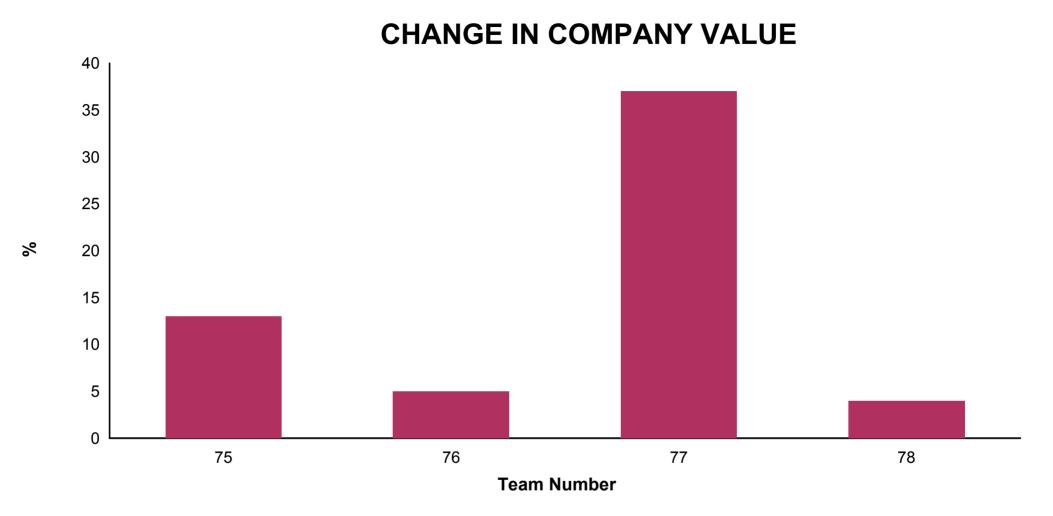


COMPARATIVE ASSESSMENT OF TEAMS REPORT FOR RSBG

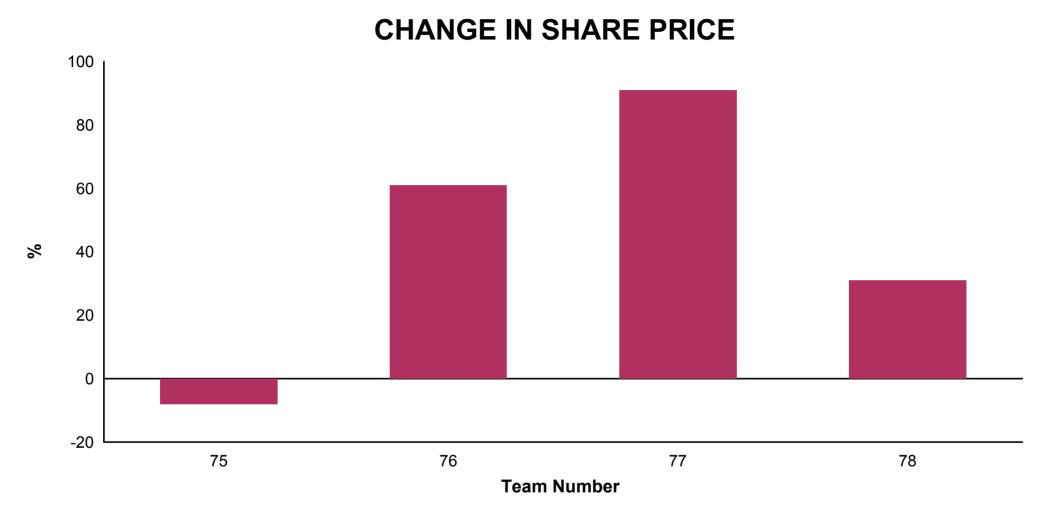
		CURRENT POSITION				DURING TIME IN CHARGE										
							PROCUR	EMENT	JOB PROGRESSION			COMPANY PROFITABILITY			COMPANY VALUE	
							Average value of		Average amount		Average amount	Average	Average amount		Average change in	
			Chg in				work	Average	Average	job		gross	amount	operating	Average	company
	No.	C1 ·	Share	F / 1	F / 1		won each	margin	t/over	profit	.,	profit	overhead	profit	dividend	value
No. Name	of pers	Chg in Value	Price Value	F/ward W/load	F/ward Margin	Market Share	period	in jobs won	each period	each period	job profit	each period	cost each period	each period	paid each period	each period
75 The Frisch Prince of Pell	8		-8 %	40.2 m	2.7 %	20 %	16.3 m	3.6 %	13.5 m	0.6 m	4.3 %	540,416	344,988	155,140	60,688	80,559
76 Prestige Worldwide	8	5 %	61 %	30.7 m	2.8 %	25 %	16.4 m	3.3 %	14.8 m	0.5 m	3.6 %	512,800	210,360	248,541	195,588	32,611
77 Blue Pell or Red Pell	8	37 %	91 %	25.1 m	3.5 %	19 %	14.7 m	4.0 %	13.8 m	0.8 m	5.8 %	755,744	255,788	405,319	183,562	225,868
78 Take A Chill Pell	8	4 %	31 %	25.6 m	3.3 %	26 %	14.9 m	3.5 %	14.0 m	0.4 m	3.2 %	410,328	195,330	169,749	130,000	21,673

CURRENT POSITION



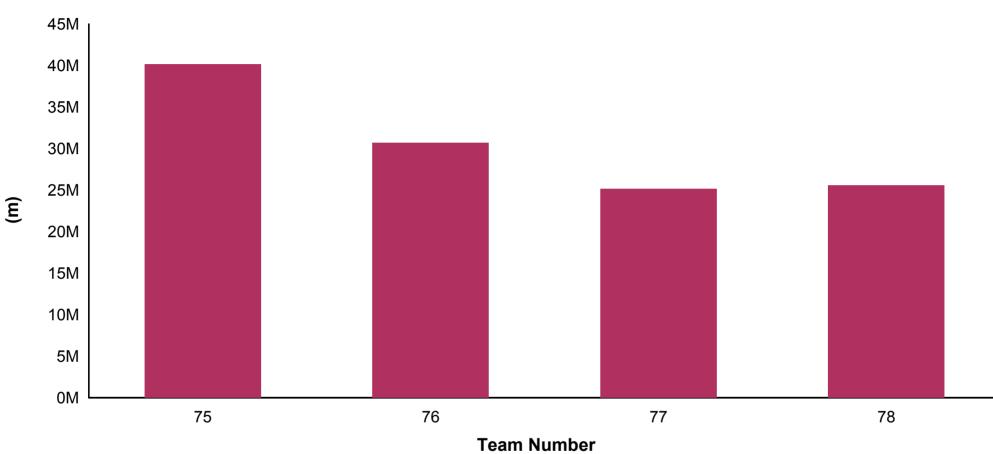
The key to growing the business successfully is in improving its value.

This is achieved by winning plenty of new work, progressing jobs profitably and keeping overhead costs under control.



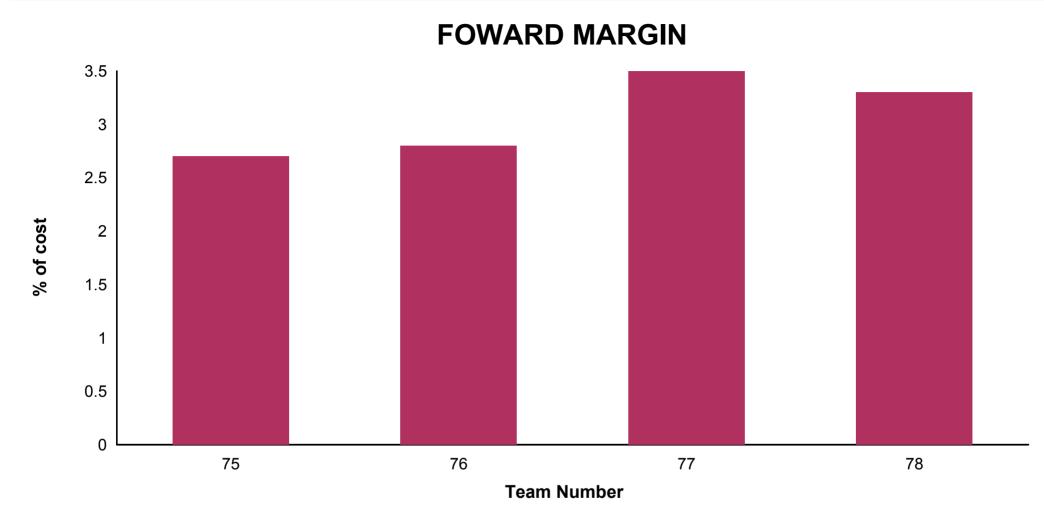
The company's share price is one of the key performance indicators in measuring the success or failure of the company, with a rising share price signifying increasing industry confidence in the fortunes of the company.

The share price is influenced by the level of dividend paid to the shareholders, the value of the company, the future profitability of the company and the debt burden (gearing ratio) of the company.



FOWARD WORKLOAD

As well as past performance, the future outlook in terms of forward workload is key to the future prosperity of the business.

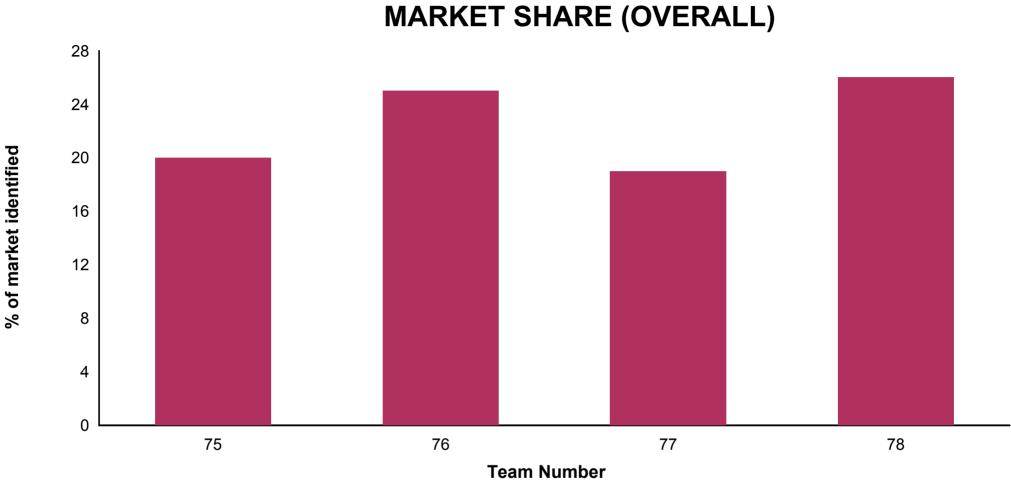


Forward workload needs to be profitable, and the forward margin measures this.

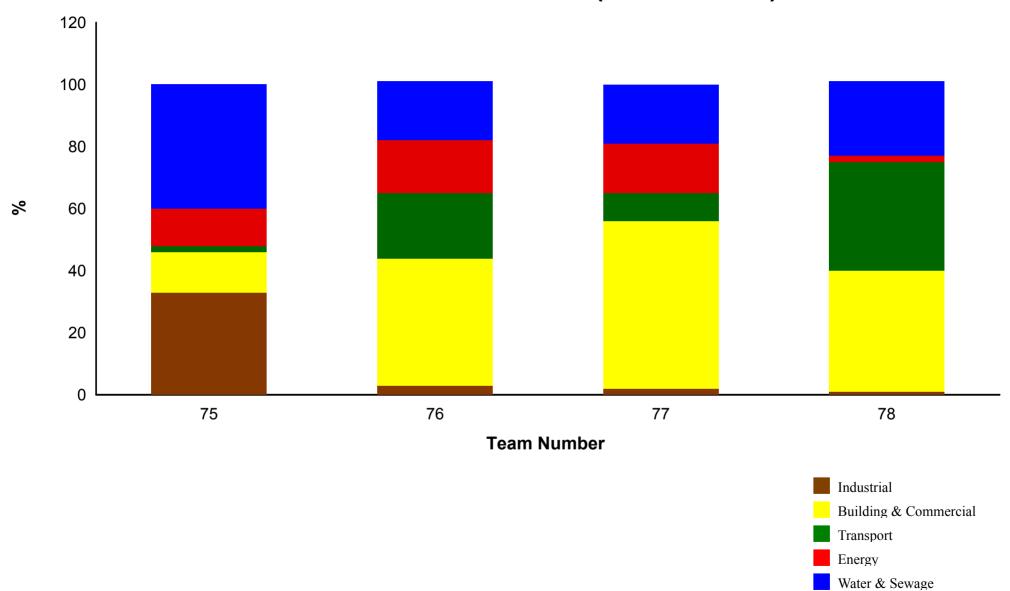
DURING TIME IN CHARGE

IDENTIFYING NEW WORK

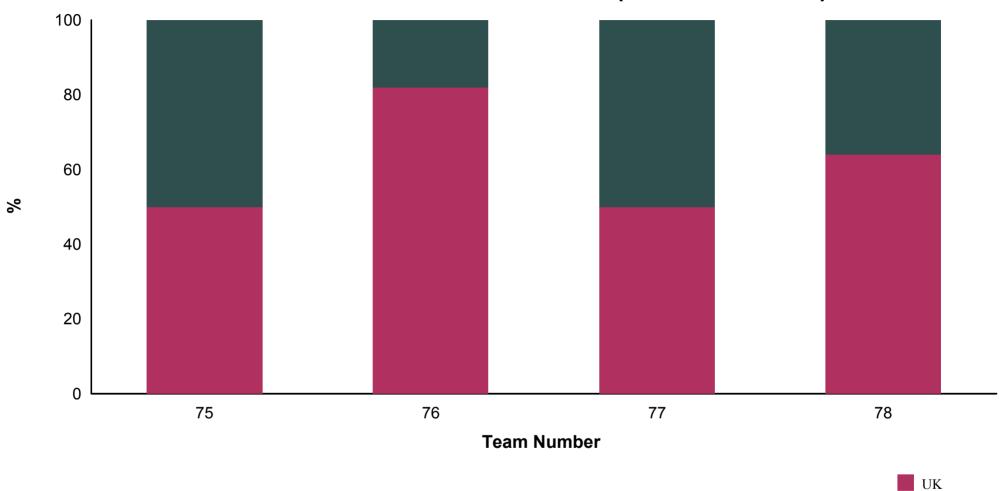
Market share is increased by identifying new work in different sectors and locations (UK/Overseas)



Developing an effective marketing strategy, and identifying new work in different sectors and locations (UK/Overseas) is critical to enable the business to grow by securing jobs through competitive bidding.



MARKET SHARE SPLIT (BY SECTOR)

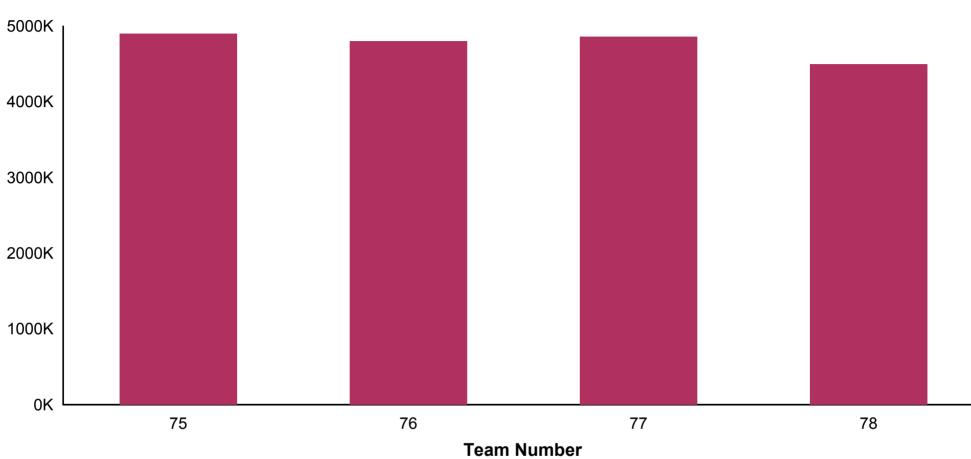


Overseas

DURING TIME IN CHARGE

EXPANDING THE COMPANY INFRASTRUCTURE

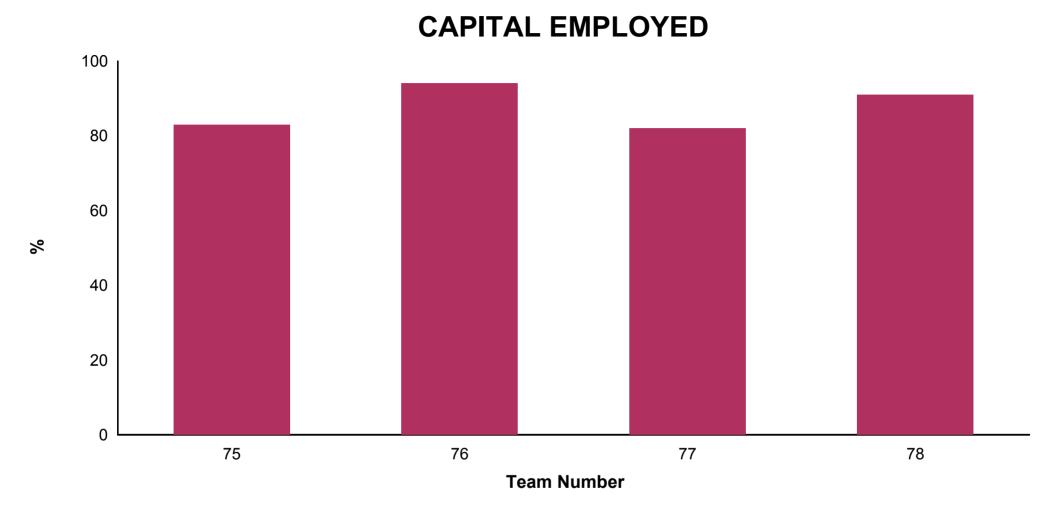
Having identified new work through the marketing decisions, the amount of new work that could be potentially won depends upon the size of the company's infrastructure, or capital base.



AVERAGE CAPITAL BASE SIZE EACH PERIOD

Expanding the company's capital base (infrastructure) enables more work to be underaken, and potentially more growth.

DURING TIME IN CHARGE: Capital Employed

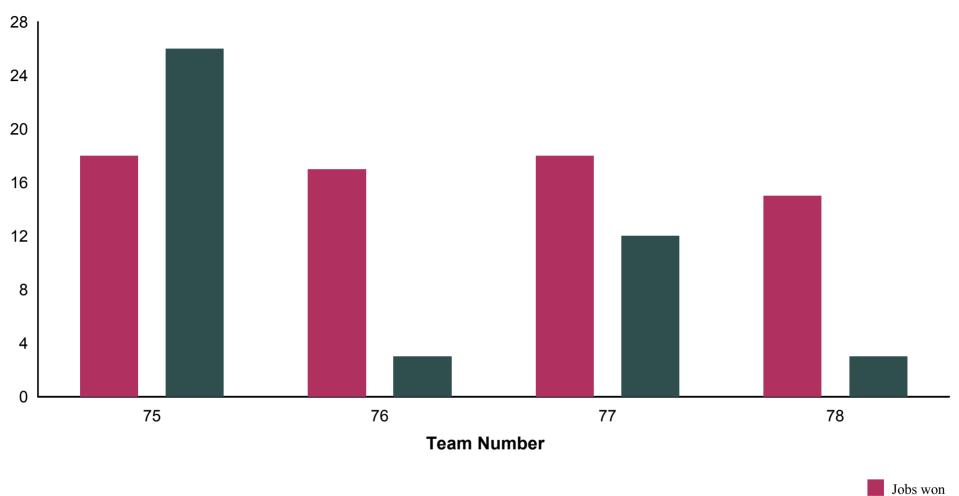


The Capital Employed measures how much of the company's capital base (infrastructure) is being utilised through winning new work.

DURING TIME IN CHARGE

WINNING NEW WORK

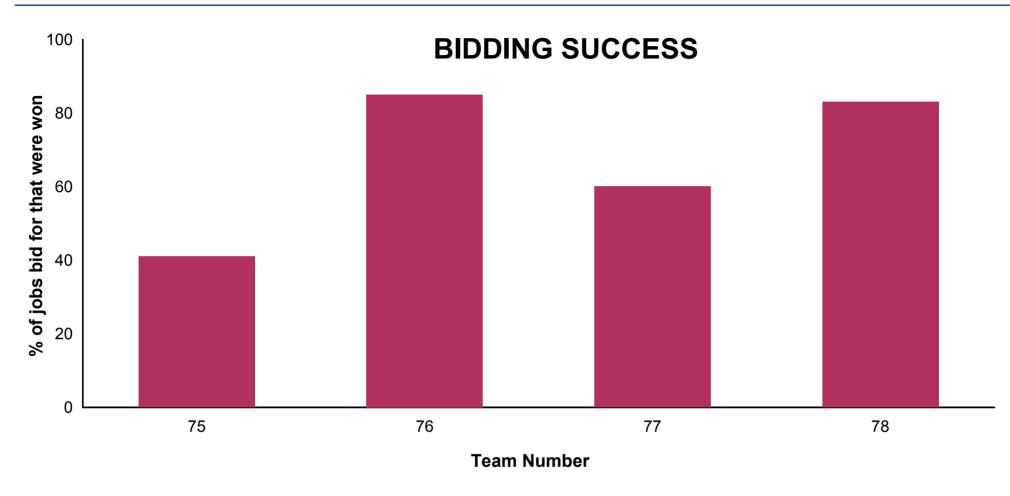
To grow the business it is essential that the company is able to win new work in a competitive bidding environment



JOBS WON AND LOST

Jobs lost

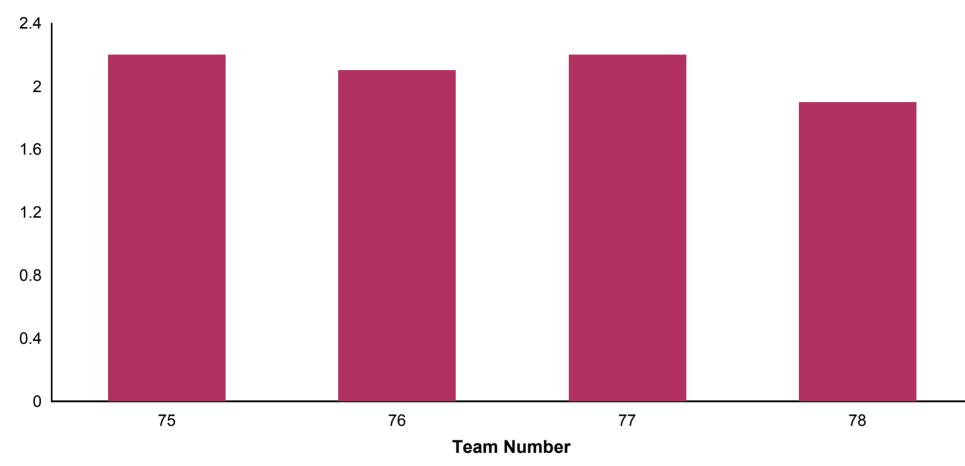
DURING TIME IN CHARGE: Bidding Success



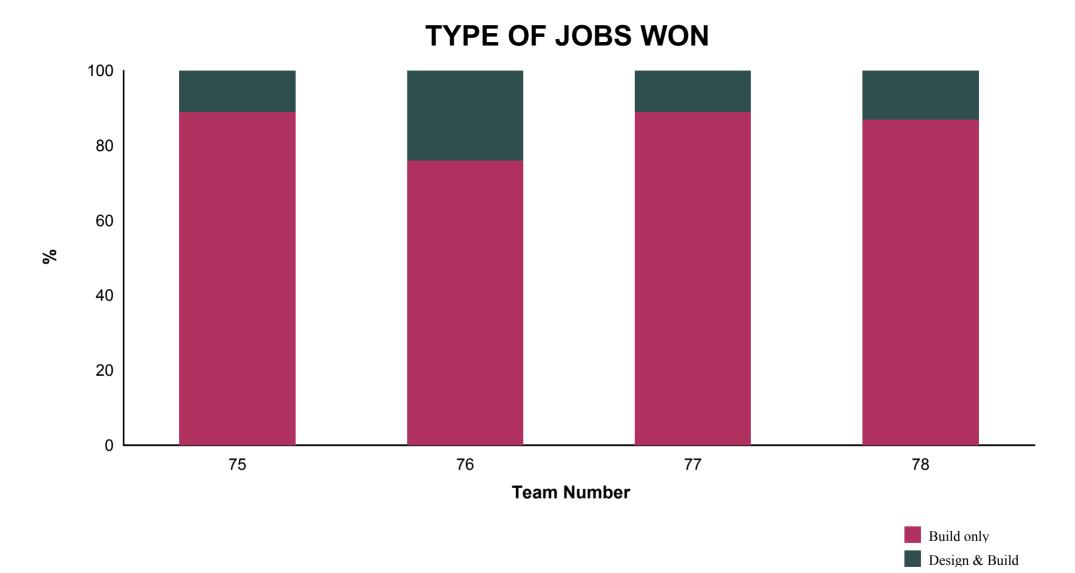
Every job that is bid for incurs a bidding cost putting the tender together, which increases overhead costs.

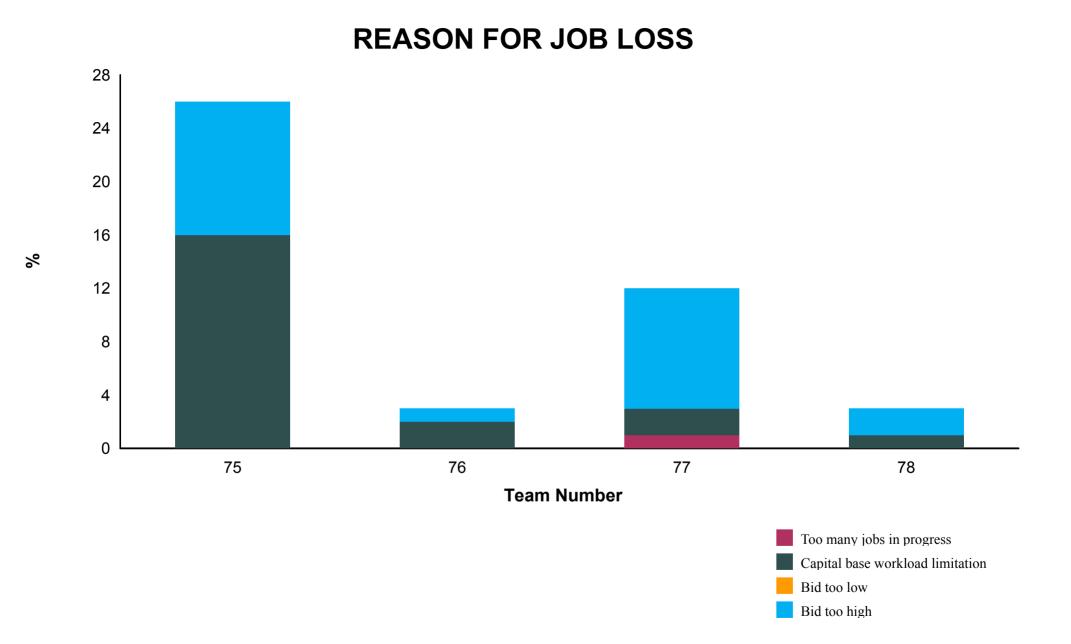
High bidding success keeps bidding costs to a minimum.



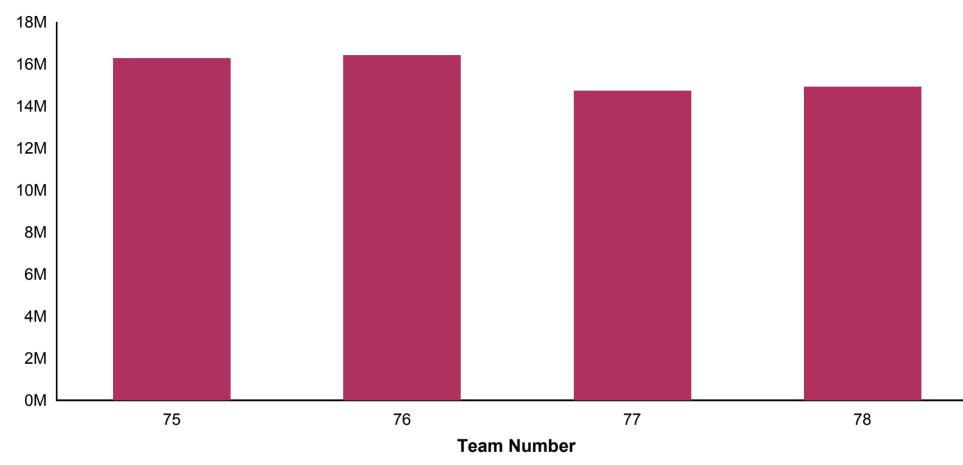


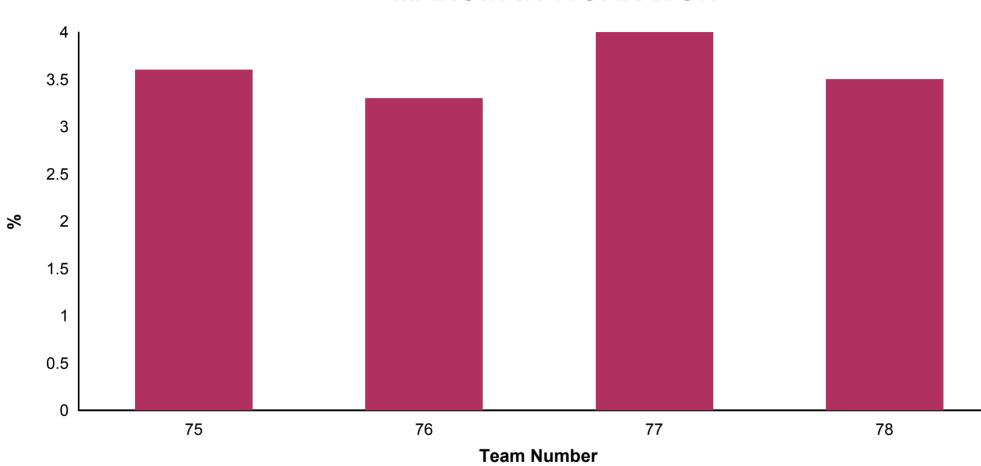
DURING TIME IN CHARGE: Type Of Jobs Won









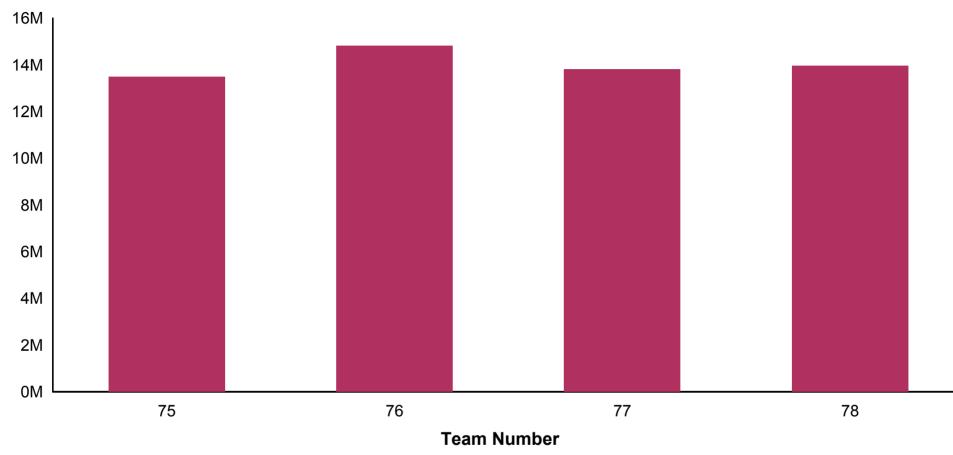


MARGIN IN WORK WON

DURING TIME IN CHARGE

TURNOVER

If the company is able to win more new work, this should be reflected in an increase in the turnover, or the amount of work progressed.



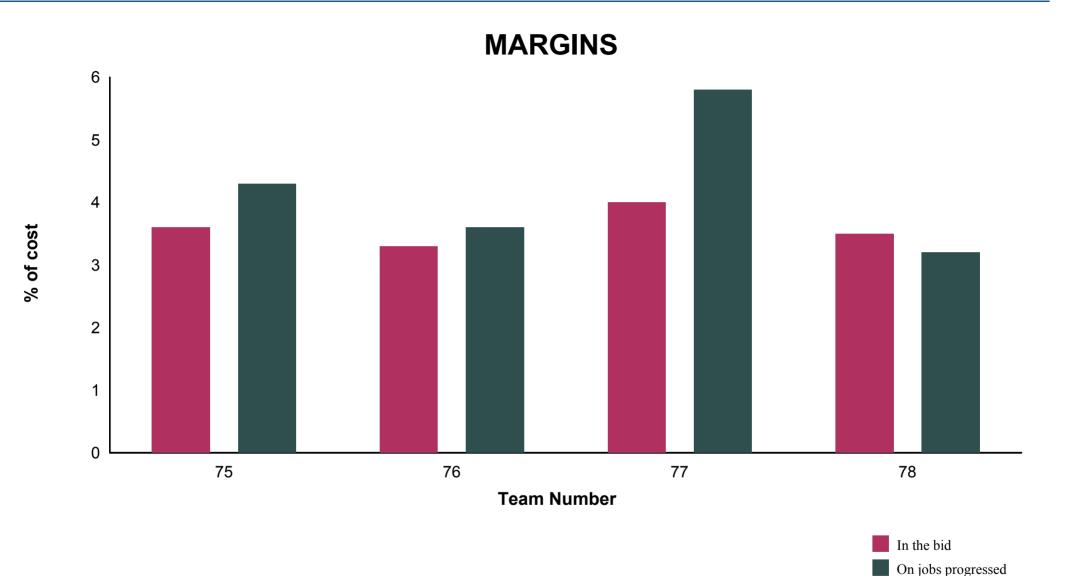
AVERAGE TURNOVER EACH PERIOD

Identifying and securing new work ensures that the turnover (monies earned) across all jobs progressed is healthy.

DURING TIME IN CHARGE

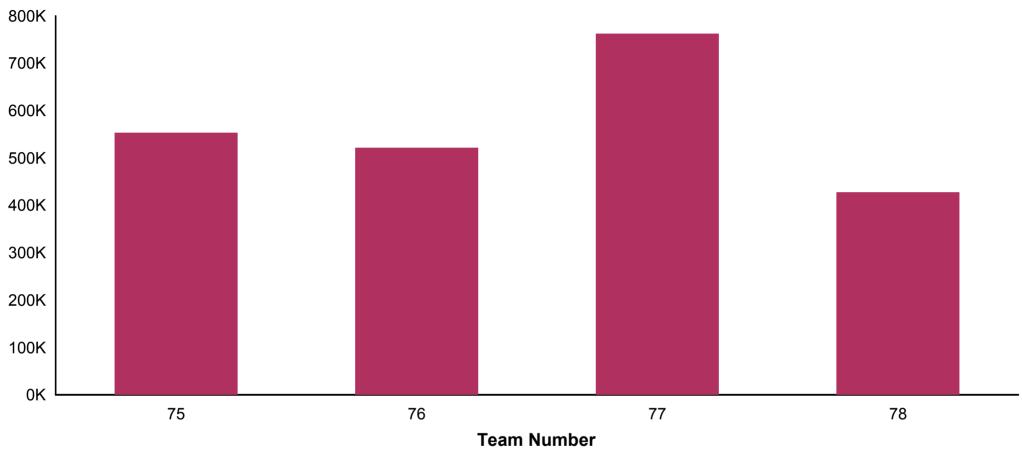
JOB PROFIT

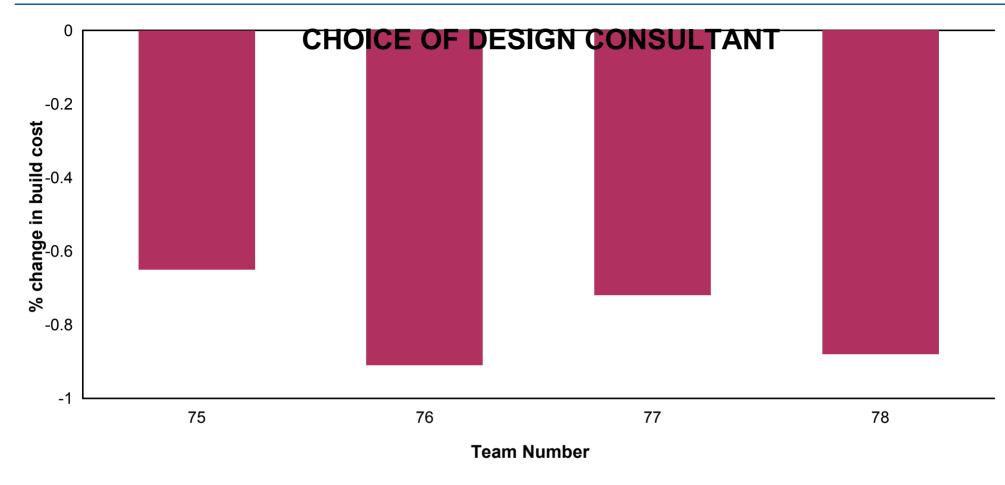
Turnover is required to grow the business, but managing jobs in progress as profitably as possible is the key to improving the value of the business.



Page 25 of 40

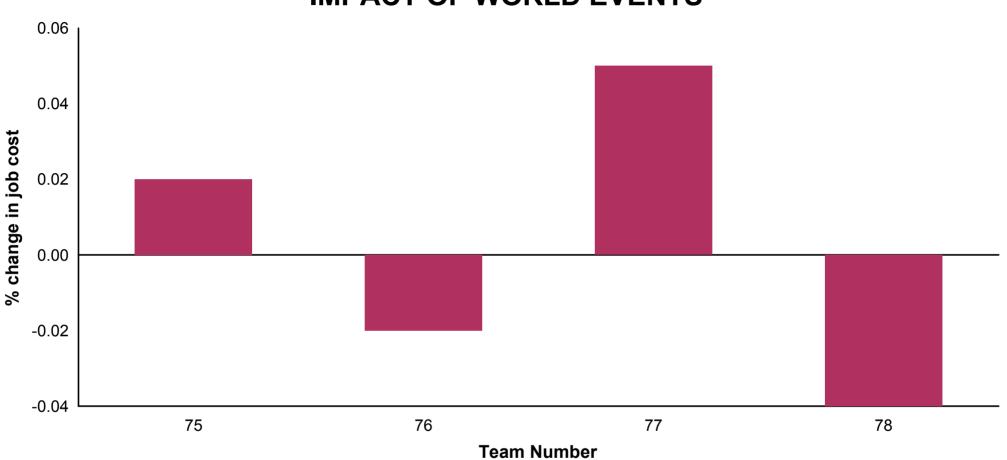






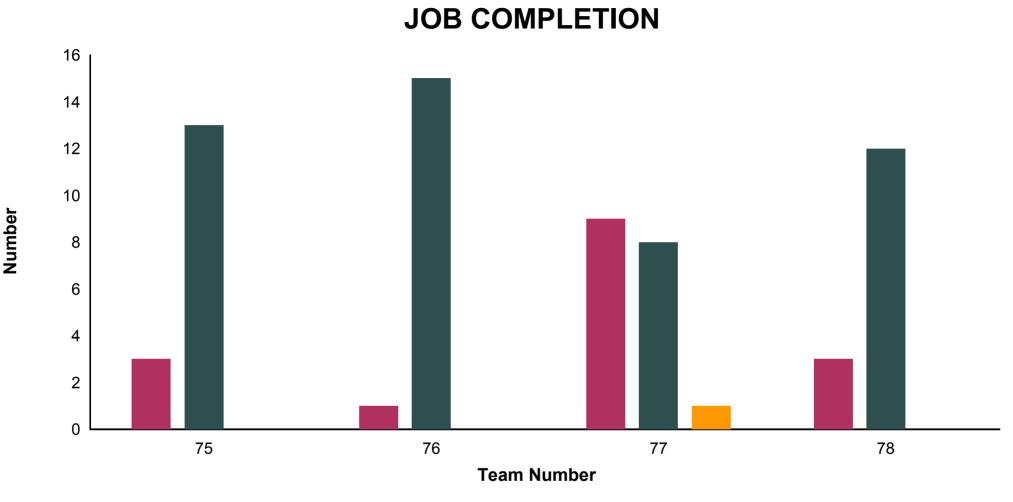
The choice of design consultant for Design and Build jobs can have a significant impact on the build costs.

Consultants with appropriate expertise and BIM experience produce designs that reduce the expected build cost when a job is progressed, which improves the profit margin on the job.



IMPACT OF WORLD EVENTS

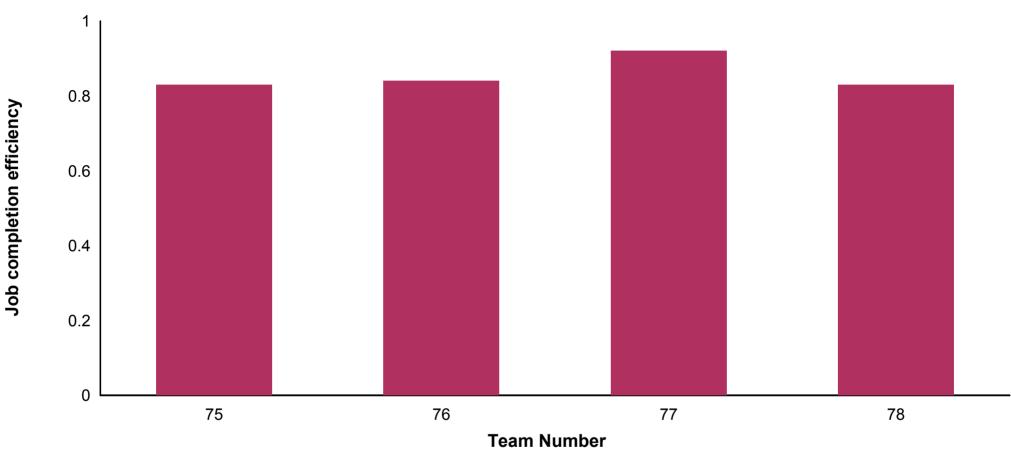
DURING TIME IN CHARGE: Job Completion



Early job completion earns a bonus from the client, frees off resources, and improves client relationship. Conversely, late completion incurs a penalty charge, and can significantly damage client relationship.

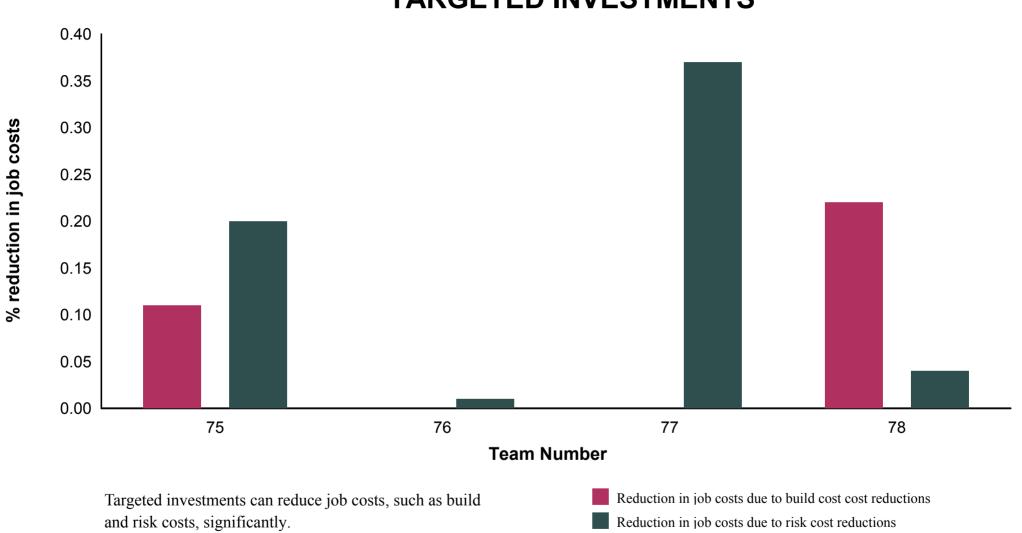


LABOUR MANAGEMENT



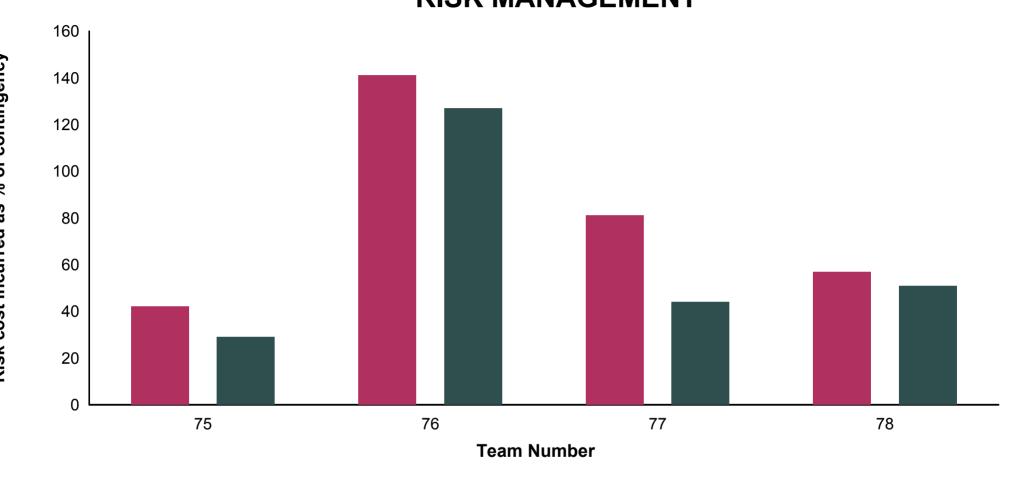
Completing jobs as efficiently as possible in terms of labour resourcing is key to maximising job profits.

The efficiency rating is from 0 to 1, where 1 is the optimum level.



TARGETED INVESTMENTS

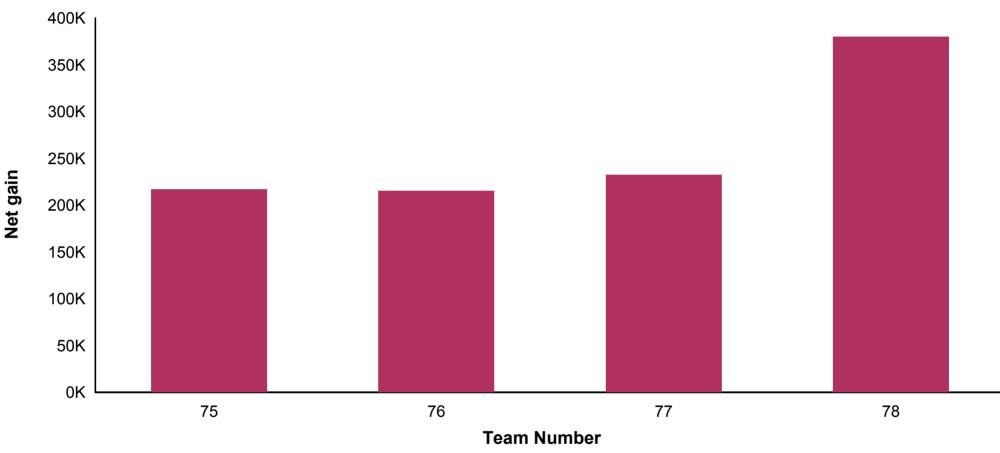
DURING TIME IN CHARGE: Risk Management



An effective risk management policy is crucial to keeping projects as profitable as possible.

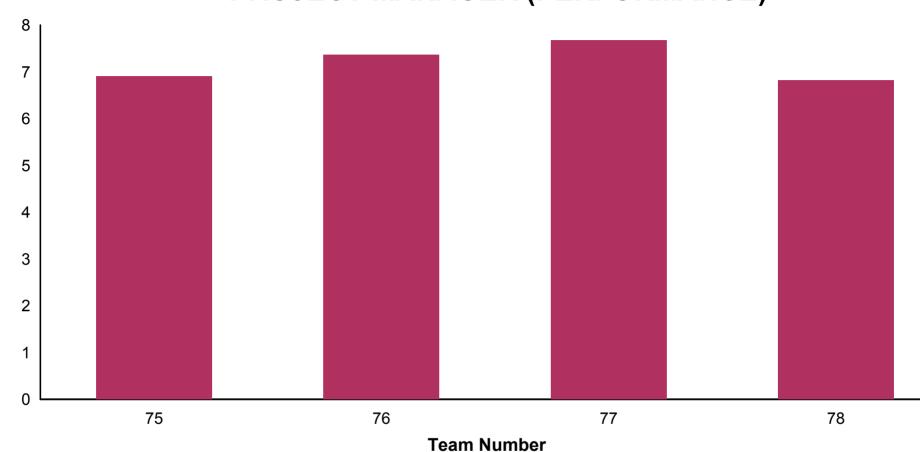
Before mitigating actions After mitigating actions

RISK MANAGEMENT



PROJECT MANAGER (BONUS AFFECT)

Paying a bonus to project managers not only prevents them from resigning, but can improve their productivity, with a potential net monetary gain (job profit).

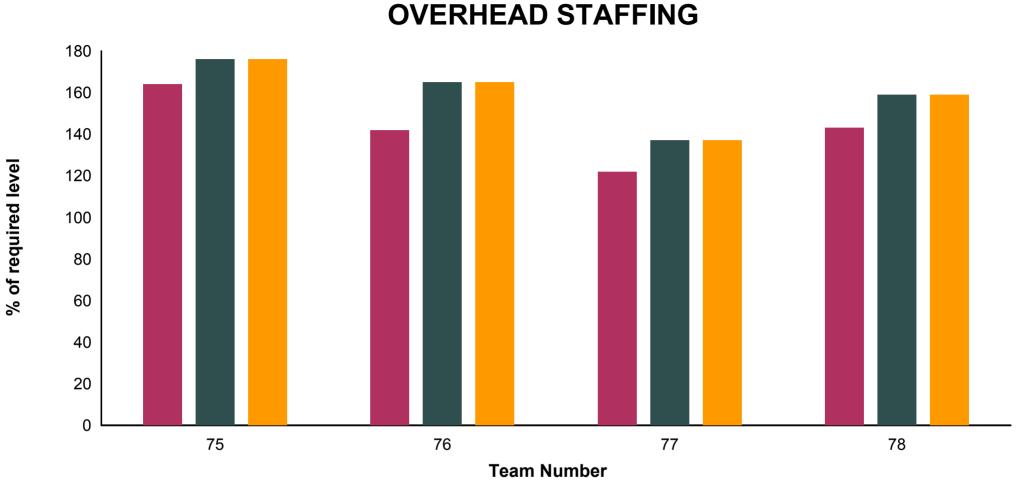


PROJECT MANAGER (PERFORMANCE)

A project manager with well-matched experience for a particular type of job will handle available resources more efficiently, whilst a project manager with inappropriate experience will impair contract efficiency.

Project managers are weighted from 1 (Poor) to 10 (The best possble).

DURING TIME IN CHARGE: Overhead Staffing

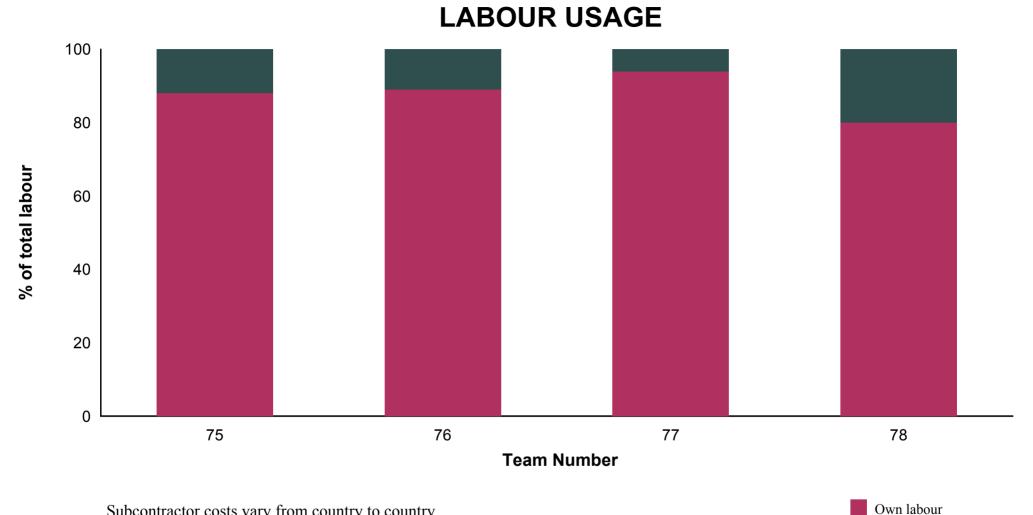


Efficient overhead management has a significant impact on operating profitability.

100% is the required level. Anything lower indicates understaffing, with an adverse affect on costs (Head Office and QHSE) or value (Measurement).



DURING TIME IN CHARGE: Labour Usage

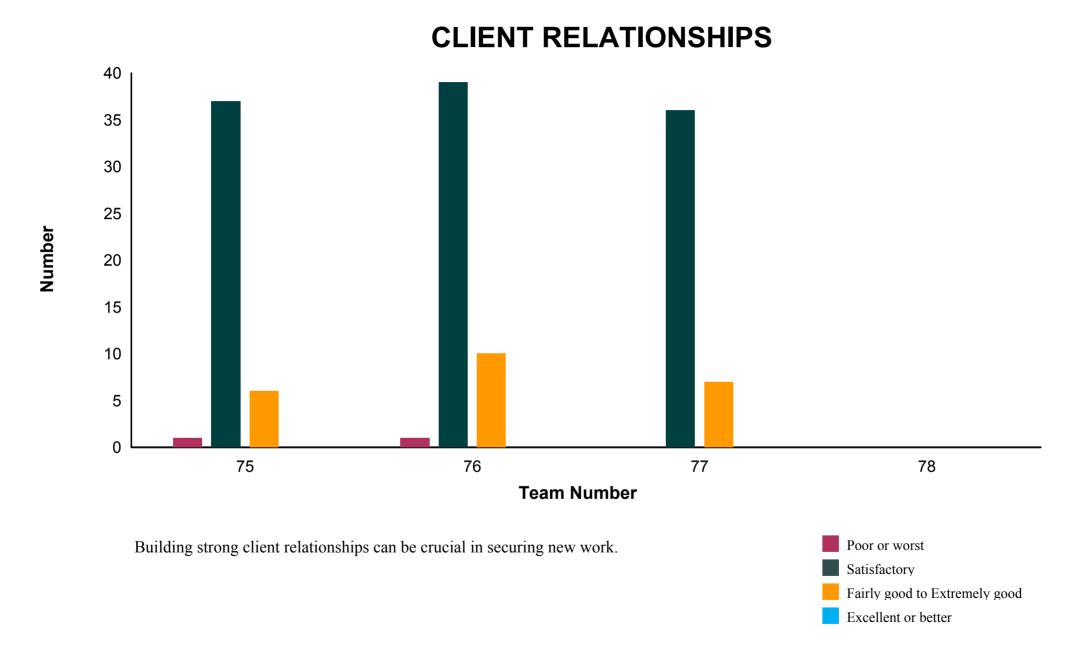


Subcontractor costs vary from country to country.

Excessive use of subcontractors can have an adverse affect on the morale of the company's own labour.

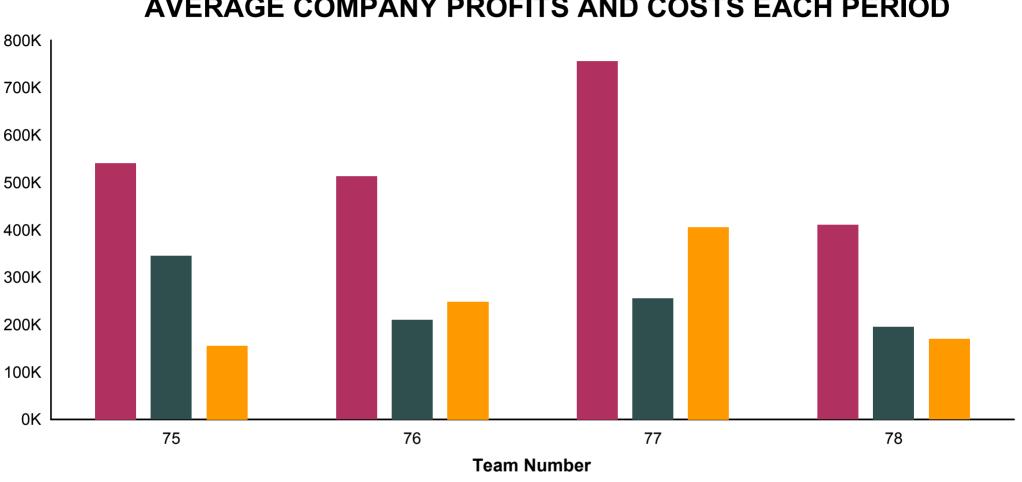
Subcontract labour

DURING TIME IN CHARGE: CLIENT RELATIONSHIPS



DURING TIME IN CHARGE

CHANGE IN COMPANY VALUE



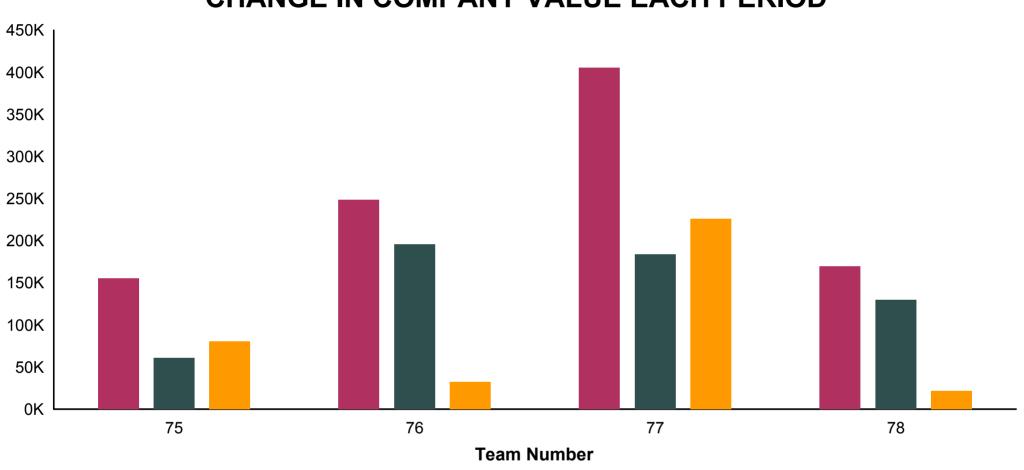
AVERAGE COMPANY PROFITS AND COSTS EACH PERIOD

Ultimately the Operating profit improves the value of the business, going straight into the Cash Account.

OPERATING PROFIT = GROSS PROFIT - OVERHEAD COSTS

Gross profit Overhead costs

Operating profit



CHANGE IN COMPANY VALUE EACH PERIOD

The value of the company is reduced by paying dividends to shareholders.

So long as the dividend payments are offset by higher operating profit, the value of the business will continue to rise.

