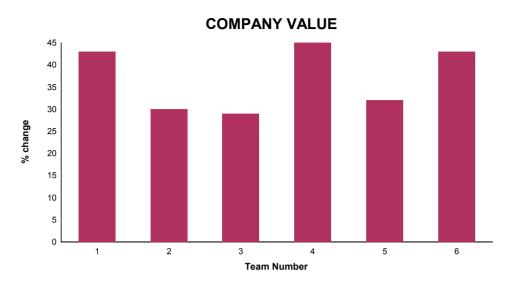


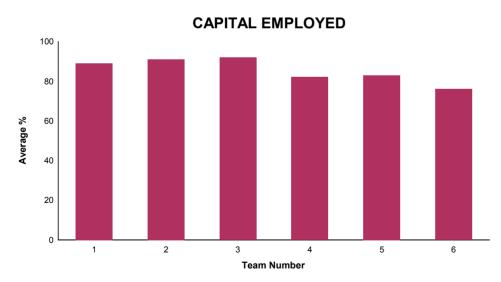
Waterford Institute of Technology Competition 2015

COMPARATIVE ASSESSMENT OF TEAMS REPORT

		FINANCE		OVERHEADS											PROCUREMENT				JOB PROGRESSION		
No. Name	No. of periods in charge	% change in Comp Value	% change in Share Price	% Market	Marketing Department % Market Share Split (By Sector)				Location		% of required staffing level allocated for Head Office, QHSE and Measurement Departments		No. Jobs Bid	No. Jobs	No. Jobs	% Bidding Success	(% Job				
				Share	IND	B&C	TRA	ENE	W&S	UK	OVR	H/O	QHSE	MEA	For Won Lo	Lost	Rate	Profit	Costs	Profit	
1 GKM Group	8	43	110	25	10	41	20	17	11	73	27	158	163	163	32	21	11	66	5.9	1.6	3.3
2 SDE Contracting Ltd	8	30	21	27	3	13	32	31	21	53	47	123	131	131	29	17	12	59	4.7	1.7	2.2
3 Determined Deise	8	29	90	34	31	69	0	0	0	31	69	126	142	142	43	18	25	42	5.7	1.8	3.0
4 NAMA ISH	8	45	93	24	5	32	58	3	1	28	72	152	184	184	29	12	17	41	7.2	2.4	3.7
5 Munster Mash	8	32	67	31	1	31	11	54	2	27	73	135	156	156	28	11	17	39	6.8	2.0	3.7
6 TWIOO	8	43	99	29	4	41	7	3	45	32	68	154	188	188	25	11	14	44	7.8	2.6	4.0



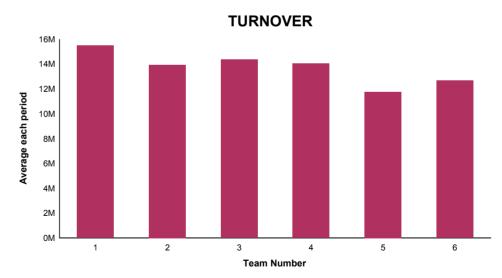
Increasing the value of the business is the prime objective of the management team.



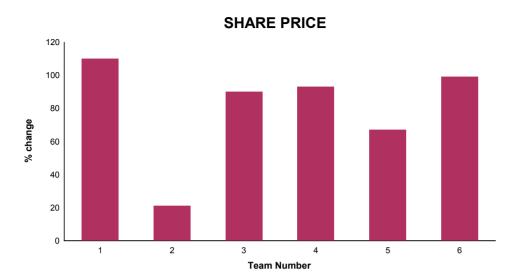
The Capital Employed measures how much of the company's capital base (infrastructure) is being utilised through winning and progressing work.



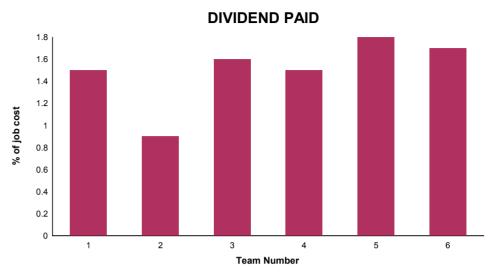
Managing jobs as profitably as possible, and keeping overhead costs under control, are both key drivers in ensuring that the company's operating profit is as healthy as possible. This ultimately feeds into the cash account, and affects company value.



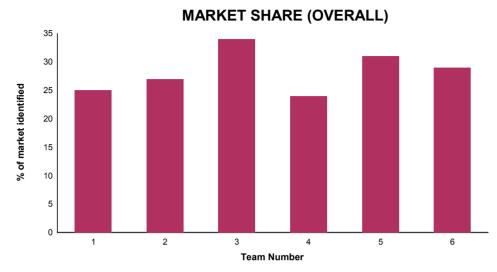
Identifying and securing new work ensures that the turnover (monies earned) across all jobs progressed is healthy.



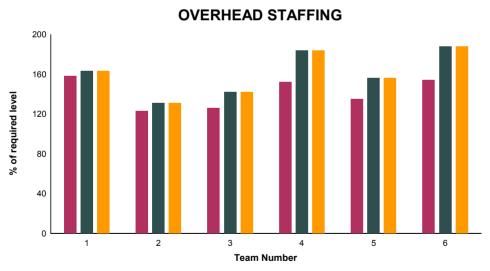
Shareholders like receiving high dividends. However, it is the company's share price, which takes into account a number of factors, that reflects how well a business is performing.



The level of dividend paid to shareholders should be in line with what the company can afford, and not exceed the operating profits of the business.



Developing an effective marketing strategy, and identifying new work in different sectors and locations (UK/Overseas) is critical to enable the business to grow by securing jobs through competitive bidding.



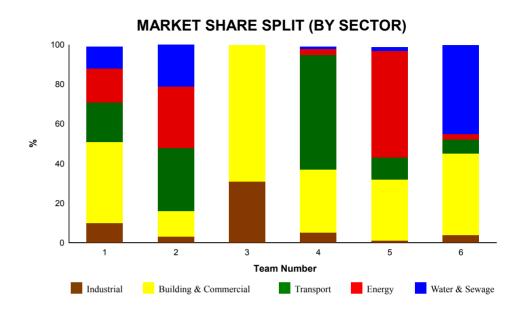
Efficient overhead management has a significant impact on operating profitability.

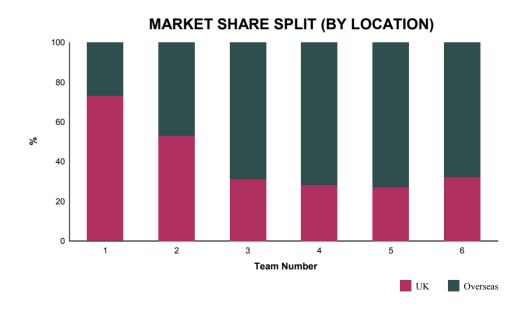
100% was the benchmark to have no adverse affects on costs and value, but the optimum level was 200%.

Head Office

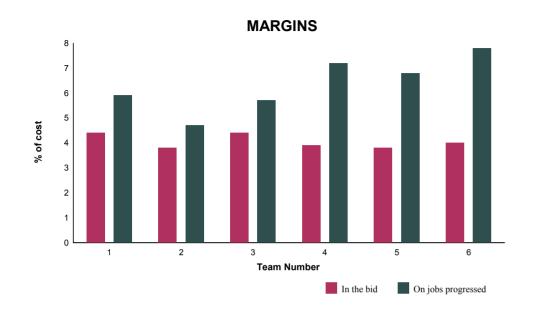
QHSE

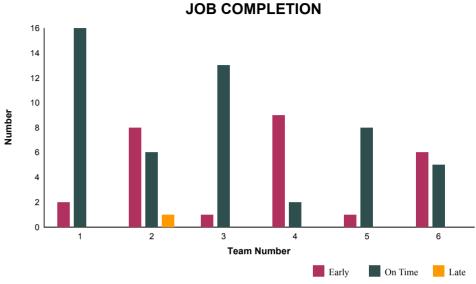
Measurement





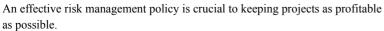


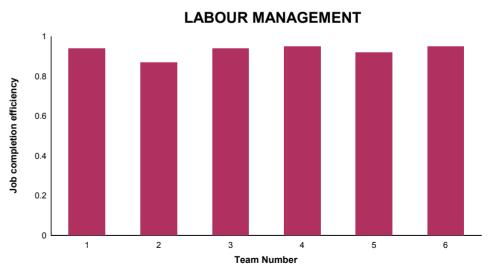




Early job completion earns a bonus from the client, frees off resources, and improves client relationship. Conversely, late completion incurs a penalty charge, and can significantly damage client relationship.

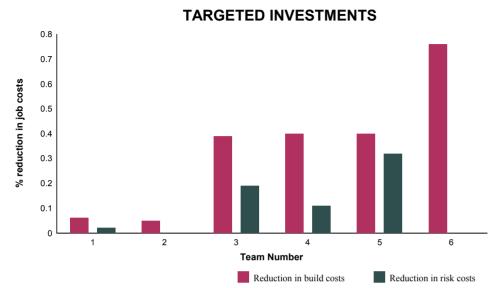




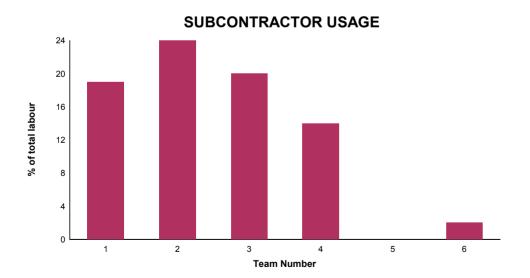


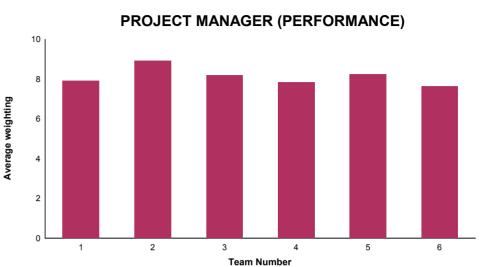
Completing jobs as efficiently as possible in terms of labour resourcing is key to maximising job profits.

The efficiency rating is from 0 to 1, where 1 is the optimum level.



Targeted investments can reduce job costs, such as build and risk costs, significantly.





A project manager with well-matched experience for a particular type of job will handle available resources more efficiently, whilst a project manager with inappropriate experience will impair contract efficiency.

Project managers are weighted from 1 (Poor) to 10 (The best possble).



Paying a bonus to project managers not only prevents them from resigning, but can improve their productivity, with a potential net monetary gain (job profit).



