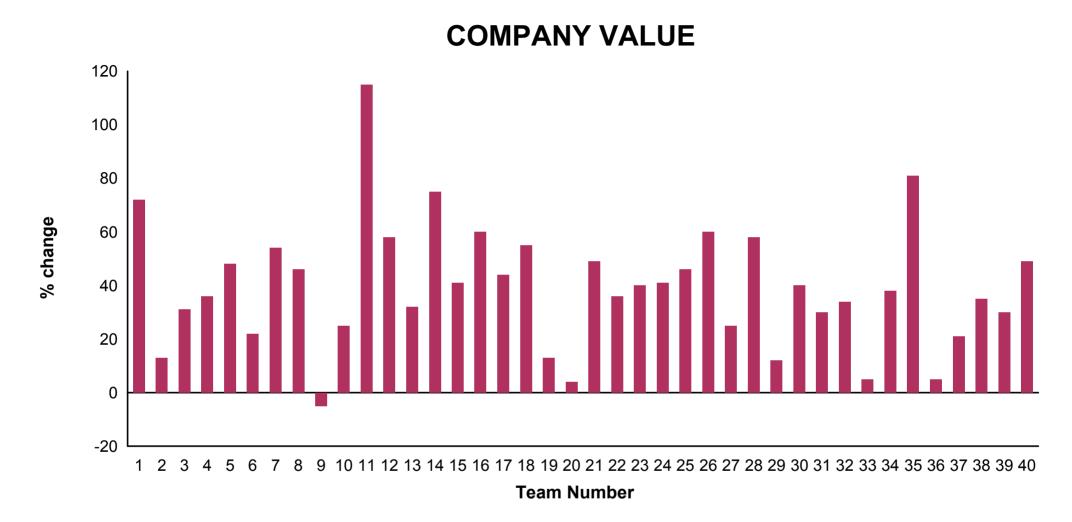


Universiy of Melbourne Competition 2016

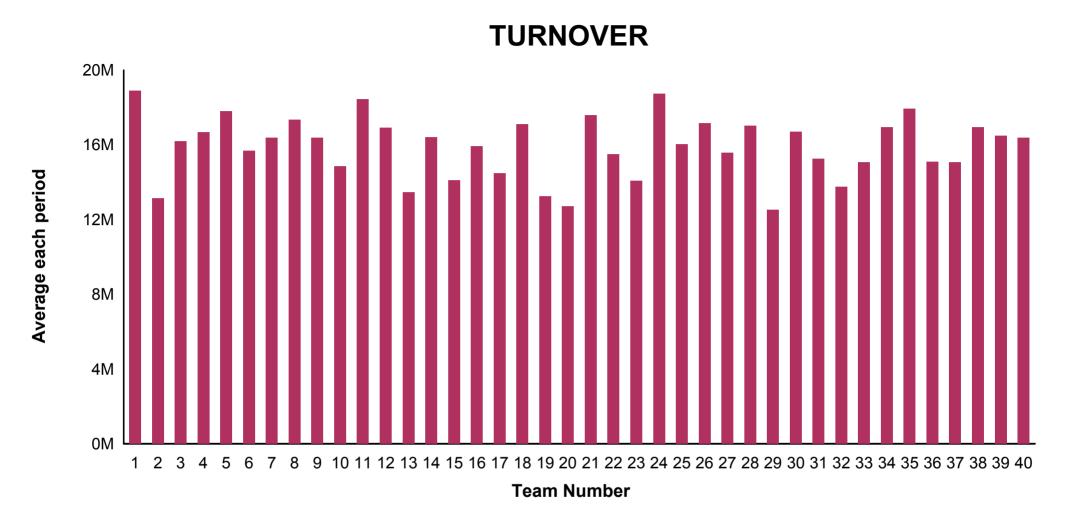
COMPARATIVE ASSESSMENT OF TEAMS REPORT

		FINAN	OVERHEADS							PROCUI	REMEN	Т	JOB PROGRESSION			THE FUTURE		
	No. of periods	% chg in	% chg	0/2				No. Jobs	No.	No.	% Bid	Profitability (% of Job Costs)						
No. Name	in charge	Comp Value	Share Price	Market Share	% Market Share (By Sector) IND B&C TRA ENE W&S					Bid For	Jobs Won	Jobs Lost	Sucess Rate	Job Profit	O/Head Costs	Oper Profit	F/wd W/load	F/wd Margin
1 Gadgets Group	8	72	94	29	3	48	40	0	8	29	22	7	76	5.9	1.2	3.6	46.6m	2.5%
2 Global Contracting Services	8	13	-30	18	28	56	0	0	16	31	12	19	39	4.6	2.3	1.6	48.4m	1.9%
3 Engineering & Construction Ser	8	31	29	34	6	52	24	10	8	37	22	15	59	4.6	1.7	2.2	36.4m	2.8%
4 The Spitting Llamas	8	36	76	30	9	54	28	0	9	28	19	9	68	5.0	1.4	2.7	40.5m	2.9%
5 Insiders	8	48	98	30	5	48	42	0	5	20	18	2	90	5.3	1.2	3.1	28.5m	3.0%
6 DO OUR BEST	8	22	36	21	8	43	16	6	26	29	23	6	79	4.6	1.9	2.0	42.6m	3.1%
7 EngCo	8	54	65	31	5	45	26	21	3	37	21	16	57	5.8	1.7	3.1	34.8m	3.4%
8 Newbility	8	46	38	30	5	50	27	14	4	27	15	12	56	5.0	1.2	2.9	9.3m	3.1%
9 The Summit	8	-5	30	26	0	46	34	6	14	24	20	4	83	4.1	1.3	2.1	27.7m	2.7%
10 CoKane	8	25	27	23	2	52	30	4	12	19	12	7	63	4.5	1.4	2.3	33.0m	2.9%
11 Framework Construction Ltd	8	115	79	32	13	45	34	3	5	24	21	3	88	7.2	1.3	4.4	55.9m	2.8%
12 ProTech	8	58	65	27	9	50	28	11	3	29	21	8	72	5.2	1.1	3.1	48.7m	2.9%
13 ECP Master	8	32	-1	30	6	64	16	5	9	18	14	4	78	5.6	2.5	2.4	20.4m	3.2%
14 MUEG	8	75	70	26	8	48	23	13	9	46	21	25	46	6.6	1.7	3.7	33.3m	3.1%
15 Construction101	8	41	26	31	2	59	4	31	3	19	12	7	63	5.6	2.0	2.7	40.4m	3.2%
16 Thirty Three Consulting Pty. Ltu	8	60	70	32	0	45	40	8	7	41	21	20	51	6.3	1.7	3.5	41.6m	3.0%
17 White Hat	8	44	63	19	9	53	25	7	6	51	18	33	35	6.3	2.2	3.1	31.9m	3.7%
18 5G	8	55	46	29	11	48	14	13	14	23	19	4	83	5.3	1.3	3.1	29.3m	2.8%
19 Golden Panda	8	13	39	31	7	55	19	15	4	27	15	12	56	4.5	1.4	2.4	22.8m	3.1%
20 ACME	8	4	-31	29	5	54	25	10	5	31	15	16	48	3.4	1.8	1.1	29.9m	2.6%
21 21 Aces and Co	8	49	120	32	0	45	41	8	7	25	19	6	76	6.0	1.4	3.5	19.0m	3.1%
22 Fragenics	8	36	95	32	1	47	26	0	25	24	20	4	83	5.4	1.3	3.1	44.0m	3.2%
23 'Gotta Build 'em All'	8	40	45	25	0	46	40	14	1	22	15	7	68	5.8	1.8	3.1	42.0m	2.9%

24 JSKH	8	41	85	31	6	63	29	1	1	20	17	3	85	5.4	1.6	2.9	41.2m	3.1%
25 HSP Billiton	8	46	106	23	28	35	15	0	22	30	21	9	70	5.8	1.3	3.4	43.1m	3.0%
26 The Diversity Quota	8	60	160	29	0	47	1	27	25	31	20	11	65	6.8	1.3	4.2	50.1m	3.1%
27 JS Construction	8	25	12	22	2	57	32	0	8	20	18	2	90	4.3	1.4	2.2	39.1m	2.1%
28 Fortem Construction Group	8	58	146	32	0	45	36	4	15	28	19	9	68	6.6	1.3	4.0	46.7m	2.8%
29 Engeniuses	8	12	-3	30	10	46	21	14	9	24	14	10	58	4.7	2.0	2.0	18.5m	3.1%
30 A&C Construction Group	8	40	19	25	5	52	19	14	10	42	18	24	43	4.6	1.6	2.3	45.4m	3.5%
31 Stitched Up United	8	30	39	31	11	49	1	19	20	39	17	22	44	5.2	1.8	2.7	35.3m	3.3%
32 Monday Engineering	8	34	67	21	0	44	30	16	10	31	20	11	65	5.6	1.4	3.2	41.2m	3.2%
33 ILLUMINATI	8	5	-26	23	8	46	16	15	15	56	21	35	38	3.0	1.6	0.9	31.2m	2.6%
34 APSARA	8	38	47	22	0	51	24	14	10	24	20	4	83	4.4	1.1	2.5	41.0m	2.8%
35 The Con Men	8	81	145	31	0	72	26	0	1	24	21	3	88	7.0	1.3	4.4	52.1m	2.7%
36 Genesis	8	5	-17	22	6	54	16	16	8	45	19	26	42	3.0	1.9	0.8	22.8m	3.7%
37 Odyssey	8	21	12	30	0	62	2	1	35	27	19	8	70	4.6	1.9	2.0	25.7m	3.0%
38 Allied Alliance Corporation	8	35	49	32	2	58	19	8	12	33	17	16	52	4.3	1.2	2.4	37.3m	2.8%
39 EZ Money	8	30	97	25	25	61	11	2	1	17	16	1	94	5.2	1.2	3.0	36.9m	2.6%
40 Generic Engineering	8	49	91	37	8	45	39	0	7	39	21	18	54	6.1	1.8	3.2	34.5m	3.2%

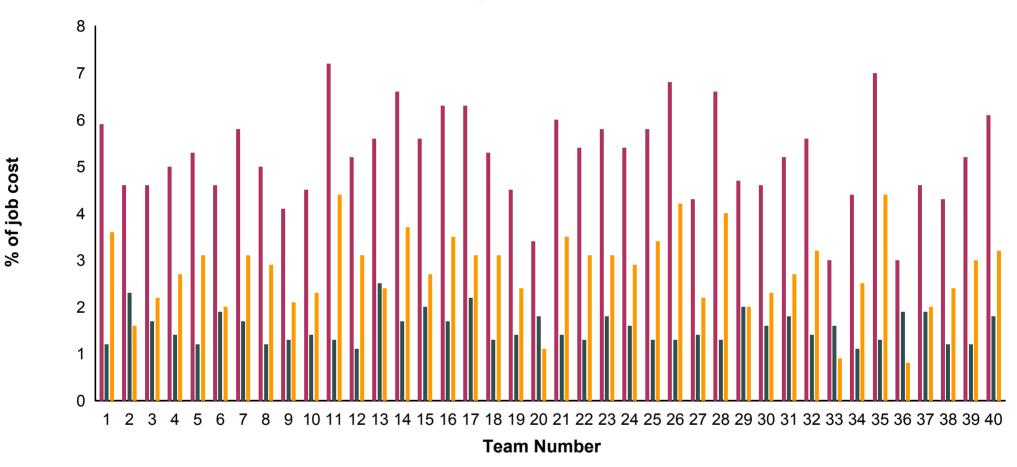


Increasing the value of the business is the prime objective of the management team.



Identifying and securing new work ensures that the turnover (monies earned) across all jobs progressed is healthy.

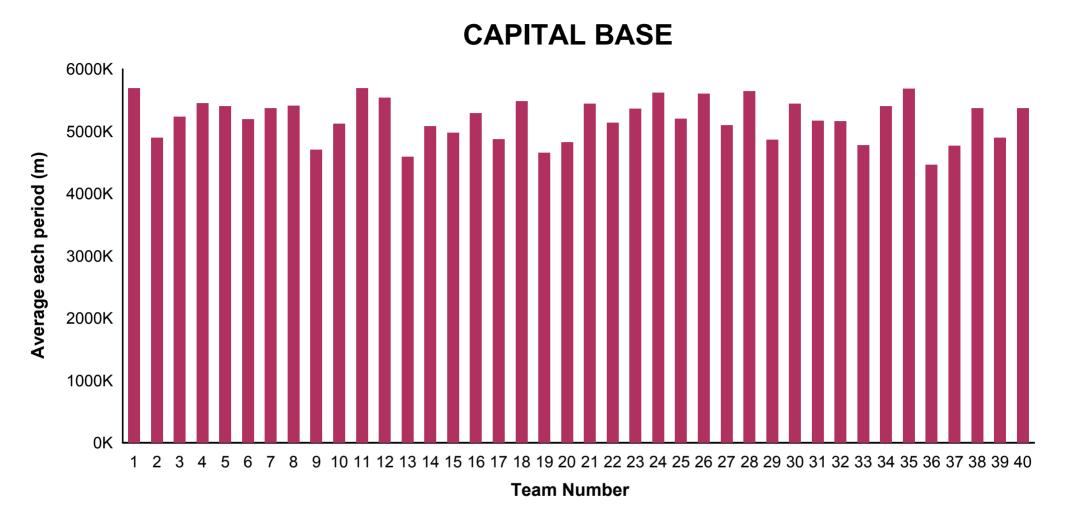
PROFITABILITY



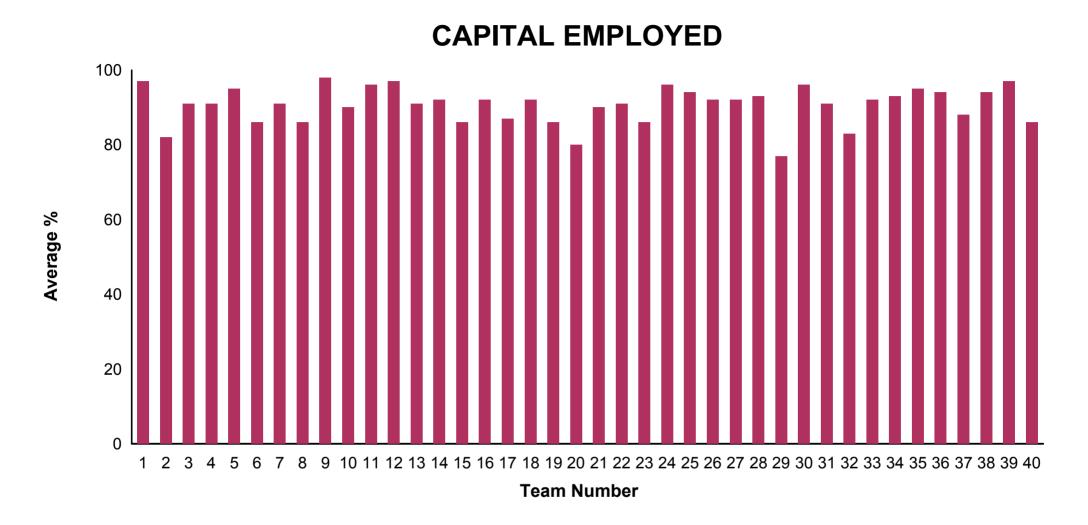
Managing jobs as profitably as possible, and keeping overhead costs under control, are both key drivers in ensuring that the company's operating profit is as healthy as possible. This ultimately feeds into the cash account, and affects company value.

Overhead costs

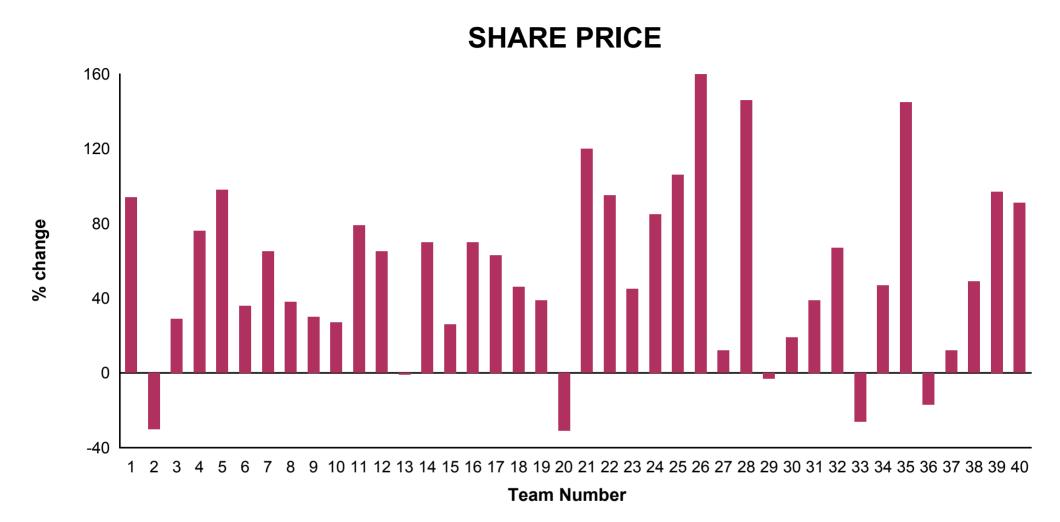
Job profit



Expanding the company's capital base (infrastructure) enables more work to be underaken, and potentially more growth.

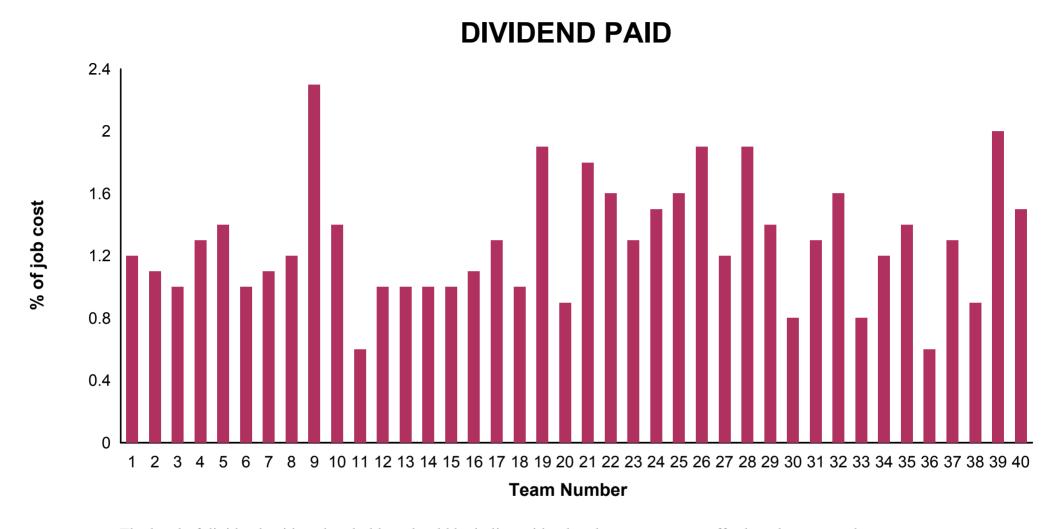


The Capital Employed measures how much of the company's capital base (infrastructure) is being utilised through winning and progressing work.

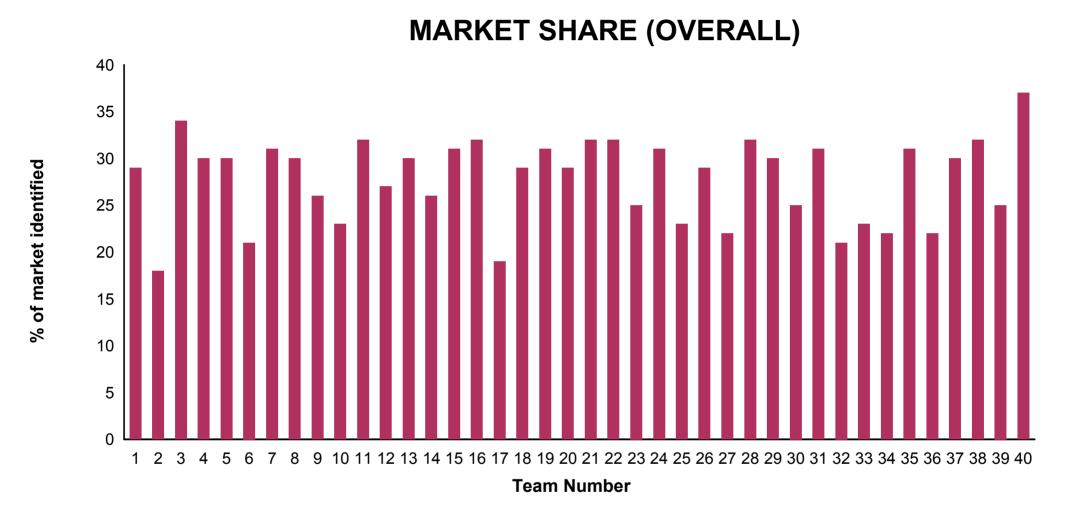


The company's share price is one of the key performance indicators in measuring the success or failure of the company, with a rising share price signifying increasing industry confidence in the fortunes of the company.

The share price is influenced by the level of dividend paid to the shareholders, the value of the company, the future profitability of the company and the debt burden (gearing ratio) of the company.

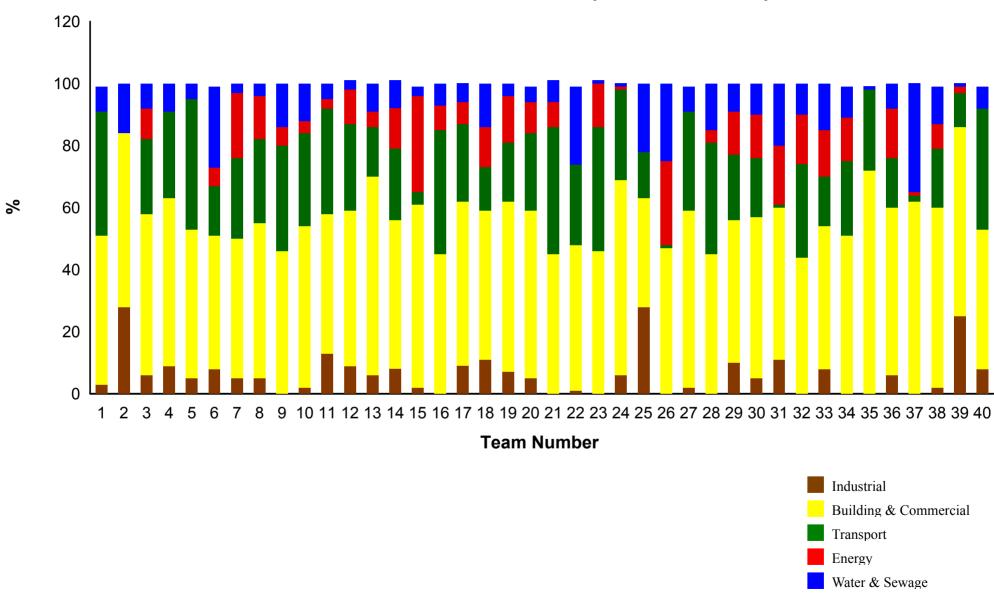


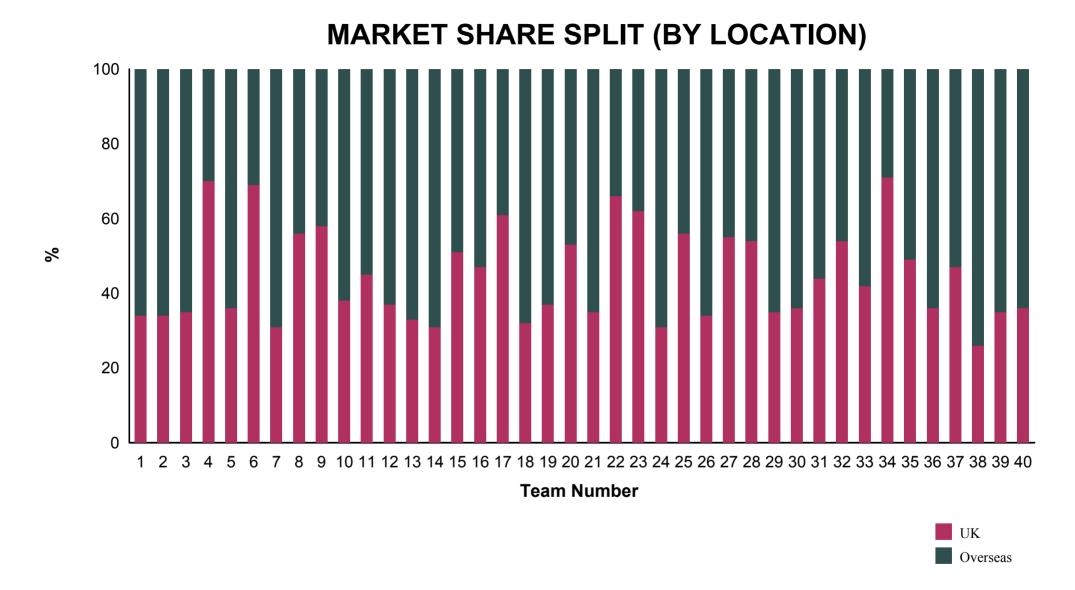
The level of dividend paid to shareholders should be in line with what the company can afford, and not exceed the operating profits of the business.



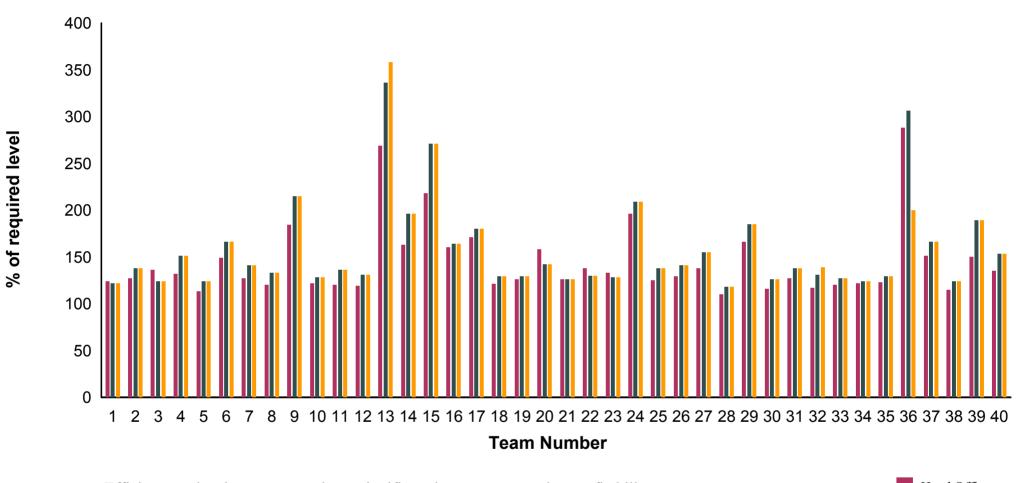
Developing an effective marketing strategy, and identifying new work in different sectors and locations (UK/Overseas) is critical to enable the business to grow by securing jobs through competitive bidding.

MARKET SHARE SPLIT (BY SECTOR)





OVERHEAD STAFFING

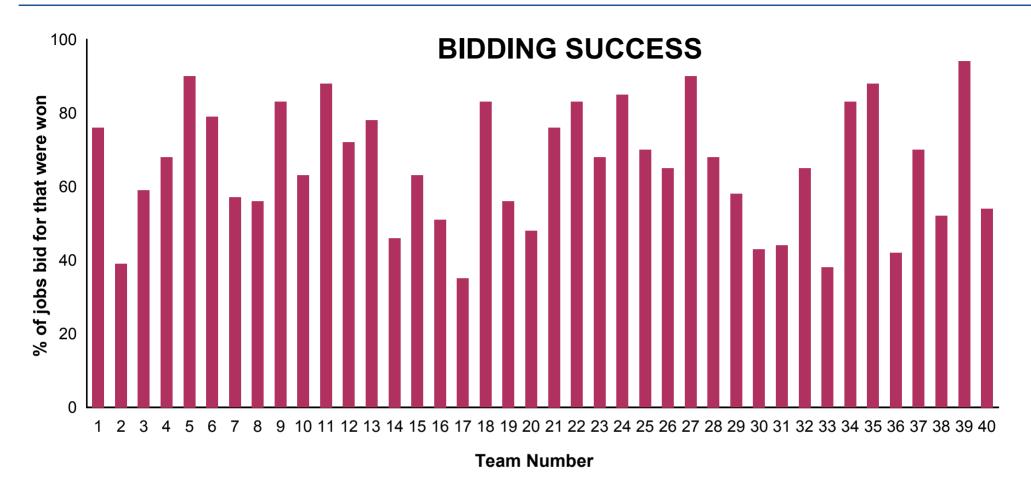


Efficient overhead management has a significant impact on operating profitability.

100% is the required level. Anything lower indicates understaffing, with an adverse affect on costs (Head Office and QHSE) or value (Measurement).



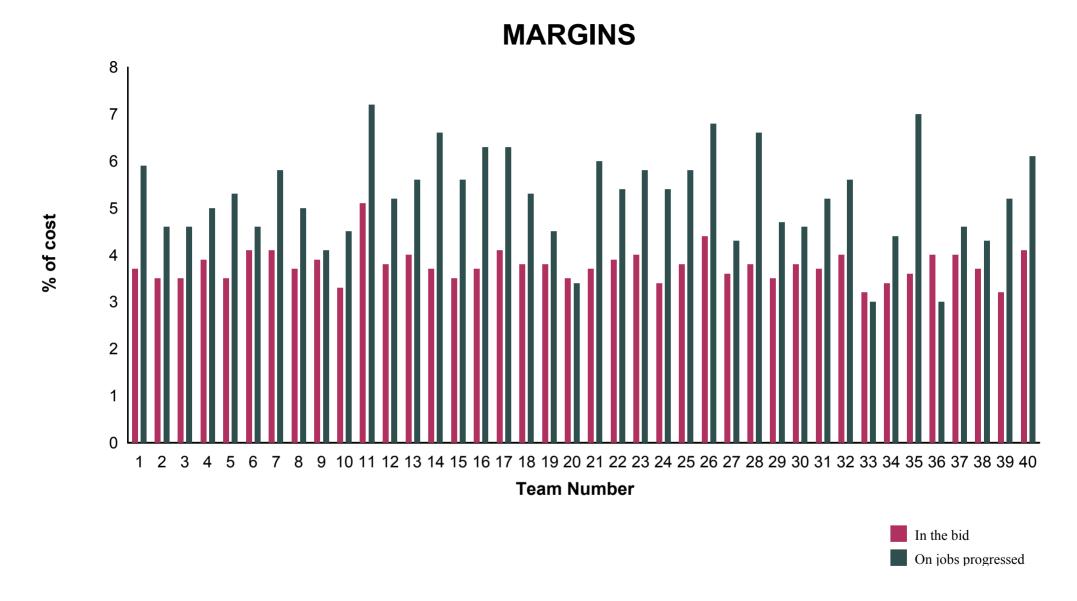




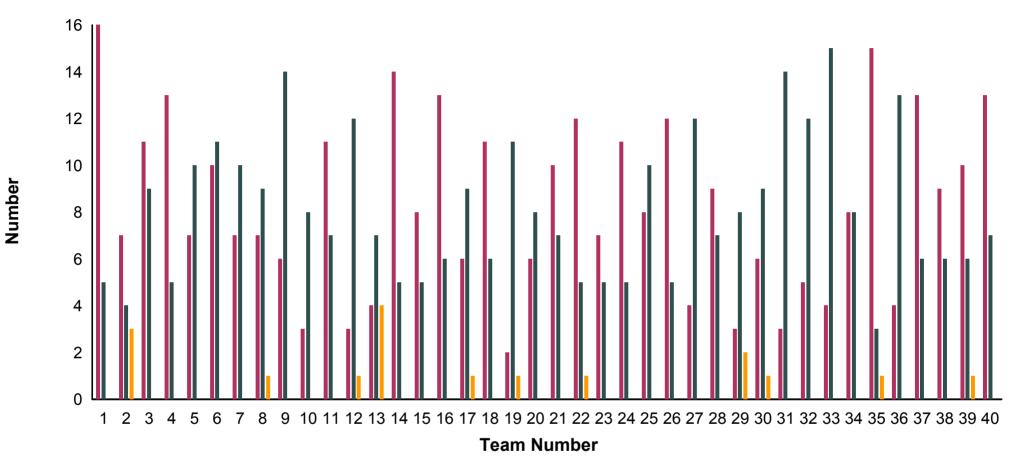
Every job that is bid for incurs a bidding cost putting the tender together, which increases overhead costs.

High bidding success keeps bidding costs to a minimum.

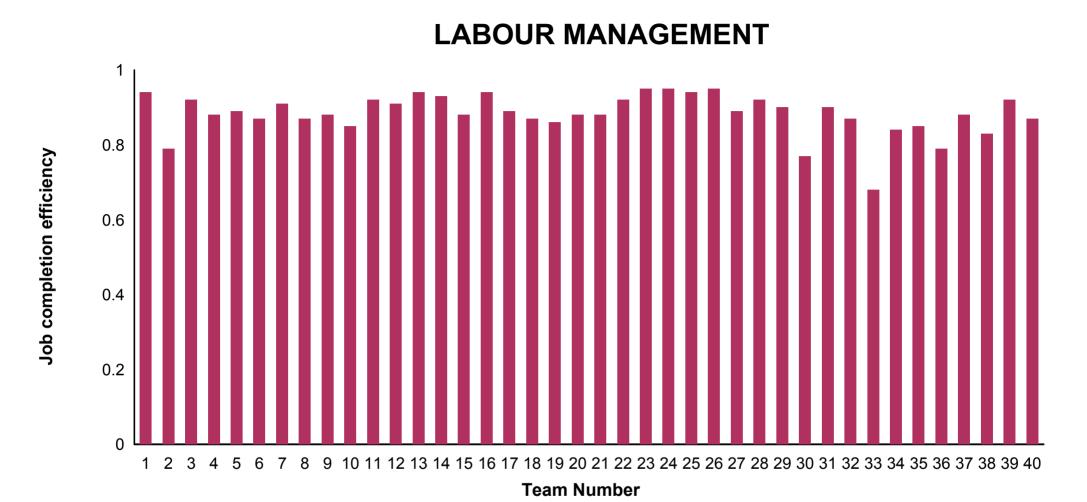




JOB COMPLETION

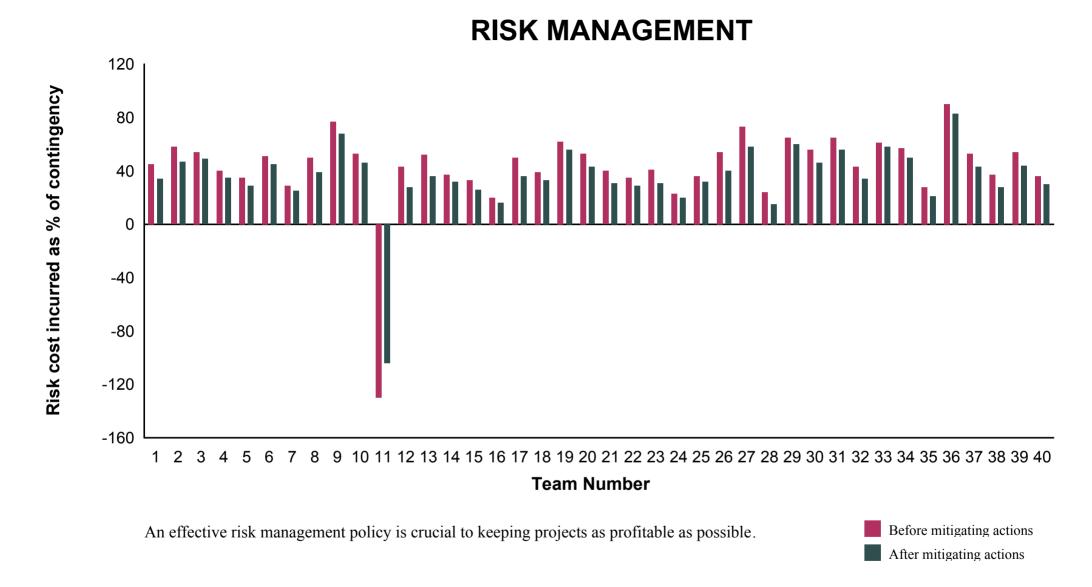


Early job completion earns a bonus from the client, frees off resources, and improves client relationship. Conversely, late completion incurs a penalty charge, and can significantly damage client relationship.

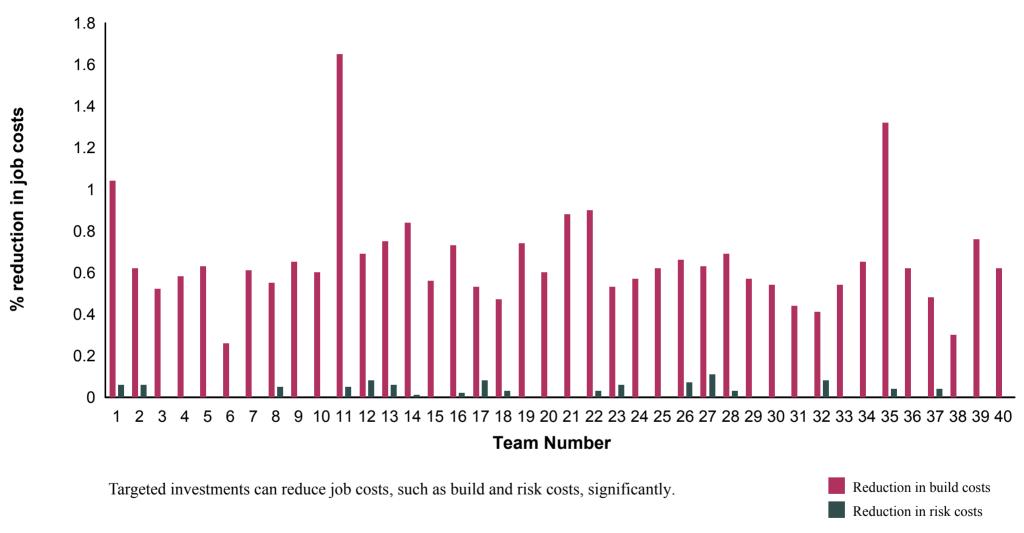


Completing jobs as efficiently as possible in terms of labour resourcing is key to maximising job profits.

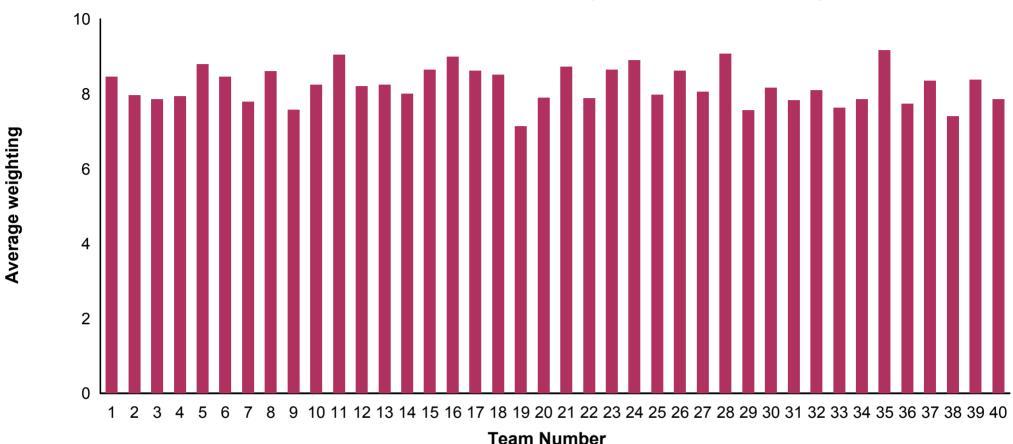
The efficiency rating is from 0 to 1, where 1 is the optimum level.



TARGETED INVESTMENTS



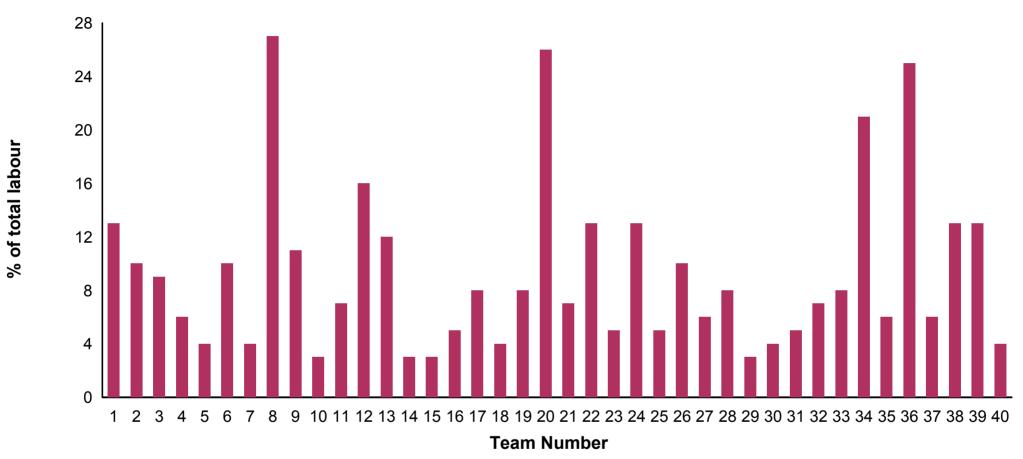
PROJECT MANAGER (PERFORMANCE)



A project manager with well-matched experience for a particular type of job will handle available resources more efficiently, whilst a project manager with inappropriate experience will impair contract efficiency.

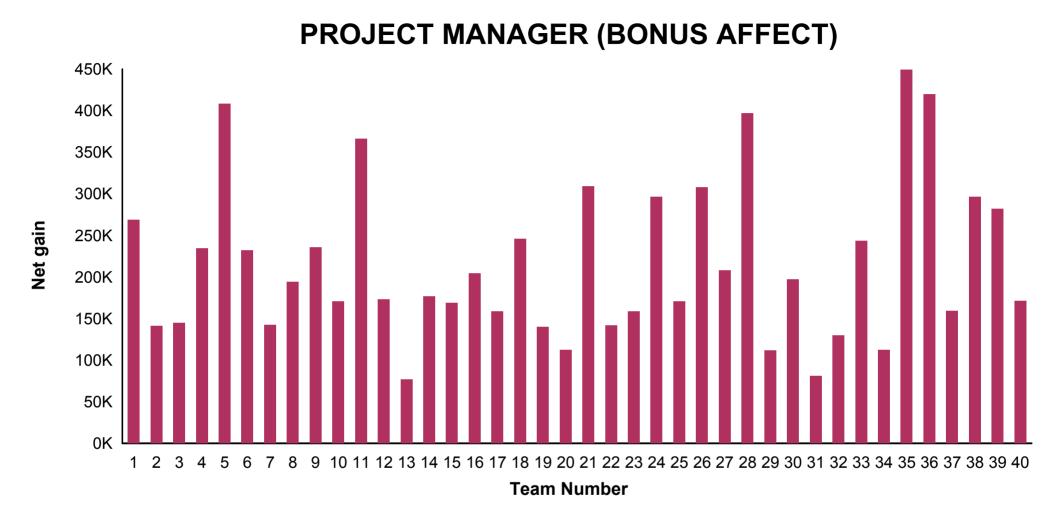
Project managers are weighted from 1 (Poor) to 10 (The best possble).

SUBCONTRACTOR USAGE

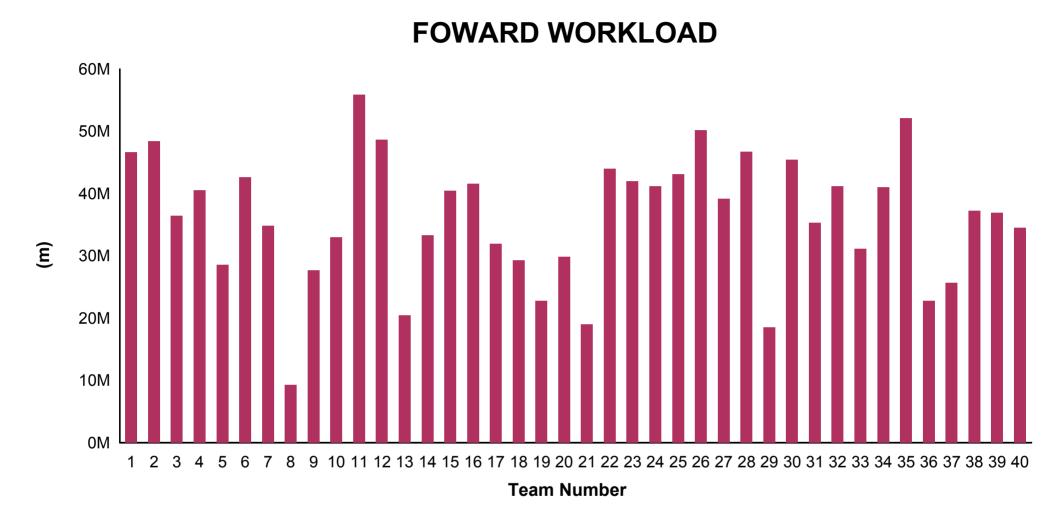


Subcontractor costs vary from country to country.

Excessive use of subcontractors can have an adverse affect on the morale of the company's own labour.

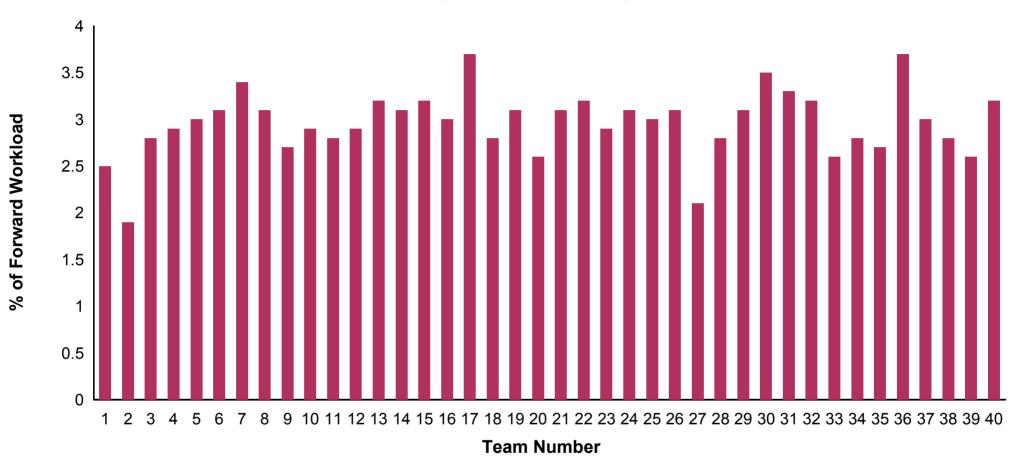


Paying a bonus to project managers not only prevents them from resigning, but can improve their productivity, with a potential net monetary gain (job profit).



As well as past performance, the future outlook in terms of forward workload is key to the future prosperity of the business.

FOWARD MARGIN



Forward workload needs to be profitable, and the forward margin measures this.

CLIENT RELATIONSHIPS

