## ENGINUITY TUTORIAL



## Bidding Strategy

## Bidding Strategy

Each period the company is able to bid for a selection of jobs based upon the Marketing Decisions in the previous period.

The choice of which jobs to bid for can be crucial in order to win enough new work to keep growing the business.

## Bidding Strategy

Change period Assessing performance Industry information Help
PROCUREMENT RESTRICTIONS
Company Based Limitations

## NUMBER OF JOBS IN PROGRESS

At the start of the period, the number of jobs in progress is: The number of jobs in progress after bidding cannot exceed Hence, the maximum number of jobs that can be won is

```
(job progression screen)
10 jobs
5 jobs during bidding
```


## VALUE OF WORK IN PROGRESS

The initial forward workload is:
The current value of the capital base is:
The current capital base can support forward workload of: Hence, the value of work that can be won cannot exceed:

23,509,400 (job progression screen)
4,516,490 (financial decision screen)
45,164,900 ( $10 \times$ capital base)
$21,655,500$ during bidding

| Job | Country | Type | BIM | Size | App Value | Duration | Description | Sector | Client | Job | Bid | Bid value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 192 | United Kingdom | B0 | Yes | Large | 24,000,000 | 4 | New medical school | Building \& Commercial | Fenlands County Council | 192 | No | 0 |
| 193 | Iraq | DB | No | Medium | 11,000,000 | 3 | New aircraft hangar at Mosul Airport | Transport | Iraq TranGen 2009 | 193 | No | 0 |
| 194 | Australia | B0 | No | Large | 17,000,000 | 4 | New Australian rules football pitch | Building \& Commercial | Australian Sport Institute | 194 | No | 0 |
| 195 | Australia | B0 | Yes | Medium | 9,000,000 | 3 | Aircraft hangar modifications | Building \& Commercial | Mascot Airport Corporation | 195 | No | 0 |
| 196 | India | B0 | Yes | Medium | 10,000,000 | 3 | Upgrade of existing steel plant | Industrial | Pune Steel | 196 | No | 0 |
| 197 | United States | B0 | No | Large | 24,000,000 | 5 | Offshore wind farm development | Energy | First Wind USA | 197 | No | 0 |
| 200 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Small | 5,000,000 | 2 | New site access roads for HS2 | Transport | HS Rail Connection Group | 200 | No | 0 |
| 202 | United Kingdom | DB | Yes | Medium | 12,000,000 | 3 | Construction of a new multi-faith centre | Building \& Commercial | London City Council | 202 | No | 0 |
| 203 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Medium | 8,000,000 | 4 | Restoration work on Montgomery canal | Water \& Sewage | English Waterways | 203 | No | 0 |
| 214 | France | B0 | No | Small | 2,000,000 | 3 | Upgrade to the Bercy metro station | Transport | Paris Olympic Group | 214 | No | 0 |
| 220 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Small | 5,000,000 | 2 | Fire Deluge Systems for sub-stations | Energy | Electragen | 220 | No | 0 |

## Consider the following example.

The company is in period 9 , and has a number of jobs that can be bid for.

# Bidding Strategy 

## 等 MAKING Procurement decisions for period 9 in the Early Years

Change period Assessing performance Industry information Help
PROCUREMENT RESTRICTIONS
Company Based Limitations

## NUMBER OF JOBS IN PROGRESS

At the start of the period, the number of jobs in progress is The number of jobs in progress after bidding cannot exceed: Hence, the maximum number of jobs that can be won is:

| Job | Country | Type | BIM | Size | App V8 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 192 | United Kingdom | BO | Yes | Large | $24,00^{\prime}$ |
| 193 | lraq | DB | No | Medium | 11,0 |
| 194 | Australia | BO | No | Large | 17 |
| 195 | Australia | BO | Yes | Medium |  |
| 196 | India | BO | Yes | Medium |  |
| 197 | United States | BO | No | Large |  |
| 200 | United Kingdom | BO | No | Sme' |  |
| 202 | United Kingdom | DB | Yes | Mer' |  |
| 203 | United Kingdom | BO | No | M |  |
| 214 | France | BO | No |  |  |
| 220 | United Kingdom | BO | No |  |  |

VALUE OF WORK IN PROGRESS
The initial forward workload is
The current value of the capital base is:
The current capital base can support forward workload of: Hence, the value of work that can be won cannot exceed:

23,509,400 (job progression screen)
4,516,490 (financial decision screen)
45,164,900 ( $10 \times$ capital base)
$21,655,500$ during bidding

| ation | Description | Sector | Client | Job | Bid | Bid value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\dagger$ | New medical school | Building \& Commercial | Fenlands County Council | 192 | No | 0 |
|  | New aircraft hangar at Mosul Airport | Transport | Iraq TranGen 2009 | 193 | No | 0 |
|  | New Australian rules football pitch | Building \& Commercial | Australian Sport Institute | 194 | No | 0 |
|  | Aircraft hangar modifications | Building \& Commercial | Mascot Airport Corporation | 195 | No | 0 |
|  | Upgrade of existing steel plant | Industrial | Pune Steel | 196 | No | 0 |
|  | Offshore wind farm development | Energy | First Wind USA | 197 | No | 0 |
|  | lew site access roads for HS2 | Transport | HS Rail Connection Group | 200 | No | 0 |
|  | instruction of a new multi-faith centre | Building \& Commercial | London City Council | 202 | No | 0 |
|  | storation work on Montgomery canal | Water \& Sewage | English Waterways | 203 | No | 0 |
|  | 'ade to the Bercy metro station | Transport | Paris Olympic Group | 214 | No | 0 |
|  | eluge Systems for sub-stations | Energy | Electragen | 220 | No | 0 |

The company already have 5 jobs in progress on the Job Progression Screen.
After the bids have been processed potentially 10 jobs can be in progress, which includes the 5 jobs already in progress and any jobs won this period.

Hence, there is scope to win up to 5 new jobs this period.

## Bidding Strategy

# PROCUREMENT RESTRICTIONS 

Company Based Limitations

## NUMBER OF JOBS IN PROGRESS

At the start of the period, the number of jobs in progress is: The number of jobs in progress after bidding cannot exceed Hence the maximum number of iobs that can be won is
[iob progression screen)
10 jobs
5 jobs during bidding

VALUE OF WORK IN PROGRESS
The initial forward workload is: $23,509,400$ (job progression screen)
The current value of the capital base is:
The current capital base can support forward workload of: Hence, the value of work that can be won cannot exceed

4,516,490 (financial decision screen) 45,164,900 ( $10 \times$ capital base) - $1,655,500$ during bidding

| Job | Country | Type | BIM | Size | App Value | Duration | Description | Sector | Client |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 192 | United Kingdom | B0 | Yes | Large | 24,000,000 | 4 | New medical school | Building \& Commercial | Fenland |
| 193 | Iraq | DB | No | Medium | 11,000,000 | 3 | New aircraft hangar at Mosul Airport | Transport | $\operatorname{raq}{ }^{\text {r }}$ |
| 194 | Australia | B0 | No | Large | 17,000,000 | 4 | New Australian rules football pitch | Building \& Commercial | Aus' |
| 195 | Australia | B0 | Yes | Medium | 9,000,000 | 3 | Aircraft hangar modifications | Building \& Commercial | N |
| 196 | India | B0 | Yes | Medium | 10,000,000 | 3 | Upgrade of existing steel plant | Industrial |  |
| 197 | United States | B0 | No | Large | 24,000,000 | 5 | Offshore wind farm development | Energy |  |
| 200 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Small | 5,000,000 | 2 | New site access roads for HS2 | Transport |  |
| 202 | United Kingdom | DB | Yes | Medium | 12,000,000 | 3 | Construction of a new multi-faith centre | Building \& Comm |  |
| 203 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Medium | 8,000,000 | 4 | Restoration work on Montgomery canal | Water \& Sewe |  |
| 214 | France | B0 | No | Small | 2,000,000 | 3 | Upgrade to the Bercy metro station | Transport |  |
| 220 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Small | 5,000,000 | 2 | Fire Deluge Systems for sub-stations | Energy |  |


|  | Job | Bid | Bid value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Council | 192 | No | 0 |
| I09 | 193 | No | 0 |
| Institute | 194 | No | 0 |
| Sorporation | 195 | No | 0 |
|  | 196 | No | 0 |
|  | 197 | No | 0 |
| ction Group | 200 | No | 0 |
| ouncil | 202 | No | 0 |
| ways | 203 | No | 0 |
| Group | 214 | No | 0 |
|  | 220 | No | 0 |

The company's capital base, which represents the infrastructure of the business, governs the amount (or value) of work the company can support at any point in time.

At the start of period 9 the amount of work that can be supported is 10 times the current value of the capital base, in this case 45,164,900 ( $10 \times 4,516,490$ ).

## Bidding Strategy

## 等 MAKING Procurement decisions for period 9 in the Early Years

Change period Assessing performance Industry information Help

## PROCUREMENT RESTRICTIONS

Company Based Limitations

## NUMBER OF JOBS IN PROGRESS

At the start of the period, the number of jobs in progress is: The number of jobs in progress after bidding cannot exceed Hence, the maximum number of jobs that can be won is:
[job progression screen]
10 jobs
5 jobs during bidding

VALUE OF WORK IN PROGRESS
The initial forward workload is
The current value of the capital base is:
The current capital base can support forward workload of: Hence, the value of work that can be won cannot exceed:

23,509,400 (job progression screen)
4,516,490 (financial decision screen) 45,164,900 ( $10 \times$ capital base) $21,655,500$ during bidding

| Job | Country | Type | BIM | Size | App Value | Duration | Description | Sector | Client |  | Job | Bid | Bid value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 192 | United Kingdom | B0 | Yes | Large | 24,000,000 | 4 | New medical school | Building \& Commercial | Fenlands Cob | cil | 192 | No | 0 |
| 193 | Iraq | DB | No | Medium | 11,000,000 | 3 | New aircraft hangar at Mosul Airport | Transport | Iraq Tranf. |  | 193 | No | 0 |
| 194 | Australia | B0 | No | Large | 17,000,000 | 4 | New Australian rules football pitch | Building \& Commercial | Australi | 三 | 194 | No | 0 |
| 195 | Australia | B0 | Yes | Medium | 9,000,000 | 3 | Aircraft hangar modifications | Building \& Commercial | Masr | Ion | 195 | No | 0 |
| 196 | India | B0 | Yes | Medium | 10,000,000 | 3 | Upgrade of existing steel plant | Industrial | P |  | 196 | No | 0 |
| 197 | United States | B0 | No | Large | 24,000,000 | 5 | Offshore wind farm development | Energy |  |  | 197 | No | 0 |
| 200 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Small | 5,000,000 | 2 | New site access roads for HS2 | Transport |  | Ip | 200 | No | 0 |
| 202 | United Kingdom | DB | Yes | Medium | 12,000,000 | 3 | Construction of a new multi-faith centre | Building \& Commer |  |  | 202 | No | 0 |
| 203 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Medium | 8,000,000 | 4 | Restoration work on Montgomery canal | Water \& Seway |  |  | 203 | No | 0 |
| 214 | France | B0 | No | Small | 2,000,000 | 3 | Upgrade to the Bercy metro station | Transport |  |  | 214 | No | 0 |
| 220 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Small | 5,000,000 | 2 | Fire Deluge Systems for sub-stations | Energy |  |  | 220 | No | 0 |

The company already has $\mathbf{2 3 , 5 0 9 , 4 0 0}$ of work in progress, based upon the jobs in progress on the Job Progression Screen.
The initial work in progress is subtracted from the level of work that can be supported to give the value of work that can be won in the current period.

Hence, the value of work that can be won in period 9 is $21,655,500(45,164,900-23,509,400)$

## Bidding Strategy

# PROCUREMENT RESTRICTIONS <br> Company Based Limitations 

## NUMBER OF JOBS IN PROGRESS

At the start of the period, the number of jobs in progress is The number of jobs in progress after bidding cannot exceed Hence the maximum number of iobs that can be won is

```
[job progression screen)
10 jobs
5 jobs during bidding
```

VALUE OF WORK IN PROGRESS
The initial forward workload is: $23,509,400$ (job progression screen]
The current value of the capital base is: $\quad 4,516,490$ (financial decision screen) 45,164,900 ( $10 \times$ capital base) $21,655,500$ during bidding

| Job | Country | Type | BIM | Size | App Value | Duration | Description | Sector | Client | Job | Bid | Bid value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 192 | United Kingdom | B0 | Yes | Large | 24,000,000 | 4 | New medical school | Building \& Commercial | Fenlands Cr Souncil | 192 | No | 0 |
| 193 | Iraq | DB | No | Medium | 11,000,000 | 3 | New aircraft hangar at Mosul Airport | Transport | Iraq Trar ${ }^{\prime}$, 9 | 193 | No | 0 |
| 194 | Australia | B0 | No | Large | 17,000,000 | 4 | New Australian rules football pitch | Building \& Commercial | Austri' . Institute | 194 | No | 0 |
| 195 | Australia | B0 | Yes | Medium | 9,000,000 | 3 | Aircraft hangar modifications | Building \& Commercial | $\mathrm{M}=$. Corporation | 195 | No | 0 |
| 196 | India | B0 | Yes | Medium | 10,000,000 | 3 | Upgrade of existing steel plant | Industrial |  | 196 | No | 0 |
| 197 | United States | B0 | No | Large | 24,000,000 | 5 | Offshore wind farm development | Energy | SA | 197 | No | 0 |
| 200 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Small | 5,000,000 | 2 | New site access roads for HS2 | Transport | Innection Group | 200 | No | 0 |
| 202 | United Kingdom | DB | Yes | Medium | 12,000,000 | 3 | Construction of a new multi-faith centre | Building \& Con' | , ity Council | 202 | No | 0 |
| 203 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Medium | 8,000,000 | 4 | Restoration work on Montgomery canal | Water \& Ser | Naterways | 203 | No | 0 |
| 214 | France | BO | No | Small | 2,000,000 | 3 | Upgrade to the Bercy metro station | Transpor' | ympic Group | 214 | No | 0 |
| 220 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Small | 5,000,000 | 2 | Fire Deluge Systems for sub-stations | Enery | agen | 220 | No | 0 |

Ideally the company needs to win as close to $21,655,500$ of new work as possible to fully utilise the capital base, otherwise resources are being wasted.

How does the Procurement Manager now go about deciding upon a bidding strategy to try and win as close to $21,655,500$ possible ?

We will look at some possible scenarios, and their pros and cons.

## Bidding Strategy

# PROCUREMENT RESTRICTIONS 

Company Based Limitations

## NUMBER OF JOBS IN PROGRESS

At the start of the period, the number of jobs in progress is The number of jobs in progress after bidding cannot exceed Hence, the maximum number of jobs that can be won is:

```
[job progression screen)
10 jobs
5 jobs during bidding
```


## VALUE OF WORK IN PROGRESS

The initial forward workload is:
The current value of the capital base is:
The current capital base can support forward workload of: Hence, the value of work that can be won cannot exceed.

| $23,509,400$ | (iob progression screen) |
| ---: | :--- |
| $4,516,490$ | (financial decision screen) |
| $45,164,900$ | (10 $\times$ capital base) |
| $21,655,500$ | during bidding |

21,655,500 during bidding

| Job | Country | Type | BIM | Size | App Value | Duration | Description | Sector | Client | Job | Bid | Bid value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 192 | United Kingdom | B0 | Yes | Large | 24,000,000 | 4 | New medical school | Building \& Commercial | Fenlands County Council | 192 | No | 0 |
| 193 | Iraq | DB | No | Medium | 11,000,000 | 3 | New aircraft hangar at Mosul Airport | Transport | Iraq TranGen 2009 | 193 | No | 0 |
| 194 | Australia | B0 | No | Large | 17,000,000 | 4 | New Australian rules football pitch | Building \& Commercial | Australian Sport Institute | 194 | No | 0 |
| 195 | Australia | B0 | Yes | Medium | 9,000,000 | 3 | Aircraft hangar modifications | Building \& Commercial | Mascot Airport Corporation | 195 | No | 0 |
| 196 | India | B0 | Yes | Medium | 10,000,000 | 3 | Upgrade of existing steel plant | Industrial | Pune Steel | 196 | No | 0 |
| 197 | United States | B0 | No | Large | 24,000,000 | 5 | Offshore wind farm development | Energy | First Wind USA | 197 | No | 0 |
| 200 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Small | 5,000,000 | 2 | New site access roads for HS2 | Transport | HS Rail Connection Group | 200 | No | 0 |
| 202 | United Kingdom | DB | Yes | Medium | 12,000,000 | 3 | Construction of a new multi-faith centre | Building \& Commercial | London City Council | 202 | No | 0 |
| 203 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Medium | 8,000,000 | 4 | Restoration work on Montgomery canal | Water \& Sewage | English Waterways | 203 | No | 0 |
| 214 | France | B0 | No | Small | 2,000,000 | 3 | Upgrade to the Bercy metro station | Transport | Paris Olympic Group | 214 | No | 0 |
| 220 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Small | 5,000,000 | 2 | Fire Deluge Systems for sub-stations | Energy | Electragen | 220 | No | 0 |

Firstly, when forming a bidding strategy it is vital to bear in mind that any bids submitted are processed in strict job number order e.g., job 192 first , then job 193 through to job 220.

This job number order can influence bidding strategy.

## Bidding Strategy

PROCUREMENT RESTRICTIONS
Company Based Limitations

## NUMBER DF JOBS IN PROGRESS

At the start of the period, the number of jobs in progress is:
The number of jobs in progress after bidding cannot exceed
Hence, the maximum number of jobs that can be won is:
(job progression screen)

## 10 jobs

5 jobs during bidding

| Type | BIM | Size | App Value | Duration | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| BO | Yes | Large | $24,000,000$ | 4 | New medical school |
| DB | No | Medium | $11,000,000$ | 3 | New aircraft hangar at Mosul Airport |
| BO | No | Large | $17,000,000$ | 4 | New Australian rules football pitch |
| BO | Yes | Medium | $9,000,000$ | 3 | Aircraft hangar modifications |
| BO | Yes | Medium | $10,000,000$ | 3 | Upgrade of existing steel plant |
| BO | No | Large | $24,000,000$ | 5 | Offshore wind farm development |
| BO | No | Small | $5,000,000$ | 2 | New site access roads for HS2 |
| DB | Yes | Medium | $12,000,000$ | 3 | Construction of a new multi-faith centre |
| BO | No | Medium | $8,000,000$ | 4 | Restoration work on Montgomery canal |
| BO | No | Small | $2,000,000$ | 3 | Upgrade to the Bercy metro station |
| BO | No | Small | $5,000,000$ | 2 | Fire Deluge Systems for sub-stations |


| Sector | Client | Job | Bid | Bid value |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | ---: |
| Building \& Commercial | Fenlands County Council | 192 | Yes | $25,140,830$ |
| Transport | Iraq TranGen 2009 | 193 | Yes | $11,826,110$ |
| Building \& Commercial | Australian Sport Institute | 194 | Yes | $18,027,560$ |
| Building \& Commercial | Mascot Airport Corporation | 195 | Yes | $9,869,450$ |
| Industrial | Pune Steel | 196 | Yes | $10,865,240$ |
| Energy | First Wind USA | 197 | Yes | $24,962,500$ |
| Transport | HS Rail Connection Grour | $J$ | Yes | $5,204,335$ |
| Building \& Commercial | London City Cor... | , 02 | Yes | $12,454,360$ |
| Water \& Sewage | English . | 203 | Yes | $8,345,214$ |
| Transport |  | 214 | Yes | $2,299,518$ |
| Energy |  | 220 | Yes | $5,438,864$ |

## SCENARIO 1: BID FOR EVERY JOB

A 'no science' approach, i.e., bidding for every job available, might seem like a good option, but it has a number of drawbacks :-

- Some jobs that are bid for cannot be won due to their size exceeding the amount of work that can be won e.g., jobs 192 and 197 exceed the $21,655,500$ of work that can be won.
- Crucially, every job incurs a bidding cost, shown in the "Industry parameters", and bidding for every job can incur a huge bidding bill (shown in the overhead costs), which can cripple company operating profit in a period.

The "bid for every job" scenario is not a sensible option, and a more selective approach is needed.

BIDDING COSTS The cost of bidding for a job is: $0.2 \%$ of the approximate job value

## Bidding Strategy

# Company Based Limitations 

NUMBER OF JOBS IN PROGRESS

At the start of the period, the number of jobs in progress is: The number of jobs in progress after bidding cannot exceed: Hence, the maximum number of jobs that can be won is:

| PROCUREWENT RESTRICTIONS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Company Based Limitations |  |  |  |
| NUMBER OF JOBS IN PROGRESS |  | VALUE OF WORK IN PROGRESS |  |
| At the start of the period, the number of jobs in progress is: | 5 (job progression screen) | The initial forward workload is: | 23,509,400 (job progression screen) |
| The number of jobs in progress after bidding cannot exceed: | 10 jobs | The current value of the capital base is: | 4,516,490 (financial decision screen) |
| Hence, the maximum number of jobs that can be won is: | 5 jobs during bidding | The current capital base can support forward workload of: | 45,164,900 (10 $\times$ capital base) |
|  |  | Hence, the value of work that can be won cannot exceed: | 21,655,500 during bidding |


| Job | Country | Type | BIM | Size | App Value | Duration | Description | Sector | Client | Job | Bid | Bid value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 192 | United Kingdom | B0 | Yes | Large | 24,000,000 | 4 | New medical school | Building \& Commercial | Fenlands County Council | 192 | No | 0 |
| 193 | Iraq | DB | No | Medium | 11,000,000 | 3 | New aircraft hangar at Mosul Airport | Transport | Iraq TranGen 2009 | 193 | Yes | 11,826,110 |
| 194 | Australia | B0 | No | Large | 17,000,000 | 4 | New Australian rules football pitch | Building \& Commercial | Australian Sport Institute | 194 | " | 0 |
| 195 | Australia | B0 | Yes | Medium | 9,000,000 | 3 | Aircraft hangar modifications | Building \& Commercial | Mascot Airport Corporation | $1{ }^{0}$ | , | 0 |
| 196 | India | B0 | Yes | Medium | 10,000,000 | 3 | Upgrade of existing steel plant | Industrial | Pune Steel |  | 10 | 0 |
| 197 | United States | B0 | No | Large | 24,000,000 | 5 | Offshore wind farm development | Energy | First Wind USA |  | No | 0 |
| 200 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Small | 5,000,000 | 2 | New site access roads for HS2 | Transport | HS Rail Com* |  | No | 0 |
| 202 | United Kingdom | DB | Yes | Medium | 12,000,000 | 3 | Construction of a new multi-faith centre | Building \& Commercial | Lond- | 2 | No | 0 |
| 203 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Medium | 8,000,000 | 4 | Restoration work on Montgomery canal | Water \& Sewage |  | 03 | No | 0 |
| 214 | France | B0 | No | Small | 2,000,000 | 3 | Upgrade to the Bercy metro station | Transport |  | 214 | No | 0 |
| 220 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Small | 5,000,000 | 2 | Fire Deluge Systems for sub-stations | Energy |  | 220 | No | 0 |

## SCENARIO 2: BID FOR WORK, BUT NO WHERE NEAR THE AMOUNT THAT COULD BE WON

This scenario is the complete opposite to the previous approach, in that the company have bid for just one job, around 12 m .
The drawbacks with this approach are :-

- Even if the bid is successful, it would be nowhere near the $21,655,500$ that could be won
- Crucially, what happens if the jobs is lost? There is no plan B, and no work would be won, which would cause the forward workload an margin KPIs to plummet

This scenario is also not a sensible option.

## Bidding Strategy

| PROCUREWENT RESTRICTIONS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Company Based Limitations |  |  |  |
| NUMBER OF JOBS IN PROGRESS | VALUE OF WORK IN PROGRESS |  |  |
| At the start of the period, the number of jobs in progress is: | 5 (job progression screen) | The initial forward workload is: | 23,509,400 (job progression screen) |
| The number of jobs in progress after bidding cannot exceed: | 10 jobs | The current value of the capital base is: | 4,516,490 (financial decision screen) |
| Hence, the maximum number of jobs that can be won is: | 5 jobs during bidding | The current capital base can support forward workload of: | 45,164,900 (10 $\times$ capital base) |
|  |  | Hence, the value of work that can be won cannot exceed: | 21,655,500 during bidding |


| Job | Country | Type | BIM | Size | App Value | Duration | Description | Sector | Client | Job | Bid | Bid value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 192 | United Kingdom | B0 | Yes | Large | 24,000,000 | 4 | New medical school | Building \& Commercial | Fenlands County Council | 192 | No | 0 |
| 193 | Iraq | DB | No | Medium | 11,000,000 | 3 | New aircraft hangar at Mosul Airport | Transport | Iraq TranGen 2009 | 193 | No | 0 |
| 194 | Australia | B0 | No | Large | 17,000,000 | 4 | New Australian rules football pitch | Building \& Commercial | Australian Sport Institute | 194 | Yes | 18,027,560 |
| 195 | Australia | B0 | Yes | Medium | 9,000,000 | 3 | Aircraft hangar modifications | Building \& Commercial | Mascot Airport Corporation | 195 | N- | 0 |
| 196 | India | B0 | Yes | Medium | 10,000,000 | 3 | Upgrade of existing steel plant | Industrial | Pune Steel | 100 |  | 0 |
| 197 | United States | B0 | No | Large | 24,000,000 | 5 | Offshore wind farm development | Energy | First Wind USA |  | 0 | 0 |
| 200 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Small | 5,000,000 | 2 | New site access roads for HS2 | Transport | HS Rail Connectir |  | No | 0 |
| 202 | United Kingdom | DB | Yes | Medium | 12,000,000 | 3 | Construction of a new multi-faith centre | Building \& Commercial | London $\mathrm{C}^{\text {i- }}$ |  | No | 0 |
| 203 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Medium | 8,000,000 | 4 | Restoration work on Montgomery canal | Water \& Sewage | Er | 3 | No | 0 |
| 214 | France | B0 | No | Small | 2,000,000 | 3 | Upgrade to the Bercy metro station | Transport |  | -14 | No | 0 |
| 220 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Small | 5,000,000 | 2 | Fire Deluge Systems for sub-stations | Energy |  | 220 | No | 0 |

## SCENARIO 3: PUTTING ALL YOUR EGGS IN ONE BASKET

This scenario is similar to the previous one, in that the company have put all their eggs in one basket by bidding for just one job, but at least this time the bid value, at 18 m , is close to the $21,655,500$ that could be won.

However, the drawback is once more that it is a very risky strategy. It would pay off if the job is won, keeping bidding costs low, but again what happens if the jobs is lost ? There is no plan B, and no work would be won, which would cause the forward workload an margin KPIs to plummet

This scenario, although probably the best so far, is still not the ideal one.

## Bidding Strategy

Change period Assessing performance Industry information Help

| PROCUREWENT RESTRICTIONS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Company Based Limitations |  |  |  |
| NUMBER OF JOBS IN PROGRESS | VALUE OF WORK IN PROGRESS |  |  |
| At the start of the period, the number of jobs in progress is: | 5 (job progression screen) | The initial forward workload is: | 23,509,400 (job progression screen) |
| The number of jobs in progress after bidding cannot exceed: | 10 jobs | The current value of the capital base is: | 4,516,490 (financial decision screen) |
| Hence, the maximum number of jobs that can be won is: | 5 jobs during bidding | The current capital base can support forward workload of: | 45,164,900 ( $10 \times$ capital base) |
|  |  | Hence, the value of work that can be won cannot exceed: | 21,655,500 during bidding |


| Job | Country | Type | BIM | Size | App Value | Duration | Description | Sector | Client | Job | Bid | Bid value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 192 | United Kingdom | B0 | Yes | Large | 24,000,000 | 4 | New medical school | Building \& Commercial | Fenlands County Council | 192 | No | 0 |
| 193 | Iraq | DB | No | Medium | 11,000,000 | 3 | New aircraft hangar at Mosul Airport | Transport | Iraq TranGen 2009 | 193 | No | 0 |
| 194 | Australia | B0 | No | Large | 17,000,000 | 4 | New Australian rules football pitch | Building \& Commercial | Australian Sport Institute | 194 | Yes | 18,027,560 |
| 195 | Australia | B0 | Yes | Medium | 9,000,000 | 3 | Aircraft hangar modifications | Building \& Commercial | Mascot Airport Corporation | 195 | Yes | 9,869,450 |
| 196 | India | B0 | Yes | Medium | 10,000,000 | 3 | Upgrade of existing steel plant | Industrial | Pune Steel | 196 | Yes | 10,865,240 |
| 197 | United States | B0 | No | Large | 24,000,000 | 5 | Offshore wind farm development | Energy | First Wind USA | 197 | No | 0 |
| 200 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Small | 5,000,000 | 2 | New site access roads for HS2 | Transport | HS Rail Connection F - | 200 | No | 0 |
| 202 | United Kingdom | DB | Yes | Medium | 12,000,000 | 3 | Construction of a new multi-faith centre | Building \& Commercial | London Citu r | 202 | No | 0 |
| 203 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Medium | 8,000,000 | 4 | Restoration work on Montgomery canal | Water \& Sewage | Ennli-' | 203 | No | 0 |
| 214 | France | B0 | No | Small | 2,000,000 | 3 | Upgrade to the Bercy metro station | Transport |  | 214 | Yes | 2,299,518 |
| 220 | United Kingdom | B0 | No | Small | 5,000,000 | 2 | Fire Deluge Systems for sub-stations | Energy |  | 220 | No | 0 |

## SCENARIO 4: SELECTIVE BIDDING FOR MORE WORK THAN COULD BE WON

In this scenario the company have bid for around 41 m of new work, almost double what can actually be won. However, the strategy has numerous advantages over the previous ones :-

- Bidding costs are not excessive with only 4 jobs bid for
- If job 194, the 18 m bid, is secured then jobs 195 and 196 cannot be won due the capital base not supporting more than $21,655,500$ of new work. However, the small job (job 214) may also be won, and the company is guaranteed to win close to the 21,655,500 threshold
- Crucially if job 194 is lost, there is a PLAN B with the next two bids totalling just over 20 m , and one or both could be secured if the bids are competitive enough.

This scenario is the best one to adopt.

