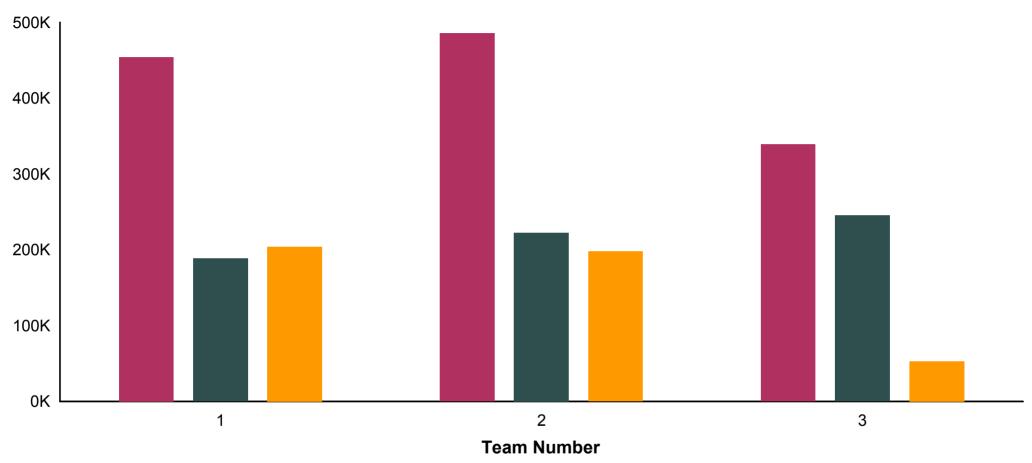






CHANGE IN COMPANY VALUE

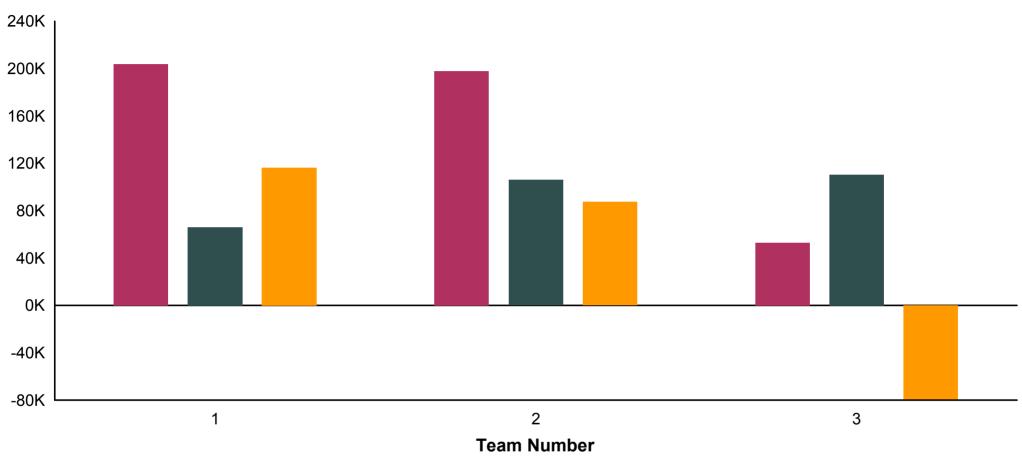
AVERAGE COMPANY PROFITS AND COSTS EACH PERIOD



Ultimately the Operating profit improves the value of the business, going straight into the Cash Account.

OPERATING PROFIT = GROSS PROFIT - OVERHEAD COSTS

CHANGE IN COMPANY VALUE EACH PERIOD



The value of the company is reduced by paying dividends to shareholders.

So long as the dividend payments are offset by higher operating profit, the value of the business will continue to rise.

